

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news by mail and telegraph up to midnight of Friday. A DAILY BULLETIN is issued every morning with all the Commercial and Financial news of the previous day up to the hour of publication.

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THE CHRONICLE.

In closing our second volume, we cannot refrain from offering our best thanks to the numerous friends who, in various ways, have contributed to our realizing in the CHRONICLE a measure of success far more extensive, as well as more rapid, than a year ago we could have ventured to expect. Although there is scarcely a city in the United States, or scarcely a country connected therewith in either hemisphere which is not represented in our subscription list, yet that list is every day receiving large additions; a very gratifying indication of the position this journal has already attained, and the favor with which it is every where received.

The objects at which we aim are two. First, we wish to give weekly to our readers a classified, accurate, trustworthy report of all the movements in commercial and financial affairs

which are worthy of being remembered, and preserved in a permanent form for reference hereafter. This record we strive to make more valuable to the man of business; more complete, more minute, and more extensive in its details than has ever been attempted before by any journal in this country. Secondly, our business is to examine the newest leading facts of our financial history and legislation, in the light of the approved principles of political economy and practical monetary science. Every department of this journal is placed in the care of experienced and well informed men, and we have only to say that nothing shall be left undone to render the CHRONICLE still more useful, and more worthy of the appreciative reception it has already received.

THE PENDING TREASURY NEGOTIATIONS.

Mr. McCulloch's announcement, which we publish elsewhere, that after 15th July, all the outstanding Certificates of Indebtedness will cease to bear interest, may probably cause nearly the whole of the 30 millions of these securities now outstanding to be presented at the Treasury for payment. Several advantages are anticipated from this movement. In the first place these certificates bear six per cent interest, which, in the present condition of the money market, is regarded as a very high rate for loans having only sixty or ninety days longer to run. Secondly, the paying off of these 30 millions of indebtedness will draw out of the Treasury a large amount of currency which is lying idle there, and will convert this unproductive balance into a useful means of economy. Again, not to mention others, it is evidently an advantage if but one of the numerous and perplexing multitude of securities could be expunged from the unnecessarily complicated list of our Government debt. The argument has been very properly urged, that the call loans have, for several reasons, a prior claim to be paid off; but on examining the monthly reports of the National Debt, it will be seen that the certificates, for the most part, fall due in the next two months, during which time they must be met; while the temporary deposits will probably not be disturbed if money remains easy during the time. Mr. McCulloch has only anticipated, by a very brief interval of time, payments in cash which he can with greater convenience to the public service provide for now. As a Treasury negotiation, therefore, this anticipatory calling in of the Certificates is not, perhaps, under all the circumstances, an injudicious movement. Still, we are not prepared to accord to it an unqualified or unhesitating approval. It is very well known that these one-year securities are in great favor with our capitalists, and that over

100 millions could be permanently kept afloat, the place of the maturing paper being supplied by new issues. The difficulty with the certificates has always been that the law does not allow their emission, except to pay audited claims of creditors of the Treasury. To meet the objection it has been proposed to call in all the outstanding certificates, and to issue one year interest-bearing Treasury bonds, whenever, and to whatever amount might be required. Of course such an issue in the existing state of the Treasury, can be for a while dispensed with, as Mr. McCulloch has a large surplus on hand. Should the necessity arise, however, in consequence of the future paying off of the call loans, or from any other emergency, the Secretary has a reserve to fall back upon in such one year currency bonds, which may prevent embarrassment and would facilitate the operations connected with the funding of the short-date Treasury obligations into five per cent long gold-bearing bonds. From what has been said, it will be seen that, viewed simply as a Treasury negotiation, we do not so much object to the withdrawing of these Certificates if the movement is only a preliminary step to the paying off of the temporary deposits, and if it does not interfere with the funding operations, which have been too long in abeyance.

How the money market may respond to the heavy disbursements during the coming few weeks from the Treasury it is not difficult to foresee. At this tranquil season of the commercial year much less currency will suffice to transact the business of the country than will be wanted three or four months hence. The superabundant supply of currency now afloat in the channels of the circulation stimulates the movements of capital, lowers the rate of interest and is giving at present a very great degree of ease to the money market. What further effects the pouring out of thirty millions more of greenbacks may produce we will not undertake to predict. But that the rate of interest will be down to three per cent. is confidently anticipated by shrewd observers. And this seems less improbable when we remember that besides the 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ millions of gold interest to be paid out of the Treasury on the 1st July, the currency interest on 220 millions of the second series of Seven-thirties will fall due on the 15th, while a month later a still larger sum will be due on the 300 millions of the Seven-thirties of the first series. The inevitable ease hence resulting in the money market will be increased by the heavy disbursements of the banking, railroad, and other corporations on account of their July interest, and we can scarcely doubt that an impulse will be given to speculation, the effects of which may be seen by the upward tendency in the prices of government securities, of merchandise, and probably of gold and stocks.

It is reported—on what authority we do not claim to know—that Mr. McCulloch intends to take advantage of this anticipated ease in the money market to put down the rate of interest on the temporary deposits from five per cent. to four, and on the Clearing House Certificates from four per cent to three. Should this be done, it will lead to the gradual withdrawal of these deposits from the Treasury as soon as with the return of commercial activity in the fall, the rate of interest in the open market rises once again to its normal level. Another report is that as soon as the Ten-forty bonds rise in the market to par—which point, under the influences we have adverted to, they are expected to reach in a short time—a further emission will be made of the twenty-six millions of these securities which are authorized by law but are as yet unissued.

NAPOLEON ON THE EUROPEAN SITUATION.

The extraordinary letter addressed by Napoleon III. to his Minister of Foreign Affairs, and read by M. Rouher in the

Corps Legislatif, not only secured for its author and his administration a most decisive parliamentary triumph, but may fairly be regarded as an "event" of the first importance in the drama that is now going on across the Atlantic. "In the war which is on the point of breaking out," says the Emperor, "we have but two interests—the maintenance of the balance of power in Europe, and the maintenance of the work to which we contributed in Italy." It would be difficult to express, in a manner either more courteous or more clear, the deliberate determination of France to prevent both Prussia and Austria from carrying out to the last extremity the aims, and from fully gratifying the passions with which these two Powers are now grappling for a death struggle in Europe.

The English journals see in the Emperor's letter only a new evidence of the grasping ambition of France and the Bonapartes, and read between its lines a subtle design upon the Rhenish provinces of Prussia and Bavaria, if not also upon the Italian island of Sardinia. But this, it strikes us, is at once unjust and absurd. One happy result of the late civil war in this country has been to shake the respect of the American people for English opinions on all subjects, and particularly for English opinion in regard to the purposes and policy of foreign powers; and Americans can afford, as Englishmen perhaps cannot, to render the tribute of their unqualified admiration to the combined sagacity and decision with which the ruler of France has, on the present occasion, asserted the traditional position of his country without compromising directly its actual relations of the moment with any of the powers now coming into armed collision with each other.

If Prussia, victorious in the impending war, should assume to drive Austria wholly out of her place as a great German power, while Italy, recovering Venetia, should cut down the aspirations of Austria after naval strength and influence in the Levant, it is clear that the "balance of power" in Europe would be very seriously disturbed; and that France, which could well afford to acquiesce in the weakening of her North-eastern frontiers, so long as Germany remained the helpless and meek Confederation which it became by virtue of the treaties of 1815, would have excellent grounds for insisting upon fresh guarantees of her safety against the possible adventures and enterprises of a Prussian monarchy extending from Silesia to Switzerland, as strong on the Baltic as on the Rhine, and comprising beneath its sway a population swollen from twenty up to thirty millions of souls. On the other hand, if the Prussians should be driven out of Silesia by the Kaiser, and the legions of Italy should be beaten back in disarray from the Quadrilateral, it would be impossible for France to permit the triumphant Austrians to undo in the Peninsula all, or any part of the work, that was achieved by the combined army of Napoleon and of Victor Emmanuel in 1859, and equally impossible for France to suffer Austria to increase her weight as a European power, by bringing southern Germany as completely under her influence and her sway as Hungary and Transylvania now are. Without committing himself prematurely, in the least, upon either side of the quarrel, Napoleon has now succeeded by a letter which is composed with equal frankness and astuteness, in making both parties understand that the interests of Europe and of Italy are under his protection in the last resort, and that these interests will not be suffered to take detriment from the results of their tremendous duel in Germany. If either one of these Powers cherishes now, or if in the progress of the war, either of them shall come to conceive projects inconsistent with these interests of Europe and of Italy, against that Power France will undoubtedly draw the sword. More than this, it was not necessary to say; and this, and no more,

Napoleon has said, with a dexterity of phrase and a decision of tone which make this letter one of the most remarkable state-papers ever given to the world by a sovereign. And when we consider how vast has been the development of the strength of France during the reign of the Emperor; and how widely the relations of France with Europe, both financial and commercial, have been extended during the same time, it is a matter of serious satisfaction that the master of the most powerful military monarchy in the world should be at the same time the most skilful of diplomats and the most wary and patient of statesmen. It has been very wisely remarked by the most penetrating historical critic of France that "the excessive selflove of Napoleon I was perhaps the most effective of the thousand different reasons which brought on his downfall." In his impatience of all interference with his own will, and of all delay in the accomplishment of his designs, the first Napoleon not only alienated from himself the ablest Frenchmen of his time, but dashed his tremendous power to pieces in hasty and unreasonable shocks against obviously insurmountable facts. The third Napoleon, trained by adversity through forty years in a more profitable school than his predecessor, and endowed with a happier temperament, will stand in history as the most splendid example which modern times have afforded of the wisdom of the old French proverb, "everything is luck to the man who knows how to wait."

CANADIAN CONFEDERATION AND AMERICAN COMMERCE.

The Fenians have not succeeded in liberating Ireland, but they have given a decided impulse to the project of Canadian Confederation. No one of the British North American Provinces can feel itself to be entirely free from the perils of a revival of the Fenian snake, which the Minister of Finances at Ottawa has just declared to the Canadian Parliament that he regards as not "killed, but only scotched." New Brunswick, indeed, was the point at which the Fenians first struck; and in the by no means impossible event of a maritime "fillibustering" demonstration against British America at some future time, Nova Scotia would be in greater danger than the Canadas, as being further from the reach and supervision of the Government of the United States.

To the Canadas alone, the expenses made necessary by the Fenian alarm are now reported by the same Finance Minister as amounting to "one million and a-half of dollars." Before the Fenians shook the peace of the Provinces, the modest sum of "fifty thousand dollars" sufficed to supply all their military wants. If outlays at all proportionate to the larger of these sums are now or hereafter to be incurred by the rest of the British Colonies, either each in its turn, or simultaneously, it would appear to be obviously economical for them to combine their resources, and organize a common system of defence for the whole British-American frontier.

The Fenian influence thus unwittingly exerted in behalf of Canadian Confederation, has been reinforced by the fiscal legislation of our own Congress. In consequence of the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty between the United States and the British Provinces, the latter now find themselves called upon to revise their separate revenue systems. The Finance Minister of the Canadas, taking this subject up, recommends to the Canadian Parliament a general reduction of the duties on all manufactured goods coming from Europe, accompanied by certain customs discriminations against all products of the United States; as, for example, "a duty of ten cents a bushel on Indian corn and coarse grains coming from the United States," and a duty of "fifty cents a barrel on United States flour." He recommends, also, a reduction to the English standard of the duties on those articles of which the con-

sumption is enormous on both sides of the line, namely, coffee and sugar.

The general drift of these recommendations points plainly towards a policy upon which we may expect, at no distant day, to see the whole of the British Provinces agree, and the probable effects of which upon our own commerce and prosperity seem not at all to have been considered by the majority in Congress, who suffered their passionate indignation against what was styled the "neutral hostility" of England and her provinces, to carry them away into a crusade against the very notion of reciprocity with Canada.

Whenever the Canadians and their fellow-colonists shall get their confederation into working order, and equalize and harmonize their tariff regulations, we may fully expect to see the principles of the recent fiscal legislation of Great Britain dominant in the British American councils. One direct consequence of this, quite independently of the enormous and really unpreventable smuggling-system to which it will give birth along a frontier line of thousands of miles in length, will be to make it advantageous for our internal trade to draw its importations, even when they pass legitimately through the custom houses, from Canada and British America, rather than from Europe and South America, by way of our own Atlantic ports. The traders of the interior of New England, New York, and the Great West, were it only for the saving of the interest account on their transactions, will find it desirable to make their purchases in the marts of Canada and her adjacent provinces, and, unless some steps are taken to bring about a fair and friendly understanding on commercial questions and general intercourse, between these provinces and the States, we shall pretty certainly find, in the end, that the repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty, aimed by way of chastisement at the Canadians, has proved a severe blow to our own prosperity. Few persons, we fear, even among those whose official duties, or whose official responsibilities, at least, should make it incumbent upon them to inform themselves thoroughly of the resources and progress of these Northern neighbors of ours, have anything like an adequate appreciation of the value of a commerce of which, in the provinces of the two Canadas alone, the increase, last year, was more than eighteen millions of dollars. If we separate our trade with these British North American provinces from the general mass of our intercourse with the British Empire, we shall find that our British American commerce is immediately next in importance to our commerce with the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland. Under a Canadian Confederation, from which we should be shut out by the Chinese wall of an exorbitant tariff, the fertilizing advantages of this vast commerce would, in all probability, be definitely turned away from our own population; while, with free trade in the British Confederation, and prohibition on our own side of the line, we may be sure that we should inevitably find our commerce, great and powerful as it now is, in very serious danger of becoming tributary to, and dependent upon, our neighbor "over the border."

AMERICAN STEAMSHIP ENTERPRISE.

It is one of the most gratifying evidences of recuperation from the effects of the war, that already extensive arrangements are being made for recovering our lost status in the maritime steam carrying trade. At the conclusion of the war we had not one American steamship carrying our flag to European ports. This week, a bill was introduced in Congress to establish three ocean post routes between the United States and Europe, the first connecting Boston and Liverpool, the second New York and Havre, via Southampton, and the third New York and Antwerp, via Cowes. It is proposed to support the new lines by subsidies, at the rate of two dollars per mile, which, for the year, would require an

annual appropriation for the three routes aggregating \$682,880.

This direct aid from the Government will materially promote the success of the new enterprises; but it must by no means be counted upon as their chief reliance. Subsidies can never compensate for the lack of efficient management. It is the business qualities of the officers of steamship companies, the economy and the general efficiency of management, which afford the surest guarantee of success. The failure of our former European lines, in competition with those of Liverpool Companies, is notoriously due to a lax attention to the thousand details comprised in the equipping, manning, provisioning, coaling, and running of a large steamer. The habits of social extravagance peculiar to our people, are too easily transplanted to steamship management. The impatience of discipline engendered by our free institutions is unfavorable to that strictness of control which is necessary to the good order, comfort, and safety of steam vessels. But, above all, perhaps, we have suffered from the lack of well-trained officers and clerks. Not unfrequently have appointments been made more with a view to favoring a friend, than to securing for the company the best possible service. The idea that "Americans can turn their hand to anything," has too often been accepted as a justification for the appointment of men to positions for which they had no qualification, either naturally or from experience. Is it surprising that vessels thus officered, should find it difficult to compete with European rivals, who treat discipline and thoroughness of training as the first requisites of good management?

It is a remarkable fact that the Cunard Company, with its numerous vessels, running so many years, has never yet known an accident in connection with its vessels. There is no chance about this immunity; it is the pure result of thorough management. The single rule of management, that all appointments shall be made by promotion, may be regarded as the main source of the unrivalled reputation of this company. The certainty of promotion acts as the most effective of all stimulants to faithfulness upon every servant; a community of interest between the company and its employees is established; and as efficiency is the passport to position, every position has an efficient occupant, and every man is ambitious to become efficient. The company also has the sagacity to show its servants that it has a due regard for their comfort and enjoyment. On the return of a steamer to her port, the hands are immediately allowed twenty-four hours leave of absence, a fresh set of hands taking their place. This generous recognition of the warmest feelings of the seaman's heart is duly appreciated by the men and compensated by a more contented and hearty service. Trivial as these matters may appear in themselves, yet they really constitute the basis of that efficiency in all the details of steamship management which secures an almost absolute immunity from the dangers of storm, coast and collision, which promotes despatch, lessens the risk of voyaging and transportation, and secures to passengers the greatest possible comfort.

These features of management afford a hint to those of our own capitalists who emulate rivalling the great companies which now monopolise steamship enterprise on the Atlantic. It is less "cuteness" than thoroughness, in every department of management, that is needed to place us upon a level with European competitors for the carrying trade of the ocean.

THE DEBT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

The aggregate indebtedness of the State of New York now exceeds fifty-three million dollars. This is subdivided on the books of the Comptroller at Albany as follows:

Canal debt (October 1, 1865).....	\$19,494,589.49
General Fund debt (October 1, 1865).....	6,050,364.37
Bounty debt (June 30, 1866).....	27,644,000.00
Total State debt.....	\$53,119,543.86

The alarming depreciation in the bonds of this State in 1841 was followed by a political revolution and the suspension of the public works. The indebtedness then amounted to thirty-seven million dollars. Several years were employed in trying expedients to maintain the public credit; after which it was determined to submit the matter to the people. A Constitutional Convention was accordingly held in 1846. It was thoroughly indoctrinated with the Democratic spirit and made numerous innovations upon the fundamental law, which have not been approved by subsequent experience. It, however, took hold courageously of the financial problem with a view to the extrication of the State from its embarrassments.

The seventh article of the Constitution which was then formed, contains the result of their labors. The first section established the "Canal Debt Sinking Fund," to be constituted of the sum of \$1,300,000 taken annually from the revenues of the canals till 1855, and \$1,700,000 annually after that period, "to pay the interest and redeem the principal of that part of the State debt called the Canal Debt until the same shall be wholly paid."

A second provision of this article authorised what is called the "General Fund Debt Sinking Fund," consisting of the sum of \$350,000, to be annually appropriated and set apart from the revenues of the canals "to pay the interest and redeem the principal of that part of the State debt called the General Fund Debt, including the debt for loans of the State credit to railroad companies which have failed to pay the interest thereon, and also the contingent debt on State stocks loaned to incorporated companies which have hitherto paid the interest thereon whenever and as far as any part thereof may become a charge on the Treasury or the General Fund until the same shall be wholly paid." In case, however, that the amount taken first to be added to the Canal Debt Sinking Fund shall absorb too large a part of the canal revenues to enable this payment, then the sum so defined shall be paid with quarterly interest to the General Fund Debt Sinking Fund as soon as it can be done consistently with the just rights of the creditors holding the canal debt. It is further provided, unnecessarily as experience bids fair to show, that when the canal indebtedness shall have been liquidated, the amount to be paid annually into this Sinking Fund shall be increased to \$1,500,000.

It was further provided that the sum of \$200,000 should be paid out of the surplus canal revenues into the General Fund for the purpose of defraying the current expenses of the State Government; and that whatever amount might remain over should be applied by the Legislature to the completion of the Erie Canal Enlargement, and the completion of the Black River and Genesee Valley Canals. After 1854, the sum of \$350,000 was authorized to be thus paid into the general fund. These provisions amounted practically to an entire suspension of the public works for an indefinite period. The attempt was made in 1851 to correct this difficulty; and, after a remarkable contest in the Senate, a bill was passed appropriating \$9,000,000 for the completion of the canals, under provisions which were subsequently declared by the Court of Appeals to be unconstitutional. The result was a controversy, to reconcile which the Constitution was so amended, in 1854, as to authorize the creation of a new debt for the enlargement and completion of the canals, and of a sinking fund to be constituted of a sum set apart annually, "sufficient to pay the interest as it falls due, and extinguish the principal in eighteen years." It was further provided that "the rates of toll on persons and property

transported on the canals shall not be reduced below those for the year 1852, except by the Canal Board, with the concurrence of the Legislature." This indebtedness we have included with the debt previously existing, in our first paragraph.

In case that the sinking funds, or either of them, prove insufficient to enable the State to meet its obligations to its creditors, the Legislature is required to levy *equitable taxes*, that it may so "increase the revenues of those funds as to make them respectively sufficient to preserve the public faith." It would appear, from the great falling-off in the canal revenues since 1864, which is undoubtedly a permanent decrease of income, and from the additional fact that the exigencies of our internal commerce will compel a change in the canal policy of the State, that the alternative here provided will yet have to be employed for the ultimate extinction of the Canal and General Fund debts.

The Constitution guards explicitly against the creation of further indebtedness, except in the matter of loans of less than one million dollars, to meet casual deficits or failures in revenues, or for expenses not provided for, or debts which may be contracted to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in war. All propositions to create such indebtedness must be authorized by a law for a specific object, which law must impose and provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest and liquidate the principal within the period of eighteen years. The bill must afterward be submitted to the people at a general election, or an election to which proposed amendments to the Constitution shall have been submitted, and receive a majority of votes in its favor.

Under this provision of the Constitution, the law creating the Bounty State debt, chapter 325 of the laws of 1865, was created. It authorizes the creation of a debt not exceeding \$30,000,000; and levies a direct annual tax to pay the interest on the debt as it falls due, and sufficient to pay the whole principal of the debt within the space of twelve years. A debt of \$2,500,000 had been in like manner authorized in 1859. The legislation creating this indebtedness provides explicitly for its liquidation by the year 1878. The Canal Debt and General Fund Debt, by strict compliance with the requirements of the Constitution, will also be extinguished about the same time. Already the Auditor has placed the necessary funds in the Manhattan Bank, in this city, to redeem the "Albany Basin Loan," the "Oswego Canal Loan," and a part of the indebtedness authorized in 1859. The aggregate will fall a little short of one million dollars; and it becomes due on the first day of July.

Under these wholesome provisions, the State of New York for twenty years has enjoyed a credit not often surpassed. Her stocks have commanded a handsome premium, frequently as high as 17 per cent., and have been regarded as the most desirable for investment. The last bonds issued, those of the Bounty Debt, have not commanded so high rates; yet they are no less secure. The law authorizing them provides for their payment in twelve years, and provision is ample for regularly meeting the interest. It is hardly probable that any act will be obtained authorizing any new indebtedness till the present obligations are out of the way. A policy which has operated so beneficially will be little likely to be laid aside, even by a new Constitutional Convention.

ANALYSES OF RAILROAD REPORTS.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD.

The constituents of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad are as herewith stated:

Main Line—Terre Haute to Alton.....	miles.	172.50
Branch—Wood River Junction (4.04 miles E. Alton) to Illinois town.....		19.75
do Illinois town to Bloody Island.....		1.25
Belleville Division—Illinois town to Belleville.....		14.75
Total length of road.....		209.25

This Company is a re-organization of the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Company, which went into the hands of Trustees December 12, 1859, and so remained until July 1, 1862, when it was transferred to the present Company, re-organized on the basis of \$10,600,000, as the cost of the property. This amount is represented as follows:

First mortgage, 7 per cent. bonds.....	\$2,200,000
Second do do do (Income) bonds.....	1,700,000 4,500,000
Total mortgage bonds.....	\$6,700,000
Seven per cent preferred stock.....	\$1,700,000
Common stock.....	2,300,000 3,900,000
Total stock and bonds.....	\$10,600,000

—at which amount the construction account was closed.

The number of engines and cars at the incoming of the existing Company, July 1, 1862, and at the close of the fiscal years 1863-64 and '65 is shown in the following:

	July 1,	Dec. 31,	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
Locomotives	37	38	25	25	25	25
Passenger cars, first class.....			25	25	25	25
Second class, baggage, express, &c.....			13	13	14	14
Freight cars—Cabooses.....			240	240	238	242
do do Compromise.....					81	93
do do Stock.....				60	76	94
do do Platform.....				85	103	188
do do Coal.....				163	213	219
do do Lime.....					29	29
Total number of cars.....			586	769	983	1,032

It may here be well to state that the improvement and repairs of the road, and the increase of rolling stock, are chargeable to earnings, the construction account being closed.

RESULTS OF OPERATING THE ROAD.

The following is a statement of the earnings, expenses, and profits of the Company since the re-organization:

	6 mos.	1863.	1864.	1865.	Calendar year
Earnings from passengers.....	\$174,026	\$51,235	\$65,447	\$85,961	
do Freight.....	420,659	969,086	1,324,396	1,251,161	
do Mails.....	10,708	21,391	21,398	28,187	
do Expresses.....	7,619	20,479	38,449	44,769	
do Miscellaneous.....	10,712	31,923	44,391	62,716	
Total earnings.....	\$632,712	\$1,554,914	\$2,084,074	\$2,940,744	
Ordinary expenses.....		1,429,604	1,591,270	1,591,270	
Net earnings.....			\$654,470	\$649,474	
Construction.....			153,708	160,915	
Balance to income.....			\$500,767	\$488,559	

The income account, giving the receipts from all sources and the disbursements on all accounts since the reorganization, shows the following results:

1862-3.	1864.	1865.	
(18 months.)	(12 months.)	(12 months.)	
Balance from last account.....	\$27,667 78	\$394,325 48	\$201,449 42
Gross earnings.....	2,172,441 37	2,084,074 32	2,240,748 63
Sales of property.....	29,973 97	.....	.....
Interest, premiums, &c.....	10,857 73	.....	.....
Total.....	\$2,250,940 85	\$2,378,302 80	\$2,442,198 05

AGAINST WHICH ARE CHARGED:

Transportation expenses.....	\$1,027,936 48	\$1,429,608 79	\$1,591,270 11
Permanent improvements.....	469,328 33	153,708 79	160,515 14
Coupl'd & div. on pref. stock.....	456,837 64	598,548 80	600,500 00
Sundry payments and expen's.....	2,209 92	301,449 42	89,507 80
Balance to credit.....	294,328 48	301,449 42	89,507 80
Total.....	\$2,250,940 85	\$2,378,302 80	\$2,442,198 05

BALANCE SHEET, JANUARY 1, YEARLY.

The condition of the company, (exclusive of capital account, which is closed,) is shown in the following statement:

	1864.	1865.	1866.
Earnings to date.....	\$2,187,625 34	\$4,271,699 66	\$6,512,143 29
Accounts current.....	219,342 07	302,361 23	200,113 12
Sales of real estate.....	14,790 00	39,0 0 35	43,080 25
Receivers of T. H. A. & St. L. R. R. Co.....	37,667 78	37,682 78	37,682 78
Total.....	\$2,450,325 19	\$4,650,528 93	\$6,793,319 44

AGAINST WHICH ARE CHARGED—

Accounts audited to date.....	\$1,485,615 24	\$8,068,922 52	\$4,821,108 07
Padl charter liabilities.....	12,149 57	12,490 38	13,495 02
Profit and loss.....		1,480 97	1,998 91
Accounts current.....	300,489 84	391,835 79	389,928 87
Bank of North America.....	661,070 54	205,647 80	
First mortgage coupons.....		302,864 75	448,709 75
Second do pref.		32,240 98	517,325 91
do do inc'me.....		211,207 79	328,941 91
Preferred stock dividends.....		111,123 67	234,311 00
Sinking fund.....		25,000 00	37,500 00
Total.....	\$2,459,328 19	\$4,660,828 93	\$6,793,319 48

GENERAL RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following statement exhibits the gross earnings, the expenditures for operating and improvements and the net revenue for the years 1860-65 both inclusive:

Fiscal Years.	Gross Earnings.	Expenditures.	Net Rev'e.
1860.....	\$860,629	\$4,137	\$913,654
1861.....	762,997	3,666	609,732
1862.....	1,140,271	5,482	756,591
1863.....	1,154,914	7,475	1,331,761
1864.....	2,084,474	10,019	1,583,307
1865.....	2,340,744	10,772	1,752,185

PRICES OF STOCK AT NEW YORK.

The monthly range of prices of the stocks of the St. Louis, Alton and

Terre Haute Railroad Company at the New York Stock Exchange for the last three years have been as follows:

	Common Stock— 1863.	1864.		Preferred Stock 1863.	1864.		1865.
Jan.	30 @42	57 @64	40 @43	50 @71½	65½ @77	65½ @70	
Feb.	31½ @37	62 @73½	..	63½ @72	71 @92	60 @70	
March.	29 @37	70½ @90	25 @35	62 @69½	87½ @101½	55 @70	
April.	31 @42½	65 @88½	25 @46	57½ @67½	82½ @108	60 @73	
May.	42½ @59	58 @67	35½ @38	73 @90	72½ @82	94 @94	65
June.	41½ @51½	61 @69	31 @35	60½ @84	76 @82	60 @60	
July.	41 @68½	58 @65	30 @36	60½ @88	71 @82	63 @63	
Aug.	55 @67½	59 @65	33 @36	82½ @88	77 @75	60 @63	
Sept.	56 @64½	51 @57½	36 @38½	75 @86	85 @92	63 @67½	
Oct.	59 @66	47 @57	35 @38½	82 @90	60 @74	65 @71½	
Nov.	55 @65	51 @57	38½ @38	75 @82½	71 @76½	71 @82	
Dec.	43 @65	46 @55	42 @44½	70 @78	70 @75	70 @71	
Year.	29 @68½	46 @90	25 @53	50 @90	60 @101½	55 @94	

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON, AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— JUNE 15.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam	short.	11 14 @11.15	June 15.	2 mo's.	11.70 @11.72
Antwerp	3 months.	25.50 @25.55		do 3 days.	25 14½
Hamburg	—	13. 8½ @13. 8½		do	13. 4
Paris	short.	25.10 @25.12½		do	25.18
Paris	3 months	25.42½ @25.53		3 mo's.	24.78½
Vienna	—	14.30 @14.60		—	—
Berlin	—	6.27 @ 6.29		—	—
St. Petersburg	—	24½ @—	June 15.	3 mo's.	26½ @26½
Cadiz	—	47 @—		—	—
Lisbon	—	51½ @—		—	—
Milan	—	30.50 @31.0	June 14.	30 days.	53½ @53½
Genoa	—	30.50 @32.0		—	—
Naples	—	30.50 @32.0		—	—
New York	—	48. 2d @—		—	—
Jamaica	—	—	June 7.	60 days.	157
Havana	—	—		do	2½ p. c. prem.
Rio de Janeiro	—	—		May 30.	90 days.
Buenos Ayres	—	—		May 24.	27 @27½
Valparaiso	—	—		May 24.	60 days.
Pernambuco	—	—		May 24.	24½ @24½
Singapore	—	—		May 24.	51½ @51½
Hong Kong	—	—		May 15.	do 47½ @—
Ceylon	—	—		June 1.	do 27 @—
Bombay	60 day's	1s 10½ d @1s 11		May 17.	6 mo's. 4s. 7½ d @4s. 8½ d.
Madras	do	1s 10½ d @1s 10½		April 29.	do 4s. 7½ d @—
Calcutta	do	1s 10½ d @1s 10½		May 15.	do 47½ p. c. dis.
Sydney	—	—		June 1.	do 2s 1d.
				April 25.	30 days. 1@1½ p. c. prem.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, June 16, 1866.

To the disappointment of the many parties interested, the Directors of the Bank of England at their weekly meeting held on Thursday, declared their intention of adhering, for a short time longer, to the present stringent rates of discount. The *minimum* quotation, therefore, remains at 10 per cent. The announcement was made at an early hour, so that it may be presumed the discussion was by no means a protracted one, and that the calculation upon which they based the policy of adhering to a ten per cent rate, was the lowness of the reserve of notes and coin in the banking department of the establishment. Two other circumstances may have contributed to impress upon the authorities the necessity of refraining from making a change, viz., the imminence of a Continental war, and the still prevailing distrust in financial circles. Respecting the former, affairs have now assumed a most serious aspect, inasmuch as Prussia has withdrawn from the German Confederation and invaded Saxony and Hanover, a vote having been passed in the German Diet agreeing to the Austrian proposal for the mobilization of the federal army. To-morrow, a sitting of the Diet is to be held, to discuss what measures are considered necessary to bring Prussia back to the Confederation. With regard to the latter, there is still a considerable amount of anxiety; but, on the whole, confidence is steadily, though slowly returning, and in the Stock Exchange the value of most classes of securities has somewhat improved. The "bears" have continued their scandalous transactions, and even during the present week, many of the shareholders of a certain bank have had circulars forwarded to them advising them to sell at once. So far as bank shares are concerned, there is no pressure upon the market, and although endeavors have been made to depress their value, an almost general advance has been established in them during the present week. Speculators for a fall have, therefore, been unsuccessful, and in one notable instance have suffered a considerable pecuniary loss. The case referred to is that of the London and County Joint-Stock Bank, unlimited, an institution which has been in operation for many years; which has transacted a very large business; and has for several years paid a handsome dividend. It has numerous branches throughout the Kingdom, more, perhaps, than any other establishment, and it was probably from this circumstance that it was selected for "bear" operations, the object being to create such distrust throughout the Provinces with regard to its solvency, that a run would be made upon the branches, so as to compel the country managers to appeal to the central establishment for assistance, with the hope that such a movement would, in its turn, compel the head office

to close its doors. The same mode of operation has been employed here as in the case of the Agra and Masterman Bank. The result has not only proved a complete failure, but the London and County has materially strengthened its position by the attack, and an important advance has taken place in the value of its shares. Speculators have also been compelled to pay high prices for the loan of shares, viz., £3, £4, £5, and even £7, £8, and £9 per share, to enable them to carry over their transactions till the next fortnightly settlement. Yet, it must be admitted, that although several institutions are still in an unsound, whilst others are in an unsatisfactory, state, there is a steady return of confidence in most quarters, arising chiefly from the facts that the position of the Bank is much more favorable, and that the failures at present probable have either been discounted by the public, or are not likely to be of sufficient magnitude to create any apprehensions of a return of the panic.

The refusal of the directors of the bank to lower their terms of discount has created considerable discussion in monetary and commercial circles. Evidently, their principal reason for declining to make a change is the circumstance that the circulation of notes is very large, and has increased to the extent of £557,000 since the last return was made up. This increase in the circulation has had its natural effect on the reserve of notes; and, although the increase in the supply of bullion is very large, viz.: £1,202,934, the reserve of notes and coin in the banking department shows an augmentation of only £689,509. The increase in the note circulation has been caused by the still extensive demand on account of the country banks, and as, in such times as these, the public show a great preference for Bank of England notes and take them rather than the notes of the country banks, hence the country banks and bankers throughout the provinces are compelled to fortify themselves against such a contingency, as they are necessarily under the obligation of paying their customers, etc., in coin or Bank of England notes, should the customer or the presenter of a cheque so desire to be paid. But the question has been mooted whether the Bank of England would not have been more operative in giving confidence to the public at large by reducing their terms of discount to nine per cent, and by thus showing that the financial position has actually improved than in continuing their present stringent rates. So far as the Continent—France chiefly—is concerned, the effect would certainly be beneficial. The rapid advance in the value of money here during the week ending May 12, and the announcement on that date that the Government had forwarded a Treasury letter to the bank, authorizing them, if necessary, to ask permission of the Legislature to infringe the Bank Charter Act, although at the time productive of a favorable impression here, were eventually the cause of considerable alarm and of great distrust on the Continent. Holders of notes abroad became anxious, and, fearing even an unlimited issue of unrepresented paper here, forwarded their notes to London for payment in coin. Arising, in an important degree, from this circumstance, the supply of bullion in the bank rapidly diminished, and large shipments of specie were made to the Continent. And it is partly to this fact also that the rapid increase in the supply of bullion in the Bank of France is to be attributed. A return to easier money would probably be as effective in raising the value of the English note in the eyes of the foreigner as the rapid advance in the rates of discount and the Treasury letter were in lowering his confidence in the ability of the Bank of England to pay. A full return of confidence would have the effect of causing considerable sums of money waiting for employment in France to be forwarded to this country for investment, and by that means increase the available supply of capital. But the probabilities are that, when confidence is quite restored, the decline in the value of money will be rapid, and it is even probable that the *minimum* rate of discount will descend below five per cent. A ten per cent rate, it must be borne in mind, has been now in existence for a period of six weeks, and such a high quotation for accommodation cannot but have the effect of causing the mercantile body to restrict their purchases and their operations in every possible quarter. The principal drawback to the assertion that a heavy decline is likely to take place in the rate of discount is the approaching European war; and, should such an event take place, it is probable that some of the contending powers may require pecuniary aid in order to meet their enormous outlays. The subjoined statement is a comparison of the present position of the Bank of England with that, a fortnight since, when the reserve was at its lowest point. The bank had then passed through its most trying time, and had only just evaded infringing the Bank Charter Act:

LIABILITIES.			
W'k ending May 30.	W'k ending June 13.	Increase.	Decrease.
Circulation.....	£236,562,525	£236,578,446	£15,921
Public deposits.....	6,188,512	7,126,969	938,457
Private deposits.....	20,467,080	20,127,347	339,733
Total.....	53,218,117	53,832,762	965,878
			339,733

	ASSETS.			
Securities.....	44,759,101	42,368,731		2,390,370
Coin and bullion.....	11,573,775	14,481,395	2,603,130	.....
Total.....	56,337,876	56,850,626	2,603,130	2,390,370
Reserve.....	859,980	3,515,550	2,655,570	.....

These are very important, and, on the whole, considering the circumstances, very satisfactory figures, justifying a reduction in the minimum rate of discount to nine per cent., for even that is a high quotation, and would not allow of any material increase in the operations of the mercantile body. The present statement, however, on being compared with that of April 25, when the rate of discount was six per cent., shows some striking changes:

	LIABILITIES.			
	Wk ending April 25	Wk ending June 13	Increase.	Decrease.
Circulation.....	£2,588,344	£26,578,446	£3,990,302	.....
Public deposits.....	4,417,147	7,126,069	2,709,822	.....
Private deposits.....	13,294,641	20,127,347	6,832,706	.....
Total.....	40,300,032	53,832,762	13,532,730	.....

	ASSETS.			
Securities.....	29,649,106	42,368,731	2,719,623	.....
Coin and bullion.....	13,855,776	14,481,395	636,119	.....
Total.....	43,504,884	56,850,626	3,345,742	.....
Reserve.....	6,694,661	3,515,550	.....	3,179,114

In the House of commons, last night, in reply to a question put by one of the members, the Chancellor of the Exchequer stated that in the event of the Bank rate being reduced to nine per cent., the Treasury letter would then become invalid. This, probably, is another circumstance influencing the Bank Directors in determining to alter their rates.

A bill has been introduced into the House of Commons for the purpose of checking the conspiracies which have recently been found practicable with regard to bank and discount companies. The following are its provisions:

That all contracts, agreements, and tokens of sale and purchase which shall, from and after the day of _____, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, be made or entered into for the sale or transfer, or purporting to be for the sale or transfer of any share or shares, or of any stock or other interest, in any joint-stock banking or other joint-stock company issuing shares or stock transferable by any deed or written instrument, shall be null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever, unless such contract, agreement, or other token shall be in writing, and shall set forth and designate such shares, stock, or interest by the respective numbers by which the same are distinguished at the making of such contract, agreement, or token on the register or books of such banking or other joint-stock company, or where there is no such register of shares or stock by distinguishing numbers, then unless such contract, agreement, or other token shall set forth the person or persons in whose name or names such shares, stock, or interest shall be at the time of making such contract stand as the registered proprietor thereof in the books of such banking or other joint-stock company; and every person, whether principal, broker, or agent, who shall wilfully insert in any such contract, agreement, or other token any false entry of such numbers, or any name or names other than that of the person or persons in whose name such shares, stock, or interest shall stand as aforesaid, or who shall, either by parol or in writing, sell or undertake to deliver any shares, stock, or interest as aforesaid, without giving in writing to the purchaser at the time of such sale or undertaking the designating number of such shares on the register of the company; or, in case of there being no designation by number, then without giving in writing the name of the person or persons in whose name or names such shares, stock, or interest shall stand registered at the time of such sale or undertaking, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punished accordingly.

Efforts are still being made to resuscitate some of the banks recently failed. With regard to the Consolidated Bank, strong hopes are entertained that it will shortly be in a position to resume business.

In the open market, there has been a very moderate demand for money during the week. The quotations have varied considerably, and as a reduction in the Bank rate was being generally anticipated, few bills were sent in for discount prior to the Bank meeting. At the Bank of England the inquiry has been strong, both on the part of merchants, as well as on account of the companies recently failed. Out of doors, however, the quotations are about 1 per cent. below those of the Bank of England, and rule as under:

	Per Cent.		Per Cent.
30 days' bills.....	9 1/2	4 months' bills.....	10 1/2
60 do do.....	9 1/2	6 months' bills.....	11 1/2
3 months' bills.....	9 1/2	6&4 months' bank paper.....	7 1/2 8 1/2

Bullion continues to accumulate rapidly in the Bank of France—the supply held by that establishment now reaches the large sum of £24,500,000. The rate of discount at Paris remains at 6 per cent. below ours; but in other parts of the Continent the quotations are firm. Annexed are the rates at the leading cities:

	Bank Open rate. markt.	Open rate. markt.	Bank Open rate. markt.	Open rate. markt.
At Paris.....	4 1/2	3 1/2	Turin.....	8 nom'l
Vienna.....	5	6	Brussels.....	6 5
Berlin.....	9	9	"	6 1/2 advances
"	7 1/2 advances	Madrid.....	— nom'l	
Frankfort.....	7	7	Hamburg.....	— 8
Amsterdam.....	6 1/2	6 1/2	St. Petersburg.....	5 1/2 6 1/2

On the whole, the Consol market has been tolerably firm during the week. There have again been two controlling influences at work; the one—the continued influx of bullion—tending to strengthen; the other—the seeming inevitability of war—to depress the market. On Monday, Consols, for account, were as high as 87 to 87 1/2; but, until the publication of the Bank return, prices steadily declined. Yesterday the market was firm, and an advance took place in quotations. To-day, owing to the circumstance that Prussia has entered Hanover and Saxony with troops, prices have slightly declined. The highest prices each day during the week were as follows:

	FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 16.					
	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day.	Thur'day.	Friday.	Sat'day.
Consols for money.....	86 1/2	87	86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2

The aggregate business done in American Securities has been moderate. United States Five-twenty bonds have gained strength towards the close of the week; but the market has been very quiet. Erie Railway shares have been dull, and the quotations have given way. Atlantic and Great Western, and Illinois Centrals have also been flat. Canadian Securities have been affected unfavorably by the capture of Fort Erie by the Fenians; but later news has improved the market. Annexed were the highest prices each day during the week:

	For week ending June 16.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
United States 5-30's, 6 per cent.....	66	65 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	63	64 1/2	
Virginia 5 per cent.....	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
do 6 per cent.....	42	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Atlantic and Great Western, New York section, 1st mortgage, 1880.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
Pennsylvania section, 1st m., 1877.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
do cons'td mort. b'ds, 1895.....	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Erie shares, 100 dollars, all paid.....	40 1/2	40 1/2	41	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
do Convertible bonds, 6 per cent.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
Illinois Central, 6 per cent, 1875.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
do 7 per cent, 1875.....	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
do \$100 shares, all paid.....	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75	75 1/2	
Marietta and Cincinnati, 7 per cent.....	69	69	69	69	69	69	69
New York Central, 100 dollar shares.....	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Panama Rail, 7 per cent, 1872, 2d mort.....	101	101	101	101	101	101	101
Pennsylvania R.R. 2d mort, 6 p. c.	101	101	101	101	101	101	101
do 350 shares.....	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Philadelphia and Erie, 1st mortgage, 1881, (qua. by Penn. Railroad Co.)	73	73	73	73	73	73	73
do with option to be paid in Philadelphia.....	73	73	73	73	73	73	73
Canada 6 per cent	96	96	94	95	95	96	95 1/2
do 5 per cent	81	79 1/2	79	79	79	79	79

Advices from Frankfort mention a most depressed market for securities, other than American. American securities have also, however, slightly declined in value, viz.: from 67 1/2 to 66 1/2. The latest price is 66 1/2.

Notwithstanding that war is now considered inevitable. Millers are not disposed to purchase wheat at any important advance in price. The improvement of the past fortnight does not exceed 2s. per quarter. Looking at our present sources of supply, the approaching conflict, so long as it is confined to the three contending powers, need not have the effect of materially enhancing the value of cereal produce in this country. By referring to the statement of imports into the United Kingdom forwarded a fortnight since, it will be observed that our principal imports are from France and Russia—the former having sent us large quantities both of wheat and flour, and the latter important supplies of wheat alone. And out of a total of 9,400,000 cwts. of wheat and flour it will be seen that France and Russia alone supplied us with 6,800,000 cwts., whilst scarcely 500,000 cwts. were forwarded by Prussia and the countries over which she would have control, in the event of war. Perhaps the permanent advance in wheat will be about 6s. per quarter, and under present circumstances, and assuming that France and Russia keep out of the struggle, the above figures, and the high value of money which checks speculation, do not warrant a greater improvement. Oats continue to arrive in considerable quantities from New York, but they are wanting in condition, and have been disposed of as low as 18s. 9d. per quarter. Several parcels have been taken for shipment to France. The oat trade here, owing to the approaching war, has been firmer, and although the import, this week, is about 32,000 quarters, prices have slightly improved. The quotations are as follows: English, 22s. to 32s.; Scotch, 27s. to 32s.; Irish, 22s. to 28s.; Danish, 24s. to 26s.; Russian, 20s. to 25s.; and American, 18s. 9d. to 20s. per quarter.

Hay-making has been commenced this week in the Southern English counties, and the crop will be a large one. The weather at present is unsettled, and the crop gathered thus far is in poor condition. The wheat plant has greatly improved, and, in several counties, will commence to bloom in about a fortnight. The crop promises fairly, but it does not appear likely to be abundant. From the hop country, accounts have been received of a severe attack of blight; but little attention is paid to these reports, inasmuch as such statements are always put forward at this period of the year, and even in years which have proved most abundant. It is certain, however, that with an average crop of hops per acre, the total quantity of hops grown, will be larger than in any former year. This conclusion is based upon the fact that hops which were planted three years since in anticipation of the repeal of the duty of 18s. 3d per cwt., will this year, under favorable circumstances, so far as the weather is concerned, bear their first considerable quantity of fruit. The hop plant does not arrive at maturity till after a period of three years. The growth of hops has been considerably extended in this country since the repeal of the duty, and in consequence of the high price realised, large profits have been made by the hop growers. The value of hops in London now varies from £2 to £10 per cwt.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports show a falling off this week in dry goods and general merchandise, the total being \$6,746,948 against \$9,005,745 last week, and \$2,780,750 the previous week. The exports are \$2,888,835 this week, against \$2,009,003 last week, and \$1,948,494 the previous week. The exports of cotton are 1,192 bales, against 1,892 bales last week. Included in the exports were also 20,364 barrels wheat flour, 140 barrels rye flour, 8,159 barrels corn meal, 19,155 bushels oats, 480 bushels peas, 885,413 bushels corn, 2,220 packages candles, 1,532 tons coal, 340 bales hay, 63 bales hops, 619 barrels spirits turpentine, 3,866 barrels resin, 3,238 gallons sperm oil, 367,361 gallons petroleum, 901 barrels pork, 884 barrels beef, 271,254 pounds cutmeats, 39,650 pounds butter, 764,896 pounds cheese, 190,560 pounds lard, 96 barrels rice, 471,093 pounds tallow, 1,240 hogheads and 161 other packages crude tobacco, 221,084 pounds manufactured tobacco.

The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry-goods) June 21, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) June 22:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1865.	1864.	1865.	1866.
Dry goods.....	\$731,147	\$1,254,349	\$992,925	\$8,074,282
General merchandise	1,217,584	2,103,160	2,915,391	4,672,661
Total for the week.....	\$1,948,731	\$3,357,509	\$3,908,216	\$6,746,948
Previously reported.....	85,554,376	115,143,641	67,407,274	153,694,466

Since January 1..... \$87,503,107 \$118,501,150 \$70,615,490 \$162,441,409

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending June 26:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.
For the week.....	\$5,930,581	\$2,455,906	\$2,388,335
Previously reported.....	77,506,359	74,457,062	102,493,579
Since January 1.....	\$83,343,240	\$76,912,968	\$104,884,214

In the commercial department will be found the official detailed statement of the imports and exports for the week.

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York, for the week ending June 23, 1866:

	1864.	1865.	1866.
June 20—SS. Malta, Liverpool— American gold.....	\$201,100	Foreign silver.....	62,500
" 20—SS. Eagle, Havana— American gold.....	2,600	American silver.....	3,900
" 20—SS. Hansa, Bremen— American gold.....	14,445	For Bremen— Foreign silver.....	2,500
For Southampton— American gold.....	122,683	June 23—SS. City of Paris, Liverpool— American gold.....	127,200
Silver bars.....	573,989	June 23—SS. Borussia, Hamburg— American gold.....	36,500
Gold bars.....	181,069	Gold bars.....	13,800
		Silver coin.....	116,000
Total for the week.....			\$1,408,286
Previously reported.....			49,534,278
Total since Jan. 1, 1866.....			\$44,942,564

Same time in

	Same time in 1865.....	1865.....	1866.....
1865.....	\$17,888,627	1858.....	\$19,146,639
1864.....	98,708,189	1857.....	22,076,402
1863.....	91,453,157	1856.....	12,762,864
1862.....	24,900,351	1855.....	
1861.....	3,247,368	1854.....	14,795,829
1860.....	20,050,745	1853.....	8,057,067
1859.....	83,061,478	1852.....	11,524,621

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Arizona, from Aspinwall on the 11th inst., with mails, passengers and treasure, arrived at this port on Saturday, June 20. The following is her treasure list:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Duncan, Sherman & Co.	\$75,540 02	Weil & Co.	13,620 01
Eugene Kelly & Co.	81,546 00	Lees & Waller....	576,000 00
Bacon & Russell....	6,701 71	Wells, Fargo & Co.	6,000 00
Peter Naylor....	15,000 00	Panama R. R. Co.	29,257 77
J. W. Sellman....	88,700 00		
Total.....			\$892,365 51

WAT. TREASURE.

J. Ames.....	\$500 00	Perez, Planas & Obario....	550 00
S. L. Isaac & Asch.....	1,350 00	Cartwright & Harrison....	1,560 00
Ribbon & Munoz.....	8,786 00	Benj. Collins....	400 00
Wells, Fargo & Co.	1,244 70	R. R. Graves & Co.	4,000 00
E. & H. T. Anthony & Co.	225 00	Marcial & Co.	760 00

Total.....

\$19,375 70

892,365 51

Total treasure.....

\$91,741 21

The receipts of treasure from California since January 1, 1866, have been as follows:

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	To date
January 12.....	New York.....	\$ 685,610	\$ 685,616
January 19.....	Henry Chauncey.....	799,706	1,485,314
February 1.....	Atlantic.....	944,878	2,430,198
February 9.....	New York.....	1,449,074	3,879,266
February 21.....	Henry Chauncey.....	1,309,048	5,088,319
March 5.....	Costa Rica.....	1,460,286	6,557,602
March 12.....	New York.....	1,425,553	7,983,155
March 23.....	Arizona.....	389,887	8,372,992
March 31.....	Henry Chauncey.....	673,615	9,046,607
April 9.....	New York.....	729,362	9,776,469
April 20.....	Arizona.....	809,459	10,585,901
May 1.....	Costa Rica.....	1,318,271	11,904,199
May 9.....	New York.....	1,073,820	12,977,019
May 21.....	Arizona.....	1,276,505	14,263,524
May 31.....	Costa Rica.....	394,653	14,578,076
June 9.....	New York.....	949,906	15,527,952
June 20.....	Arizona.....	892,365	16,490,347

EXPORTS OF TREASURE FROM SAN FRANCISCO.—The exports of treasure from San Francisco from May 1st to date have been as follows:

May 1—Per Hong Kong to Hong Kong.....	\$73,739 40
May 2—Per Live Yankee to Honolulu.....	1,000 00
May 10—Per Constitution:	
To New York.....	\$385,379 07
To England.....	107,129 86
To Panama.....	5,000 00
To Punta Arenas.....	932 88
May 12—Per Bunker Hill to Hong Kong.....	\$398,441 26
May 12—Per Perie to Hong Kong.....	967,442 75
May 15—Per Ameria to New York.....	165,900 00
May 18—Per Fearless to Hong Kong.....	125,000 00
May 19—Per Golden City:	
To New York.....	\$949,906 89
To England.....	79,914 22
To France.....	78,950 12
To Valparaiso.....	95,800 00
To Panama.....	30,000 00
Total since May 1, 1866.....	\$2,398,578 30
Previously this year.....	12,697,634 08
Total since January 1, 1866.....	\$15,096,212 33
Corresponding period of 1865.....	18,144,812 87
Decrease this year.....	\$3,048,600 54

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.—NOTICE FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.—The Secretary of the Treasury has issued the following notice:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26, 1866.

Notice is hereby given to holders of certificates of indebtedness issued under Acts of Congress, approved March 1 and 17, 1862, that the Secretary of the Treasury, in accordance with said acts and the tenor of said certificates, is prepared to redeem before maturity all Certificates of Indebtedness falling due after August 31, 1866, with accrued interest thereon, to be presented for redemption on or before July 15, 1866, and that hereafter such Certificates will cease to bear interest, and will be paid on presentation at this Department with interest only to said 15th of July.

Hugh McCULLOCH, Secretary.

THE TARIFF BILL.—The following are the main features of the tariff bill reported yesterday by Mr. Morrill:

The duty on the manufacture of brass is increased from 35 to 40 per cent, and on brass in bars and pigs from 15 to 30 per cent, ad valorem; on copper ore, from 5 to 15 per cent; on copper in pigs, ingots, and bars, from 2½ to 5 cents per pound; on lead ore, from 1½ to 2½ cents; lead in sheets, from 2½ to 3½ cents per pound; on sugar of lead, from 20 to 30 cents per pound; on paddles and blisters of steel, the proposed duty is 3½ cents per pound; on cast and shear steel, valued not over seven cents per pound, 4½ cents per pound; over seven cents per pound, 5 cents per pound; on steel wire rope, 6 cents per pound, and 20 per cent, ad valorem. Iron has been reclassified, and the duty on all descriptions largely increased. On iron bars it has been raised one-fourth of a cent per pound; on iron bars rolled and hammered, one half of a cent, per pound; on all sizes of oval, half oval, and half round iron the duty is increased to two and a half cents per pound; on plated iron, thicker than three-sixteenths of an inch, to two cents; on iron sheets thinner than No. 10 and thicker than No. 18, wire gauge, to two and a half cents; on sheets thinner than No. 22, to two and three-fourths; on polished sheet iron, to four cents per pound; on chain and cables, from three to five cents per pound; wrought iron washers and nuts, to three and a half cents; wrought iron tubes, hinges, and anvils, four cents; cut nails and spikes, two cents; railroad spike bars or chairs, two and a half cents per pound; on railroad iron the duty is increased from seventy cents to one dollar per hundred weight, although the internal duty is to be taken off; on coal the duty is reduced from one dollar and twenty-five cents a ton to fifty cents. The duty on paper is left unchanged, notwithstanding it is to be excepted from internal tax, so that the paper manufacturers will have additional protection; on earthenware the duty is placed at fifty per cent, ad valorem; on flax seed, thirty cents a bushel, and on linseed oil, thirty cents a gallon; on oxides of cobalt, thirty per cent ad valorem; on linen, valued under thirty cents a yard, six cents a yard and thirty per cent, ad valorem; when valued over thirty cents a yard, two cents a yard and thirty-five per cent, ad valorem; on all other descriptions of linen, forty per cent, ad valorem; on cigars the rate is fixed at two dollars and a half per pound and fifty per cent, ad valorem. Duties on wines are as follows: on all wines not entered at over twenty-five cents per gallon, including packages, forty cents per gallon; on wines valued at over seventy-five cents, and less than one dollar per gallon, including packages, seventy-five cents per gallon, the duties on the two classes to take the place of the present specific and ad valorem rates; on wines valued at over one dollar per gallon, including packages, a rate of one dollar per gallon, and twenty-five per cent, ad valorem. When wine is imported in bottles, one dollar per dozen additional is charged, the packages to be not less than a dozen quart or two dozen pint bottles; when imported in bulk, to be in casks, containing not less than thirty-one gallons each. No change is recommended in the duty on champagne; wines and liquors; the duty on Paris white is to be one and a half cents per pound; on chalk and cliff stone it is reduced from ten dollars to five dollars per ton; table cutlery, with ivory or mother-of-pearl handles, is to pay one dollar per dozen, and fifty per cent, ad valorem; all other cutlery fifty per cent ad valorem; wool and manufacture of wool are divided into three classes, namely: clothing wools, combed wools, and carpet wools, and other similar wools.

The duty upon wools of the first-class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall be 32 cents, or less, per pound, shall be 10 cents per pound, and in addition thereto 2 per cent ad valorem. The duty upon wools of the same class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall exceed 32 cents per pound, shall be 12 cents per pound, and, in addition, 10 cents per pound ad valorem.

The duty upon wool of the second class, upon all half of the Alpaca

goat, and other like animals, the value whereof at the last place or port whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall be 32 cents or less per pound, shall be 10 cents per pound, and in addition thereto 10 per cent ad valorem. The duty upon wools of the second class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such ports shall exceed 32 cents per pound, shall be 12 cents per pound, and in addition thereto 10 per cent ad valorem.

The duty upon wools of the third class, the value whereof at the last port or place whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall be 12 cents or less per pound, shall be 8 cents per pound. The duty upon wools of the same class, the value whereof at the last place or port whence exported to the United States, excluding charges in such port, shall exceed 12 cents per pound, shall be 6 cents per pound. On sheep-skins, raw or unmanufactured, imported with the wool, or washed or unwashed, 30 per cent ad valorem. On woollen rags, shoddy, waste, and flocks, 12 cents per pound. On woollen cloths, woollen shawls, and all manufactures of wool of every description, made wholly or in part of wool, not otherwise provided for in this act, 46 cents per pound, and in addition thereto, 35 per cent ad valorem. On flannels, blankets, endless belts or pelts for paper or printing machines; hats of wool, knit goods, balmorals, woollen and worsted yarns, and all manufactures of every description, composed wholly or in part of worsted, hair of the Alpaca goat or other like animals, except such as are composed in part of wool, not otherwise herein provided for valued at not exceeding 40 cents per pound, 25 cents per pound; valued at above 40 cents per pound, and not exceeding sixty cents per pound. 35 cents per pound; valued at above 60 cents per pound and not exceeding eighty cents per pound, forty-five cents per pound; valued at above eighty cents per pound, fifty-three cents per pound, and in addition thereto on all the above-named articles thirty-five per cent ad valorem. On women's and children's dress goods and real or imitation Italian cloths, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat or any like animal, valued at not exceeding 20 cents the square yard, 6 cents the square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; valued at above 20 cents the square yard, 18 cents the square yard, and in addition thereto 45 per cent ad valorem; Provided, that on all goods weighing 4 ounces and over per square yard, the duty shall be 55 cents per pound, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on clothing ready-made and wearing apparel of every description, composed wholly or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the alpaca goat or other like animals, made up or manufactured wholly or in part by the tailor, seamstress, or manufacturer, except knit goods, fifty-three cents per pound, and in addition thereto forty-five per cent ad valorem; on Aubusson and Axminster carpets woven whole for rooms, fifty per cent ad valorem; on Saxony, Wilton, and Tourney velvet carpets, wrought by the Jacquard machine, seventy-five cents per square yard, and in addition thereto thirty-five per cent ad valorem; on Brussels carpets, wrought by the Jacquard machine, 48 cents per square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on patent velvet and tapestry velvet carpets, printed on the warp or otherwise, 44 cents per square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on tapestry Brussels carpets, printed on the warp or otherwise, 30 cents per square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on treble ingrain, three-ply and worsted chain Venetian carpets, nineteen cents per square yard, and in addition thereto thirty-five per cent ad valorem; on yarn, Venetian, and two-ply ingrain carpets, 14 cents per square yard, and in addition thereto 35 per cent ad valorem; on druggets, and bockings, printed, colored, or otherwise, 25 cents per square yard; on hemp or jute carpeting, 6½ cents per square yard, on carpets and carpeting of wool, flax, or cotton, or parts of either, or other material not otherwise specified, 40 per cent ad valorem: Provided, That mats, rugs, screens, covers, hassocks, bed-sides, and other portions of carpets or carpetings shall be subjected to the rate of duty herein imposed on carpets or carpeting of like character or description, and that the duty on all other mats not exclusively of vegetable material, screens, hassocks, and rugs, shall be 45 per cent ad valorem: on oilcloths for floors, stamped, painted, or printed, valued at 50 cents or less per square yard, 40 per cent ad valorem; valued at over 50 cents per square yard, and on all other oilcloth, except silk oilcloth, 50 per cent ad valorem.

THE THREE AND FIVE CENT CURRENCY.—Treasurer Spinner yesterday issued the following circular:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, TREASURER'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25, 1866.

In pursuance of two several acts of Congress, this Department has discontinued the issue of paper currency of the denomination of five and three cents. All orders for currency below the denomination of ten cents should, therefore, be addressed to the Director of the Mint, at Philadelphia, accompanied by a remittance for the amount, in the manner indicated by the following circular, issued by the Director of the Mint:

MINT OF THE UNITED STATES, PHILADELPHIA, June, 22, 1866.

SIR.—The following are the regulations for the distribution of the cents and new nickel three and five cent pieces of the United States: The bronze one and two and the nickel three and five cent coins can now be had at the mint, in exchange for the gold and silver coins, or legal tender notes of the United States. The new three cent pieces are put up in bags of \$30, and the five cent pieces in sums of \$50 each, and either of these sums, or any larger amount of which thirty or fifty is a multiple, will be sent in the order of the entry of application.

The reasonable expenses of the transportation of the cents and three cent pieces, in sums of \$30, and five cent coins in sums of \$50 or upwards, to any point accessible by railroad or steamboat, will be paid by the mint. The Adams Express Company will act as agents for parties ordering cents, &c., to which money or drafts on national banks payable to their order, may be sent, or drafts on, or certificates of deposit in national banks, payable to the order of the director or the treasurer of the mint, may be sent, and the coins ordered will be forwarded when the money is received or the drafts collected.

JAMES POLLOCK, Director.

No remittance for currency below the denomination of ten cents should, therefore, be made to this office.

F. E. SPINNER,
Treasurer United States.

We call attention to the card of Mess. B. C. Morris & Son, in our advertising columns, who have formed a partnership for the transaction of

a stock commission business at 17 William street. The sound principles upon which these gentlemen propose to carry on business, and the inducements they offer to the public to deal with them, may best be seen by a perusal of their card referred to above, or their Circular lately issued.

The Bankers' Gazette.

We give in our BULLETIN from day to day lists of bonds, &c., lost, and dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturday morning, such as have been published through the week in the BULLETIN will be collected and published in the CHRONICLE. Below will be found those published the last week in the BULLETIN.

DIVIDENDS.

NAME OF COMPANY.	RATE P. C'T.	PAYABLE WHEN.	WHERE.	BOOKS CLOSED.
Railroads.				
Philadelphia & Reading, on Pret. & Com. Stock.	5	July 12.	227 S. 4th St. Philadelphia.	June 30 to July 13.
Boston and Maine R. R. Co.	5	July 2.	Boston.	—
Western R. R. Corporation	\$5 p.s.	July 16.	40 State St., Boston.	—
Kenne, Wat'n & Ogdens' Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago	5	July 16.	Mercantile B. N. Y. Wieslow, La. Lamier & Co., N. Y.	June 30 to July 19.
Norwich & Worcester.	2½	July 18.	Farmers L. & T. Co., N. Y.	—
Panama R.R.	5	July 10.	T. Co., N. Y.	—
Earnings of Road.	4½	July 5.	88 Wall St.	June 23 to July 7.
Earnings of Steamers.	2½	July 5.	—	—
N. Y. BANKS.				
Mechanics' National Bank.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 21 to July 3.
Merchants' National Bank.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
National Park Bank.	7	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
Bowery National Bank.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
Tradesmen's National.	\$3 p.s.	July 2.	At Bank.	—
National Bank of Com.	6	July 2.	At Bank.	June 26 to July 3.
National Citizens' Bank.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
Nat. B'k of Commonwealth	6	July 2.	At Bank.	June 26 to July 2.
Atlantic National.	6	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 7.
Bank of America.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 26 to July 5.
National Shoe and Leather.	4	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
Importers' and Traders'.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
N. Y. National Exchange.	6	July 2.	At Bank.	June 25 to July 2.
Hanover National.	6	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
Chatham National.	8	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
Grocers' National.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
Manufacturers & Merchants.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 3.
Continental Bank.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 5.
People's Bank.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
Market Nat. onal.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 22 to July 2.
The Third National.	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.
National of North America	5	July 2.	At Bank.	June 23 to July 2.

BUSINESS AT THE STOCK BOARDS.

The following shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri'y.	Week.
Bank Shares.....	100	165	10	20	285	23	603
Railroad shares, viz. :							
Catawissa.....	100	200	400	700	600	1,200	3,200
Central of New Jersey.....	200	—	100	—	100	—	400
Chicago, Bur. & Quincy.....	—	—	—	15	—	—	15
Chicago and Great Eastern							
Chicago & Northwestern.	1,000	1,600	4,805	9,500	2,800	3,700	23,405
Chicago & Rock Island.	10	1,000	1,260	2,800	400	500	6,000
Cleveland, Ohio & Cinc.	—	—	50	—	—	12	72
Cleveland & Pittsburgh.	7,700	7,800	5,400	4,500	4,100	12,500	41,500
Cleveland & Toledo.	600	500	1,200	1,000	400	500	4,200
Del. Lack. & Western.	9,800	9,645	28,630	15,150	16,930	29,250	109,405
Erie Railway.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hannibal and St. Joseph.	—	200	—	—	200	26	250
Hudson River.	—	—	—	300	—	—	500
Illinoi's Central.	—	200	800	1,185	200	600	1,985
Indianapolis & Cincinnati.	—	—	320	400	50	—	780
Marietta & Cincinnati.	750	2,200	3,200	2,600	1,500	—	10,259
McGregor-Western.	—	—	—	—	200	—	200
Michigan Central.	300	100	100	200	400	—	1,100
Michigan Southern.	400	600	2,100	1,100	400	100	4,700
Milwaukee & P. de Chien.	100	200	200	100	600	—	1,200
New Jersey.	—	—	—	—	14	—	14
New York Central.	1,300	620	450	1,250	300	500	4,300
New York & New Haven.	—	—	—	12	—	278	290
Ohio & Mississippi (\$100).	—	750	100	100	380	1,000	2,320
Panama.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pitts. Ft. Wayne & Chic.	410	2,300	1,768	1,600	1,460	2,030	9,468
Reading.	1,300	2,500	1,800	3,000	2,300	2,800	13,700
St. Louis, Alton & T. H.	—	—	—	—	100	—	100
Stonington.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Toledo & Wabash.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Miscellaneous shares, viz. :							
American Coal.	—	300	600	—	—	—	900
Atlantic Mail.	—	200	—	—	—	1,000	1,200
Boston Water Power.	300	800	1,000	200	700	800	3,800
Brunswick City.	100	—	—	—	100	—	200
Canton.	600	1,300	400	300	—	600	3,100
Cary Improvement.	400	700	200	100	100	—	200
Cumberland Coal.	—	—	—	—	—	200	1,600
Del. & Hudson Canal.	—	—	—	—	—	300	306
Manhattan Gas.	400	700	200	600	100	150	150
Mariposa.	—	—	—	—	—	500	2,500
Pennsylvania Coal.	—	62	—	100	200	200	500
Quicksilver.	—	—	500	600	110	1,500	2,760
Smith & Parmelee Gold.	—	100	—	—	—	—	100
Spring Mountain Coal.	—	100	—	100	—	—	300
Spruce Hill Coal.	—	400	—	900	100	100	1,500
Western Union Telegraph.	3,875	5,420	1,240	650	1,530	956	13,661
W. U. Telegraph-Russian.	35	300	—	—	25	16	376
Wilkesbarre Coal.	—	—	—	100	—	—	100
Wyoming Valley Coal.	—	500	—	—	—	—	500

The volume of transactions in shares at the two Boards, comparatively, for each day of the two last weeks, and the total for the same weeks, is shown in the following statement:

	Reg. Board.	Open Board	Both Boards		Last week.	Prev's week.	Last week.	Rev's	Last week.	Both week.	Last week.	Prev's week.
Saturday	10,580	15,574	19,700	31,700	30,280	47,274						
Monday	15,586	26,342	24,800	26,500	40,286	52,842						
Tuesday	26,305	24,062	30,700	41,900	57,005	65,983						
Wednesday	22,184	36,233	27,000	54,400	49,184	90,633						
Thursday	22,439	25,800	24,300	42,380	46,739	68,180						
Friday	22,343	22,833	39,000	41,800	61,349	64,636						
Total of week	119,437	150,864	165,500	238,680	284,937	389,544						

The transactions in shares weekly since the commencement of the year are shown in the following statement:

Week ending	Regular Board.	Open Board.	Both Boards	Week ending	Regular Board.	Open Board.	Both Boards
January 5.	181,350	242,900	425,250	April 6.	170,934	247,400	418,234
January 13.	339,109	328,400	667,509	April 13.	250,118	214,650	464,768
January 19.	243,815	272,300	516,115	April 20.	176,952	205,650	385,606
January 26.	247,743	301,400	549,143	April 27.	242,738	226,230	468,963
February 2.	201,107	239,700	440,807	May 4.	135,949	182,500	318,449
February 9.	209,140	227,800	426,940	May 11.	139,127	190,450	329,597
February 16.	234,285	228,700	462,982	May 18.	205,609	360,940	566,549
February 23.	187,913	183,300	371,113	May 25.	228,080	451,381	682,461
March 2.	217,961	221,500	429,461	June 1 (5 days)	228,873	380,306	609,170
March 9.	206,849	211,300	418,149	June 8.	204,080	278,850	472,930
March 16.	206,312	213,450	419,762	June 15.	126,591	268,910	395,501
March 23.	261,106	325,910	597,016	June 22.	150,864	238,680	389,544
March 30.	122,563	208,300	330,763	June 29.	119,437	150,864	389,544

The Government and State, &c., bonds sold at the Regular Board, daily, last week, are given in the following statement:

U. S. 6's, 1881.	\$1,000	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500
U. S. 6's (5-30's).	6,000	73,000	191,000	314,000	770,500	585,500	1,940,000				
U. S. 6's (old).			50,000	30,000							
U. S. 5's (10-40).	13,000	32,500	11,500	18,500							
U. S. 5's (old).					63,000	128,500					
U. S. 7-30 notes.	150,000	34,000	91,500	30,000	177,000	60,800	533,300				
U. S. Certif's.				4,000	10,000						

State bonds, viz.:

California 7's.											
Connect' 6's.											
Georgia 6's.											
Illinois 6's.											
Indiana 6's.											
Indiana 5's.											
Kentucky 6's.											
Louisiana 6's.											
Michigan 7's.											
Minnesota 6's.											
Missouri 6's..	10,000	4,000	1,000	3,000	14,000	14,000	46,000				
N. Y. State 5's.											
N. Y. State 6's.				5,000		5,000		10,000			
N. Y. State 7's.			1,000	10,000	3,000		3,000	17,000			
N. Carolina 6's.	24,000	55,000	5,000	24,000	30,000	25,000	163,000				
Ohio 6's.											
Rhode Is'l 6's.											
S. Carolina 6's.											
Tennessee 6's.	2,000	11,000	4,000	19,000	5,000		5,000	46,000			
Tennessee 5's.	1,000							1,000			
Virginia 6's..	8,000			7,000				5,000	20,000		
City bonds, viz.:											
Brooklyn 6's.											
Jersey City 6's.											
N. Y. City 6's											

The following is a summary of the amount of Governments, State and City securities, and railroad bonds sold on each day:

Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds.	\$20,000	\$155,500	\$224,000	\$323,500	\$531,000	\$648,500
U. S. Notes.	150,000	34,000	95,500	30,000	177,000	60,800
State & City Notes.	45,000	71,000	32,000	49,000	54,000	42,000
Railroad Bonds.	22,000	28,000	16,000	12,000	20,000	4,000

Total amount... \$237,000 288,500 379,500 414,500 1,082,000 755,300 3,156,800

The totals of each class of securities sold in the first five months of the year are shown in the statement which follows:

—Governments—	State, &c.,	Railroad	Total
January.....	\$4,827,200	\$3,340,100	\$932,900
February.....	3,846,500	2,591,900	1,691,500
March.....	3,931,300	3,006,700	2,903,600
April.....	5,795,300	3,730,650	1,679,500
May.....	8,002,700	2,358,250	1,236,600

and for the weeks ending on Friday—

June 1 (5 days).....	\$1,111,500	\$288,000	\$285,000
8.....	1,577,000	721,800	397,000
15.....	1,599,800	277,800	483,000
22.....	1,834,500	886,350	217,000
29.....	2,212,500	547,300	293,000

FRIDAY, June 29, 1866—P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—As usual at this season of the year, there is a general stagnancy in monetary affairs. In the several branches of wholesale trade, there is the usual suspension of activity which occurs between the Summer and Fall seasons; while in speculative circles, there is an absence of wealthy operators, who have betaken themselves to the quiet of the country or the sea side. There is consequently a large falling off in financial transactions, and an excess of floating capital over the demand for loans. The amount of idle balances has been augmented by the payment of the June interest on Seven-thirty notes; and, during the next twenty days, this surplus will be still further augmented by the distribution of midsummer dividends, the payment of interest upon the third series of Seven-thirties, and the redemption of One Year Certificates, amounting to about \$35,000,000.

During the week, the rate of interest on demand loans has declined to 4 per cent., 5 per cent. being now quite an exceptional rate. The prospect of a still further ease in the money market has induced, during the last few days, quite an active demand for

paper, with a consequent turn in the rates of discount in favor of the sellers of notes. Transactions in firmer paper at 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. are more common, and 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. is becoming an exceptional rate. The following are the current rates for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.	Per cent.
Call loans.....	4 @ 5	Good endorsed bills, 3 &
Loans on bonds & mort.	6 @ 7	4 months..... 6 @ 6%
Prime endorsed bills, 2	5 @ 3	do single names..... 7 @ 8 months..... 10 @ 12

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—Governments have been stronger during the week. For the steamers of Wednesday and to-morrow there has been a partial demand for export. At the same time, the large surplus balances in the hands of banks and private bankers have been to some extent converted into Governments. The notice of Secretary McCulloch calling in the whole issue of One Year Certificates has had a tendency to increase the demand for other classes of National Securities, and to cause holders to hold their bonds or notes more firmly. The action of the Treasury relative to Certificates has induced a supposition that the Secretary contemplates making an early effort to fund a portion of the short date securities. These combined influences have naturally strengthened the market, and prices of all Governments range higher than a week ago. Sixes of 1881 have advanced $\frac{1}{2}$; Five-twentieths of 1862, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$; do. of 1864, $\frac{1}{2}$; do. of 1865, $\frac{1}{2}$; Ten-twentieths, $\frac{1}{2}$; Seven-thirties, First Series, $\frac{1}{2}$; do. Second Series, $\frac{1}{2}$; do. Third Series, $\frac{1}{2}$.

The subjoined closing quotations for leading Government securities, will show the difference in prices as compared with previous weeks :

	May 18.	May 21.	June 8.	June 15.	June 22.	June 29
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.....	109	109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 $\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.....	101 $\frac{1}{2}$	102 $\frac{1}{2}$				
U. S. 5-20's, 1864	102	102 $\frac{1}{2}$				
U. S. 5-20's, 1865	96	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	97 $\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 10-40's	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	97 $\frac{1}{2}$				
U. S. 7-30's 1st series.....	102 $\frac{1}{2}$					
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series.....	102 $\frac{1}{2}$					
U. S. 7-30's 3d series.....	102 $\frac{1}{2}$					
U. S. 1 yr's certificates.....	101 $\frac{1}{2}$	100	100	100	100	100

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.—In the general Stock Market there has been an increase of dulness during the week; nothing, however, beyond what usually occurs during the heated season. There is reason for supposing that many of the brokers find themselves saddled with stocks which they had taken with a hope of selling them at a profit at the close of the season. This, however, can scarcely be considered an element of weakness in the market; as, with the present ease of money, the stocks could be easily carried upon loans; while the present satisfactory earnings of the roads induces an expectation that the opening of the Fall season will witness higher prices for stocks than the current figures. There is, consequently, no disposition among operators to unload at a loss, and prices are steadily maintained. The chief movement during the week has been in Erie. A considerable amount of *short* contracts in the stock have matured during the week, and the consequent demand for stock to make deliveries has caused an advance in the price. To-day the purchases at both Boards amounted to 27,000 shares; the price opened at 63, sold up to 63 $\frac{1}{2}$, and closed at 61 $\frac{1}{2}$.

In Chicago and Northwestern there has been a feeble speculation movement, but apparently nothing more than has been produced by a combination anxious to get off its load of the stock.

The following are the closing quotations for leading stocks, compared with those of previous weeks :

	May 18.	May 25.	May 31.	June 8.	June 15.	June 22.	June 29
Cumberland Coal.....	47	45 $\frac{1}{2}$	46	46	46	46	45
Quicksilver.....	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	51<math		

premium; we are not aware, however, that it is at all certain that Congress will adopt this policy. Some of the leading operators, however, have bought up a large proportion of the gold in the market upon this supposition, and hold it firmly in the face of the prospect of the disbursement of about nine millions by the Treasury upon the July coupons. The anticipation of the payments by the Treasury has drawn out a considerable short interest, which to-day has caused an active borrowing demand at 13½ per cent. per diem interest. The export of specie from this port for last week aggregated \$1,409,409. On Wednesday last, the export amounted to \$96,000.

The following have been the highest and lowest quotations for gold, on each of the last six days:

	Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.
June 23.....	153½	151½	June 27.....	156 154½
" 25.....	153½	152	" 28.....	154 151½
" 26.....	157	151½	" 29.....	155 153½

The transactions for last week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury were as follows:

	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury
	Receipts.	Payments.
June 18.....	\$350,824 45	\$3,383,741 16
" 19.....	343,000 68	1,578,915 95
" 20.....	285,819 57	4,010,272 53
" 21.....	388,020 89	1,092,890 55
" 22.....	303,276 08	679,960 17
" 23.....	448,734 60	1,321,522 43
Total.....	\$2,209,676 27	\$12,022,302 79
Balance in Sub Treasury morning of June 18.....	94,261,688 33	

Deduct payments during the week.....

\$109,662,152 68

Balance on Saturday evening.....

\$97,639,849 89

Increase during the week.....

3,378,161 59

Total amount of gold certificates issued, \$2,793,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$100,000 in gold, and \$1,809,676 in gold certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since April 7:

Weeks	Custom House	Sub-Treasury	Changes in Balances
Ending	Payments.	Receipts.	Balances.
Apr. 7.....	\$2,803,000	\$13,324,981	\$11,730,124
14.....	2,857,703	5,359,749	12,065,189
" 21.....	2,865,567	14,086,009	90,325,685
" 28.....	2,246,307	13,937,517	11,957,491
May 5.....	35,088,713	31,241,874	67,773,823
May 12.....	2,417,391	1,034,333	20,095,029
" 19.....	2,542,814	23,547,689	28,285,222
" 26.....	2,358,454	48,958,044	56,965,238
June 2.....	2,182,305	45,911,436	80,092,387
" 9....	2,141,086	11,006,409	55,202,321
" 16....	2,071,621	9,005,847	13,654,093
" 23.....	2,209,676	12,022,302	18,400,464

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The Exchange market is steadily recovering from the irregularities attendant upon foreign financial derangements. Sight bills are less in demand, and bankers' bills are mostly drawn at 60 days. There is also a better currency for commercial bills, though a close discrimination is exercised as to names. The transactions during the week have been strictly moderate, and at steadily improving rates.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	June 8.	June 15.	June 22.	June 29.
London Comm'l.	105½@ 109	109 @ 109½	106 @ 107	106½@ 107½
do bkrs' long	109½@ 109½	110½@ 110½	107½@ 108½	108½@ 108½
do do short	110½@ 111	— @	109½@ 110	110½@ 110
Paris, tong.	5.11½@ 5.10	5.11½@ 5.10	5.15 @ 5.13½	5.15 @ 5.12½
do short,	5.06½@ 5.04	5.07½@ 5.07	5.11½@ 5.10	5.12½@ 5.10
Antwerp.	5.12½@ 5.11½	5.12½@ 5.12	5.17½@ 5.17	5.16½@ 5.13½
Swiss.	5.12½@ 5.11½	5.12½@ 5.12	5.17½@ 5.17	5.16½@ 5.13½
Hamburg.	37½@ 37	37½@ 37	36½@ 36½	36½@ —
Amsterdam.	42½@ 42	42½@ 42	41½@ 42	42 @ 42
Frankfort.	43 @	43 @	42 @ 43	43 @ 43½
Bremen.	80 @	80 @	80 @	79 @ 79
Berlin.	74 @	75 @	75 @ 74	74 @ —

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New York for the week ending with the commencement of business on June 23, 1866:

BANKS.	Average amount of—				
	Loans and discounts.	Specie.	Circula-	Net	Legal
New York.	\$289,286	\$2,123,500	\$884,390	\$2,238,240	\$3,904,165
Manhattan.	5,509,543	616,007	13,420	5,316,960	1,990,357
Mercants'.	7,939,196	548,383	646,488	5,981,181	3,853,366
Mechanics'.	5,688,753	11,561,961	456,643	5,949,753	2,642,854
Union.	4,504,270	81,524	425,250	3,135,734	1,389,320
America.	8,205,678	866,925	2,900	8,669,383	4,311,216
Phenix.	3,920,044	139,027	295,000	2,851,268	796,932
City.	3,414,684	315,796	.....	3,345,777	1,256,264
Tradesmen's.	2,914,814	19,645	561,075	2,100,452	793,757
Fulton.	2,763,473	61,251	20,681	2,600,689	2,261,678
Chemical.	5,479,747	426,069	19,230	5,592,324	3,091,324
Merc't Exchange.	3,194,354	20,285	451,940	2,201,618	642,376
National.	2,900,087	152,027	498,816	1,019,732	367,454
Butch. & Drovers.	2,317,619	10,464	225,693	1,630,696	464,834
Mech's & Traders.	1,684,359	69,477	105,000	1,474,359	418,015
Greenwich.	1,106,598	14,251	16,480	1,029,255	296,480
Leather Manufact'r.	2,295,167	137,197	148,071	2,366,376	1,155,141
Seventh Ward.	920,343	38,844	164,970	654,730	553,944
State of N. York.	5,259,775	254,625	11,261	5,005,690	2,903,070
American Exce.	10,989,424	407,590	826,444	7,754,949	4,357,351
Commerce.	22,686,289	660,051	8,776,146	7,880,493	5,018,759
Broadway.	4,944,533	57,175	900,000	4,630,486	2,127,166

Ocean.....	3,579,437	55,387	797,943	3,221,027	1,302,976
Mercantile.....	3,379,019	37,524	371,457	3,096,960	1,038,164
Pacific.....	1,963,161	13,993	118,915	1,567,343	591,741
Republic.....	5,559,019	160,573	556,450	4,864,853	1,656,441
Chatham.....	1,932,912	38,248	131,364	1,903,568	572,905
People's.....	1,294,566	24,458	7,298	1,269,405	326,781
North America.....	2,556,272	52,997	295,488	2,371,027	817,640
Hanover.....	2,388,982	34,497	247,900	1,002,733	596,593
Irving.....	1,356,000	8,000	191,733	1,302,000	585,000
Metropolitan.....	9,401,799	30,682	884,733	5,684,130	2,100,000
Citizens'.....	1,525,194	21,166	134,055	1,395,230	543,694
Nassau.....	2,496,131	94,049	4,576	2,054,556	801,570
Market.....	2,028,521	50,807	504,800	2,107,762	1,023,745
St. Nicholas.....	2,822,827	33,421	745,616	1,498,486	801,101
Shoe and Leather.	5,175,100	31,999	889,690	3,771,000	1,554,300
Com. Exchange.....	3,799,416	21,931	25,531	2,709,139	451,000
Continental.....	3,872,222	117,708	476,147	2,887,140	846,000
Commonwealth.....	2,526,692	83,342	214,261	3,591,534	889,566
Oriental.....	1,345,614	10,602	110,884	1,320,571	253,044
Marine.....	1,783,536	46,985	221,950	1,50,770	554,400
Atlantic.....	2,128,306	13,876	32,500	1,176,616	398,933
Imp. & Traders.....	4,745,597	43,817	512,964	3,750,567	1,165,079
Park.....	15,289,210	171,058	1,000,000	16,056,995	3,887,880
Mech, Bank's As'n	1,066,557	9,924	307,889	1,389,664	555,863
Grocers'.....	1,177,010	16,146	75,259	1,286,219	485,105
North River.....	1,503,631	23,369	12,280	1,180,394	326,383
East River.....	904,843	2,835	225,000	649,231	207,966
Juniper, & Merch'ts	1,545,557	14,254	1,116	1,255,357	380,000
Fourth National.....	14,624,155	2,662,755	10,174,465	13,353,224	3,901,125
Central.....	12,030,426	25,900	1,498,120	12,535,244	3,097,614
Second National.....	1,298,194	22,226	948,337	1,009,472	2,009,472
Ninth National.....	5,875,403	21,226	448,531	9,517,129	1,176,270
First National.....	2,816,661	7,360	448,531	9,517,129	1,176,270
Third National.....	3,347,509	29,093	797,628	9,605,315	1,066,716
N. Y. Exchange.....	647,408	4,072	288,474	691,948	99,027
Dry Dock.....	217,361	10,361	13,449	321,639	28,000
Bull's Head.....	1,119,706	7,146	98,180	1,184,233	11,184,233
Totals.....	248,436,808	8,504,006	26,585,394	201,969,388	80,840,518

Clearings for the week ending June 23, 1866.....

696,447,630 96

Balances for the week ending June 23, 1866.....

19,832,175 88

The most important change in the condition of the banks is a further large decrease in the specie line, the amount of specie and gold certificates now held by the Associated Banks amounting to only \$8,504,096.

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows:

Loans.....	Specie.....	Circulation.....	Deposits.....	Legal Tenders.....	Dec. 1, 1866.....
Apr. 7....	\$242,643,753	\$11,465,391	\$24,127,061	\$17,445,165	\$8,021,315,743
Apr. 14....	244,009,830	11,035,129	24,533,981	193,153,469	7,343,028
Apr. 21....	244,067,063	9,495,463	34,045,857	196,808,578	578,557,855
Apr. 28....	245,017,692	8,243,937	25,377,280	202,718,574	50,589,029
May 5....	253,974,134	10,914,997	25,415,677	210,373,303	1,204,447
May 12....	257,621,317	13,970,402	24,693,259	217,552,853	85,040,639
May 19....	257,969,593	13,595,465	25,189,864	217,427,729	87,342,488
May 26....	257,969,593	13,595,465	26,223,867	208,977,905	73,575,444
June 2....	250,959,020	21,585,093	26,244,225	198,127,289	69,178,992
June 9....	249,538,959	15,821,663	25,967,253	202,503,949	74,628,674
June 16....	247,301,547	11,217,305	25,887,376	203,415,676	63,698,301
June 23....	248,436,808	8,504,096	26,585,394	201,969,388	80,840,518

NEW YORK STATE BANKS.—The following is the official statement of the liabilities of the city and country banks of the State of New York, March 31,

statement of the Boston Banks, as compared with the two previous returns :

	June 25.	June 18.	June 11.
Capital.....	\$41,900,000	\$41,900,000	\$41,900,000
Loans.....	94,326,170	87,568,533	89,878,993
Specie.....	323,335	371,596	374,966
Legal Tender Notes.....	25,019,436	24,426,749	25,470,926
Due from other banks.....	11,490,580	10,141,390	11,611,085
Due to other banks.....	16,684,193	11,807,418	16,109,234
Deposits.....	42,587,020	41,902,820	42,858,986
Circulation (National).....	23,633,008	21,845,977	22,916,559
Circulation (State).....	507,371	544,941	480,599

Below we give the comparative totals for each week for the last four months :

	Legal	—Circulation—
March 5	Loans, Specie, Tenders, Deposits, National, State,	
" 12	\$92,990,512 \$500,556 \$20,034,998	\$34,581,875 \$22,606,535 \$1,006,719
" 19	90,705,159 623,928 19,905,130	25,297,498 32,262,299 72,800
" 26	91,002,811 606,098 20,404,118	26,000,000 24,018,916 910,740
April 2	91,300,518 512,153 20,013,520	23,887,368 23,019,887 901,620
" 9	92,351,979 532,556 20,761,014	26,697,227 23,087,694 809,329
" 16	92,142,975 487,455 20,324,570	27,496,560 23,266,641 820,069
" 23	91,250,882 457,648 19,902,647	27,606,692 23,626,043 777,198
" 30	86,190,897 411,693 19,309,145	36,946,182 22,469,483 744,041
May 7	86,723,001 401,113 19,549,614	38,396,210 22,856,656 744,425
" 14	90,329,554 501,013 22,462,522	42,091,976 23,551,579 695,527
" 21	89,734,864 472,179 23,973,509	41,610,149 23,195,968 661,819
June 4	91,833,402 436,391 23,658,956	41,631,746 23,722,377 644,658
" 11	92,367,648 503,991 26,148,678	42,992,749 23,679,025 609,371
" 18	89,875,993 374,966 25,470,926	42,858,986 22,916,559 480,599
" 25	87,568,533 371,596 24,426,749	41,902,820 21,845,977 544,941
		23,633,008 507,371

* For the week ending June 18 no returns were received from the National Bank of Redemption.

NATIONAL BANKS.—No National Banks were authorized, or Government Depositories designated for the week ending June 23, 1866.

The national currency issued during the week amounted to..... \$970,570
Previously issued..... 280,263,890

Total to date..... \$281,234,460

The following comparison shows the progress of the banks since May 5, in respect to number, capital, and circulation :

Date.	Banks.	Capital.	Circulation.
May 5	1,650	.....	\$271,262,165
May 12	1,650	.....	272,878,953
May 19	1,650	.....	274,653,195
May 26	1,650	414,921,479	276,540,510
June 2	1,650	.....	277,379,600
June 9	1,650	.....	278,905,075
June 16	1,653	.....	280,263,890
June 23	1,653	.....	281,234,460

FOREIGN BANKING.—The following is the statement of the Bank of England for the week ending June 13, 1866 :

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.		
Notes issued..... £28,695,675	Government debt..... £11,015,100	
	Other securities..... 3,984,900	
	Gold, coin and bullion..... 13,695,675	
		£28,695,675

BANKING DEPARTMENT.		
Proprietors' capital..... £14,553,000	Government securities	£11,098,454
Rest..... 3,464,864	Other securities.....	31,270,277
Public deposits..... 7,126,969	Notes.....	2,729,330
Other deposits..... 20,127,347	Gold and silver coin.....	736,230
Seven day and other bills..... 612,101		
		£45,881,281

The above Bank accounts would, if made out in the old form, present the following result :

Liaibilités.	£	Assets.	£
Circulation (including post bills).....	20,578,446	Securities.....	42,815,731
Public Deposits.....	7,126,969	Coin and Bullion	14,481,895
Private Deposits.....	20,127,347		
	53,832,762		57,297,626

The balance of Assets above Liabilities being £3,461,864, as stated in the above account under the head REST.

The preceding accounts, compared with those of the previous week, exhibit :

Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
Circulation..... £257,820	£.....	Other Securities..... £.....	£301,568
Public Deposits.. 477,454	Bullion..... 1,202,934	.....
Other Deposits..... 79,326	Rest..... 30,479	.....
Gov. Securities.. 285,051	Reserve..... 689,509	.....

The small amount of the reserve, notwithstanding the increase of £689,509, has prevented the reduction of the Bank rate this week. The increase in the stock of coin and bullion is £1,202,934. There is a satisfactory decrease of £501,568 in the private securities.

The following is the return of the Bank of France, made up to the 14th inst. The return for the previous week is added :

DEBTOR.	June 14, 1866.	June 7, 1866.
	f.	c.
Capital of the bank.....	182,500,000	0
Profits, in addition to capital.....	7,044,776	2
Reserve of the bank and branches.....	22,105,750	14
New reserve.....	4,000,000	0
Notes in circulation and at the branches.....	873,038,775	0
Drafts drawn by the bank on the branches of the bank payable in Paris or in the provinces.....	25,265,933	88
Treasury account.....	136,070,015	10
Accounts current at Paris.....	353,776,585	35
Ditto in the provinces.....	37,553,221	0
Dividends payable.....	663,446	75
Variants discounts.....	15,688,131	91
Re-discounts.....	2,074,992	92
Sundries.....	8,826,683	89
	1,668,508,739	96
	1,649,306,007	95

CREDITOR.	f.	c.	f.	c.
Cash and bullion.....	613,033,071	81	602,928,224	50
Commercial bills overdue.....	106,555	24	224,447	98
Ditto discounted in Paris.....	369,054,249	18	364,984,231	47
Ditto in the branches.....	349,207,007	0	358,648,643	0
Advances on bullion in Paris.....	6,734,500	0	7,147,400	0
Ditto in the provinces.....	13,989,349	0	13,984,940	0
Ditto on public securities in Paris.....	14,260,400	0	14,276,500	0
Ditto on obligations and railway shares.....	34,806,200	0	34,476,700	0
Ditto in the provinces.....	22,258,900	0	22,382,300	0
Ditto on securities in the Credit Foncier				
in Paris.....	740,300	0	711,000	0
Ditto in the provinces.....	566,900	0	564,500	0
Ditto to the State.....	60,000,000	0	60,000,000	0
Government stock reserve.....	12,980,750	14	12,980,750	14
Ditto other securities.....	36,171,987	91	36,171,987	91
Securities held.....	100,000,000	0	100,000,000	0
Hotel and property of the bank & branches.....	8,299,259	0	8,310,534	0
Expenses of management.....	1,927,478	92	1,912,326	92
Sundries.....	16,507,770	76	16,864,322	73
	1,668,508,739	96	1,649,306,007	95

The bank return shows to-day, in comparison with that of last Thursday, an increase of 10,700,000f. (round figures) in coin and bullion, of 14,600,000f. in discounts, 7,400,000f. in deposits, and a decline of 5,400,000f. in the circulation of notes. The stock of coin and bullion now in the Bank amounts to the large figure of 613,000,000f.

BANK STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	CAPITAL.	DIVIDEND.		FRI DAY.			
(Marked thus * are not National.)	Per cent.	Share	Amount.	Periods.	Last Paid.	Bid.	Ask.
America*	100	3,000,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5	135	140
America (Jer. City)	25	100,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	—		
American	100	500,000	April and Oct...	Oct. '65.....	4		
American Exchange	100	5,000,000	May and Nov...	May '66.....	5	111	113
Atlantic	100	300,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	6		
Atlantic (Brooklyn)	50	500,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	6		
Bowery	25	250,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5		
Broadway	25	1,000,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	12		
Brooklyn	50	300,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	—		
Bull's Head*	20	200,000	Quarterly...	July '66.....	4		
Butchers' & Drovers	25	800,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5	125	127
Central	100	3,000,000	May and Nov...	May '66.....	6	106	108
Central (Brooklyn)	50	200,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	8		
Chatham	25	450,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	8		
Chemical	100	300,000	Quarterly...	July '66.....	5		
City	100	1,000,000	May and Nov...	May '66.....	6		
City (Brooklyn)	50	300,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5		
Commerce	100	10,000,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5	109	114
Commonwealth	100	750,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	6	95	102
Continental	100	2,000,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5	96	98
Continental	100	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug...	Feb. '66.....	5	115	117
Croton	100	200,000	—				
Currency	30	200,000	Quarterly...	Apr. '66.....	15		
Dry Dock*	30	200,000	Jan. and July...	Jan. '66.....	3½		
East River	50	350,000	Jan. and July...	Jan. '66.....	4		
Eighth	100	250,000	Jan. and July...	Jan. '66.....	5		
Fifth	100	150,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5		
First	100	500,000	May and Nov...	May '66.....	10	208	211
First (Brooklyn)	50	100,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5	99	100
Fulton	30	600,000	May and Nov...	May '66.....	5	170	172
Far & Clt. (Wm'bg)	50	160,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5		
Gallatin	100	1,500,000	Apr. and Oct...	Apr. '66.....	5		
Greenwich*	25	200,000	Apr. and Oct...	Apr. '66.....	0		
Grocers*	50	300,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5		
Hanover	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	6		
Importers & Trad.	100	500,000	Jan. and July...	Jan. '66.....	5	160	162
Irving	50	600,000	Jan. and July...	Feb. '66.....	5		
Mechanics' Manufact'rs	50	400,000	Feb. and Aug...	Feb. '66.....	5		
Long Isl. (Brook)	50	200,000	Jan. and July...	July '66.....	5		
Manhattan*	20	2,050,000	Apr. and Oct...</				

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

(REPRESENTED BY THE CLOSING SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, JUNE 29.)

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	STOCKS AND SECURITIES.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	
American Gold Coin.....							Railroad Stocks.							
National.							Central of New Jersey.....	100						
United States 6s, 1867.....	registered.	128					Chicago and Alton.....	100	99	98			98½	
do do 6s, 1868.....	coupon.						do do preferred.....	100						
do do 6s, 1868.....	registered.	125					Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.....	100						
do do 6s, 1881.....	coupon.	110½	110%	110%			Chicago and Great Eastern.....	100						
do do 6s, 1881.....	registered.						Chicago and Milwaukee.....	100						
do do 6s, 5-20s.....	coupon.	103½	103½	104	104½		Chicago and Northwestern.....	100	29½	29½	30½	30		
do do 6s, 5-20s.....	registered.						do do preferred.....	100	58½	58½	59½	59½	59½	
do do 6s, 5-20s (3d issue).....	coupon.			102½	102½	103	103½	Chicago and Rock Island.....	100	94½	94½	94½	94	
do do 6s, 5-20s (3d issue).....	registered.						Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati.....	100	117	117			116	
do do 6s, 5-20s (3d issue).....	coupon.	102½	102½	103½	103½		Cleveland and Pittsburg.....	50	84	82½	83½	83½	82½	
do do 6s, 5-20s.....	registered.			103			Cleveland and Toledo.....	50	106½	106½	106½	106½	106½	
do do 6s, 5-20s.....	coupon.						Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.....	50					147	
do do 6s, Oregon War, 1861.....	registered.						Eighth Avenue.....	100						
do do 6s, do, do, (1 yearly).....	coupon.						Erie.....	100	58½	58½	60½	61	61½	
do do 5s, 1871.....	coupon.						Hannibal and St. Joseph.....	100	73	73	73	74	73	
do do 5s, 1871.....	registered.						do do preferred.....	100	50				52	
do do 5s, 1874.....	coupon.						Harlem.....	50						
do do 5s, 10-40s.....	coupon.						do preferred.....	50						
do do 6s, Union Pacific R. R. (cur.).....	registered.	96%	96%	96%	96%		Hudson River.....	100						
do do 7-30s, Treas. Notes, 1st series.....	102½	102½	102½	102½	103½		Illinois Central.....	100	120½	121	120½	122	121	
do do 7-30s, Treas. Notes, 2d series.....	102½	102½	103	103½	103½		Indianapolis and Cincinnati.....	50	66	70	70			
do do 7-30s, Treas. Notes, 3d series.....	102½	102½	102½	103½	103½		Joliet and Chicago.....	100						
do do 6s, Certificates, State.....					100%		Long Island.....	50						
California 7s.....							McGregor Western.....	100						
Connecticut 6s.....							Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st preferred.....	100	40½	40½	44½	43½	43½	
Georgia 6s.....							do 2d preferred.....	100					30	
Illinois Canal Bonds, 1860.....							Michigan Central.....	100	103½	103½	104	104½		
do Registered, 1860.....							Michigan So. and N. Indiana.....	100	73½	73½	78	78	78½	
do 6s, coupon, '79, after 1860-02-05-70.....							Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien.....	100						
do do do, do 1877.....							do do do guaranteed.....	100						
do do do, do 1879.....							Milwaukee and Praire du Chien.....	100						
do do War Loan.....							do do 1st pref.....	100						
Indiana 6s, War Loan.....							do do 2d pref.....	100						
do 5s.....							Milwaukee and St. Paul.....	100	57½				57	
Kentucky 6s, 1868-72.....							do preferred.....	100	71½	72	72	71½		
Louisiana 6s.....							Mississippi and Missouri.....	100						
Michigan 6s.....							Morris and Essex.....	100						
do 7s, War Loan, 1878.....							New Jersey.....	100						
Minnesota 8s.....							New York Central.....	100	98½	98½	98½	98½	98½	
Missouri 6s.....							New York and New Haven.....	100					11	
do 6s, (Hannibal and St. Joseph R.R.).....	81½	81		82	82½		New Haven and Hartford.....	100						
do 6s (Pacific RR).....	80		78½	78	77		Norwich and Worcester.....	100						
New York 7s, 1870.....							Ohio and Mississippi Certificates.....	27	27	27	27	27	27½	
do 6s, 1867-77.....							do do do preferred.....	100						
do 5s, 1868-76.....							Panama.....	100						
do 7s, State Bounty Bonds.....							Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago.....	100	99½	98½	98½	98½	98½	
North Carolina 6s.....							Reading.....	50	108½	108½	109	109½	109½	
Ohio 6s, 1870-75.....							St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute.....	100					31	
do 6s, 1881-86.....							Second avenue.....	100						
Rhode Island 6s.....							Sixth avenue.....	100						
Tennessee 6s, 1868.....							Stonington.....	100						
do 6s 1890.....							Third avenue.....	100						
Virginia 6s, coupon.....							Toledo, Wabash and Western.....	50						
Municipal.							do do do preferred.....	50						
Brooklyn 6s.....							Railroad Bonds:							
do 6s, Water Loan.....							Atlantic and Great Western, 1st mort.....							
do 6s, Public Park Loan.....							do do 2d mort.....							
do 6s, Improvement Stock.....							Buffalo, New York and Erie, 1st mort., 1877.....							
Jersey City 6s, Water Loan.....							Chicago and Alton, Sinking Fund.....							
New York 7s.....							do 1st mortgage.....							
do 6s.....							do Income.....							
do 5s.....							Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 8 per cent.....							
Miscellaneous Shares.							Chicago and Milwaukee, 1st mortgage.....							
Coal.—American.....	100	60½	61				Chicago and Northwestern, 1st mortgage.....							
Ashburton.....	50						do Interest.....							
Central.....	100						do Extension.....							
Consolidation.....	100						do 1st mortgage.....							
Cumberland.....	100	45	45				do consolidated.....							
Delaware and Hudson.....	100						Chicago and Rock Island, 1st mortgage.....							
Hampshire and Baltimore.....	100						Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 2d mortgage.....							
International.....	50						do 3d mortgage, conv.....							
Pennsylvania.....	50	147					do 4th mortgage.....							
Schuylkill.....	100						Cleveland and Toledo, Sinking Fund.....							
Spring Mountain.....	100	38	39½				Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, 1st mort.....							
Spruce Hill.....	10						do 2d mort.....							
Wilkes-Barre.....	100	54½	54½	4½	4		Erie, 1st mortgage, 1868.....							
Wyoming Valley.....	100	40					do 2d mortgage, 1870.....							
Citizens (Brooklyn).....	25						do 3d mortgage, 1883.....							
Harlem.....	20						do 4th mortgage, 1888.....							
Jersey City and Hoboken.....	20						do 5th mortgage, 1888.....							
Manhattan.....	50						Galen and Chicago, extended.....							
Metropolitan.....	100						Hannibal and St. Joseph, 1st Mortgage.....							
New York.....	50						Harlem, 1st mortgage, 1869-72.....							
Williamsburg.....	50						do Consolidated and Sinking Fund.....							
Improvement—Boston Water Power.....	20	41	41½	35x	34½		do 2d mortgage, 1868.....							
Brunswick City.....	100	8					do 3d mortgage, 1875.....							
Canton.....	100	58	54	53½	53½		do convertible, 1867.....							
Cary.....	100						Illinois Central 7s, 1875.....							
Telegraph.—American.....	100						Lackawanna and Western Bonds.....							
United States.....	100						McGregor Western, 1st mortgage.....							
Western Union.....	100	50½	54	53½	52½		Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st mortgage.....							
Western Union, Russian Extension.....	100	106	106	106	106		Michigan Central 8s, 1869-72.....							
Steamship—Atlantic Mail.....	100						Michigan Southern, Sinking Fund.....							
New York.....	100						do 2d mortgage, 7s, 1868.....							
Pacific Mail.....	100						do Goshen Line, 1868.....							
Pacific Mail Scriv.....	100						Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien, 1st mort.....							
Union Navigation.....	100						Milwaukee and St. Paul, 1st mortgage.....							
Transit.—Central American.....	100						do Income.....							
Nicaragua.....	100						Mississippi and Missouri, Land Grants.....							
Trust.—Farmers' Loan and Trust.....	25						New York Central 6s, 1883.....							
New York Life and Trust-t.....	100						do do 6s, 1887.....							
Union Trust.....	100						do do Real Estate.....							
United States Trust.....	100						do do subscription.....							
Mining—Canada Copper.....	100						do do 7s, 1876.....							
Corakate Iron.....	50						do do 7s, convertible, 1876.....							
Benton Gold.....	5						do do 7s, 1865-76.....							
Consolidated Gregory Gold.....	100						Ohio and Mississippi, 1st mortgage.....							
Gunnell Gold.....	25						Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, 1st mort.....							
Mariposa Gold.....	100						do do 2d mort.....							
Mariposa preferred.....	100	22	22	21½	21		do do 3d mort.....							
Minnesota Copper.....	50						do do 3d mort.....							
Montana Gold.....	5						do do 3d mort.....							
New Jersey Consolidated Copper.....	15						St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute, 1st mort.....							
New Jersey Zinc.....	100						do do 2d pref.....							
Quartz Hill.....	25						do do 2d income.....							
Quicksilver.....	100						St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute, 1st mort.....							
Entland Marble.....	25						do do 1st mort., extended.....							
Saginaw L. S. & M.....	25						do do 2d mort.....							
Smith and Parmelce.....	10						do do Interest Bonds.....							

THE CHRONICLE.

[June 30, 1866.]

NATIONAL, STATE AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES LIST.

DENOMINATIONS.	Amount Outstanding	INTEREST.			Princpal Due. Bid Ask'd	FRIDAY.	DENOMINATIONS.	Amount Outstanding	INTEREST.			Princpal Due. Bid Ask'd	FRIDAY.
		Rate	Payable.	Bid					Rate	Payable.	Bid		
AMERICAN GOLD COIN.							Municipal Securities						
National Securities.							ALBANY, N. Y. —City Scrip.....	\$225,000	6	Jan. & July	'65 '69		
Bonds of 1847. registered	9,415,250	6	Jan. & July	1867	128	129	do Water Loan.....	850,000	6	do	'70 '82	100	
do 1848. coupon	8,908,343	6	Jan. & July	1868	128	125	do Alb. Nor. RR.....	300,000	6	do	1879	100	
do do registered							do City Bds.....	600,000	6	Jan. & July	var.		
do 1860. coupon	7,022,000	5	Jan. & July	1871	104	100	do RR. Bds.....		5	do	1913		
do do registered							do Improvement.....	4,963,000	5	J., A. J. & O.	1870		
do 1863. coupon	20,000,000	5	Jan. & July	1874	103	104	do Miscellaneous.....	820,000	6	do		83	
do do registered							do N. W. Virg. RR.....	1,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1873	97	
do 1861. coupon	282,728,150	6	Jan. & July	1881	119	114	do Water Loan.....	3,500,000	6	May & Nov	1875	98	
do do registered							do York & Cum. R.....	1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	1886	99	
Oregon War Bds (yearly) {	1,016,000	6	July	1881	106	106	do B. & O. R. coup.....	5,000,000	6	J., A. J. & O.	1890	{ 99	
Bonds (5-20s) of 1862. {	14,780,500	6	Jan. & July	1881	104	104	do Park.....	554,000	6	M. J. S. & D.	1890	99	
do do (yearly) coupon							do City Debt.....	197,700	6	do	'65 '82	91	
Bonds (5-20s) of 1863. {	100,000,000	6	May & Nov	1884	103	103	do Railroad Debt.....	740,000	6	do	'65 '74		
do do do registered							do City Bonds.....	583,205	4	do	'65 '79		
do do 1864. coupon	71,008,500	6	May & Nov	1885	103	103	do City Bonds.....	6,580,416	5	do	'65 '85		
do do do registered							do Water Loan.....	1,205,610	6	do	'67 '77		
(10-40s) 1864. coupon							do Water Loan Stg.....	1,949,711	4%	do	'67 '73		
do do do registered	171,219,100	5	Mar. & Sept.	1904	97	97	do Water Loan.....	993,000	5	do	'70 '78		
Union Pacific R.R. Bonds of 1865	4,634,000	6	Jan. & July	1895	100	100	do City Bonds.....	634,200	6	Jan. & July	'65 '71		
Treasury Notes (1st series) {	7,20	Feb. & Aug	1867	38	103	103	do Public L'n.....	1,251,000	6	do	'65 '95		
do (2d series) {	316,512,650	6	Jan. & June	1868	103	103	do Water Loan.....	121,540	6	do	1869		
Debt Certificates {	62,620,000	6	Maturity	1 year	100	100	do Pros. Park L'n.....	5,550,000	6	do	'61 '97		
State Securities.							do Buffalo, N.Y.—Municipal Bonds	216,000	6	do	'65 '79		
ALABAMA —State Bonds.....	2,109,000	5	May & Nov	1877	100	100	do Municipal Bonds	229,000	7	Apr. & Oct.	1881		
do do do (Sterling)	643,000	5	Jan. & July	1876	100	100	do City Bonds.....	571,000	7	Jan. & July	1876	95	
do do do do	688,000	6	do	1876	100	100	do Sewerage Bonds.....	360,000	6	do	1888		
CALIFORNIA —State Bonds.....	2,472,000	7	do	72 '80	121	122	do Water Bonds.....	913,000	6	do	1895		
do State Bonds large							do Water Bonds.....	1,030,000	6	do	1895		
CONNECTICUT —War Bonds.....	8,000,000	6	Jan. & July	1880	97	97	do Water Bonds.....	625,000	7	do	1897		
GEORGIA —State Bonds.....	2,073,750	6	Jan. & July	1880	99	99	do Sewerage Bonds.....	20,000	8	do	1871		
do do do	625,000	7	do	1872	100	100	do City Bonds.....	256,300	7	June & Dec.	'69 '79		
ILLINOIS —Canal Bonds.....	1,288,887	6	Jan. & July	1870	100	100	do City Bonds.....	50,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	1865		
do do do Registered	1,585,406	6	do	1870	100	100	do Water Bonds.....	319,457	8	Jan. & July	1871		
do Coupon Bonds.....	1,386,570	6	do	60 '65	100	100	do Railroad.....	400,000	7	Jan. & July	'75 '77		
do do do	2,917,725	6	do	69 '70	100	100	do Park Bonds.....	125,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1882		
do do do	1,783,777	6	do	76 '77	100	100	do Railroad Bonds.....	130,000	6	Jan. & July	1876		
do War Loan Bonds.....	1,157,700	6	do	1879	100	100	do Water Bonds.....	500,000	6	June & Dec.	1883		
INDIANA —State Bonds.....	236,000	5	Jan. & July	1879	100	100	do City Bonds.....	122,000	6	Various	'65 '81		
do do do	2,058,173	2%	do	1866	100	100	do Water Bds.....	118,000	7	do	'65 '75	93	
IOWA —State Certificates {	1,225,500	6	May & Nov	1868	95	95	do City Bonds.....	650,000	7	Jan. & July	'77 '83		
do War Loan Bonds.....	200,000	6	do	1868	95	95	do Water Bds.....	650,000	7	Various	'65 '80		
KANSAS —State Bonds.....	320,000	6	do	1868	95	95	do City Bonds.....	100,000	6	do	var.		
KENTUCKY —State Bonds.....	447,000	7	Jan. & July	1877	97	97	do Water Bonds.....	375,000	6	do	1887		
do State Bonds.....	3,204,000	6	Jan. & July	1876	95	95	do City Bonds.....	122,000	6	June & Dec.	1883		
LOUISIANA —State Bonds (RR) {	516,000	6	do	1876	95	95	do Water Bds.....	118,000	7	do	'65 '81		
do State Bonds (RR) {	3,942,000	6	do	1876	95	95	do City Bonds.....	650,000	7	Jan. & July	'77 '83		
MAINE —State Bonds.....	5,298,000	6	do	1876	95	95	do Water Bds.....	100,000	6	do	var.		
do War Bond.....	532,000	6	Mar. & Sept.	1867	66	67	do City Bonds.....	300,000	5	do	1887		
MARYLAND —State Bonds.....	4,800,000	6	Jan. & July	1870	80	80	do City Bonds.....	911,500	4	June & Dec.	1894		
do State Bds. coupon {	8,171,902	5	Quarterly	var.			do City Bonds.....	219,000	6	Feb. & Aug	'70 '83		
do State Bds inscribed {	3,192,763	6	Quarterly	var.			do City Bonds.....	100,000	7	Jan. & July	1873		
MASSACHUSETTS —State Script.....	1,727,000	6	Quarterly	1890			do City Bonds.....	425,000	5	Apr. & Oct.	'65 '84		
do do do	672,000	5	do	1870			do City Bonds.....	60,000	6	Jan. & July	'67 '87	95	
do War Loans.....	220,000	6	do	1870			do City Bonds.....	150,000	5	Apr. & Oct.	'73 '84		
do State Script.....	642,400	5	do	1870			do Fire Indem. S.	200,000	6	J. v. & July	'70 '81	95	
do do do	1,150,004	6	Jan. & July	1871	76	77	do Central P'k S.	3,000,300	5	F. M. A. & N.	1870		
do War Loan.....	1,088,000	6	do	1871	75	78	do Central P'k S.	3,066,071	6	do	1887		
MICHIGAN —\$3,000,000 Loan {	250,000	7	Jan. & July	1865	73	78	do CrotonW'r S'k	2,147,000	5	do	1880		
do do do	1,750,000	6	do	1865	73	78	do CrotonW'r S'k	900,000	6	do	1890		
do Renewal Loan.....	216,000	6	do	1873	100	100	do Wr S'k of '49	100,000	6	do	1890		
do War Loan.....	1,122,000	7	do	1886	95	95	do Wr S'k of '54	483,900	5	do	'75 '79		
do War Bounty Loan.....	345,000	7	May & Nov.	1890	95	95	do Bu. S'k No. 3.	1,873,900	5	do	1873		
MINNESOTA —State Bonds.....	250,000	8	Jan. & July	1867	79	79	do Fire Indem. S.	190,000	5	do	1873		
do State Bonds for RR {	602,000	6	do	1868	79	79	do Central P'k S.	402,768	5	do	1873		
do State Bonds (P. R.) {	7,000,000	6	Jan. & July	1867	72	77	do Central P'k S.	399,300	5	F. M. A. & N.	1868		
do State Bonds (H. & St.) {	3,000,000	6	do	1868	72	77	do Central P'k S.	3,075,000	6	do	1887		
do Revenue Bonds.....	431,000	9	do	1866	78	78	do C. P. Imp. F. S.	2,083,200	6	do	1887		
NEW HAMPSHIRE —State Bonds.....	535,000	6	Jan. & July	1874	100	100	do C. P. Imp. F. S.	1,966,000	6	do	1876		
do do do	731,000	6	Jan. & July	1874	100	100	do Royal Estate B.	600,000	6	do	1873		
do do do	700,000	7	do	1874	100	100	do Croton W'r S.	1,800,000	6	do	1883		
do do do	1,189,780	6	Jan. & July	1870	101	101	do FLD't. F'd. S.	2,748,000	6	do	1878		
do do do	500,000	6	do	1866	100	100	do Pub. Edn. S'k	150,000	5	do	1866		
do do do	909,607	5	do	1878	100	100	do Tomp. M'ket S.	500,000	5	do	'67 '76		
do do do	442,961	5	May & Nov.	1868	95	95	do Union Def. L.	145,000	5	do	1873		
do do do	900,000	5	Jan. & July	1868	95	95	do Vol. P'nty L'n	102,000	6	do	'65 '69		
do do do	800,000	5	do	1875	100	100	do Vol. Fam. Aid L.	895,570	6	May & Nov.	1864		
do do do	192,585	5	do	1866	100	100	do Vol. Fam. Aid L.	1,000,000	6	do	1867		
do do do	1,163,000	5	do	1868	100	100	do Sol. S'k, R.R.B.	2,500,000	5	do	'66 '73		
do do do	167,000	5	do	1871	97	97	do Sol. S'k, R.R.B.	2,000,000	6	do	'63 '76		
do do do	4,500,000	5	do	1874	88	87	do Riot Distr. R.B.	949,700	6	do	'80 '81		
do do do	9,749,500	6	Jan. & July	var.	84	84	do City Bds. new	565,700	5	do	'65 '82		
do do do	3,000,000	6	do	1900	100	100	do City Bds. old	739,222	5	do	'65 '82		
do do do	536,793	5	do	1860	100	100	do City Bds. new	2,322,800	6	do	'65 '83		
do do do	634,653	5	do	1865	100	100	do City Bds. old	7,898,717	6	do	'65 '84		
do do do	379,866	6	do	1868	100	100	do Railroad Bonds	1,009,700	6	Jan. & July	1913		
do do do	2,182,532	6	do	1870	98	98	do Railroad Bonds	1,800,000	5	do	'65 '89		
do do do	1,600,000	6	do	1875	95	95	do City Loan	6					

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, June 29.

Trade is very unsettled by the fluctuations in gold and the proposed revision of the tariff. The prevailing ease in the Money Market stimulates speculation; but there is unusual distrust in the permanency of prices. It is not supposed that the coming crops will lead to any marked decline; but prices are so high now that it is feared that it will be difficult to force further advance.

Breadstuffs have been unsettled by the absence of supplies.

Cotton has been very dull and depressed.

Provisions have been unsettled. The speculation in Pork and Hog products drags very heavily. Prices of Pork fluctuate about a dollar per barrel daily. The stock on the 1st prox. are expected to be large, while the supplies continue good, and the export and consumption much curtailed by the high prices that are now current. Beef of all kinds remains quiet. Butter shows more firmness and activity, with an upward tendency to prices. The receipts thus far this season have been below the average, and prices have latterly ruled quite low. Cheese meets with a large export demand at full and improving prices.

Groceries show no essential change. Coffee continues as it has been for some time past, very dull on inferior qualities, and firm for prime; but the demand is limited, and stocks are accumulating. Sugars are also increasing in stock, with only a moderate trade; gold prices are constantly working down. Molasses is well held, with a regular trade.

Naval Stores have been dull and unsettled. Oils have been irregular.

Hides have been dull, but Leather has been pretty brisk at full prices.

Petroleum has been dull and drooping.

East India goods remain quiet.

Fruits and Fish are barely supported.

Metals have shown considerable speculative feeling, based on the expected revision of the tariff. The principal movement at this port has, however, been in Lead, at 7c. gold, although the sales of Iron, Copper and Spelter have been considerable.

Tallow has been irregular and unsettled.

In Wool the transactions have been very large, and fine fleece has slightly improved.

Freights have been active, especially in the shipment of corn to Liverpool—supplies from the canal break being now at hand. Rates have advanced from 4d. @ 4d., early in the week, to 4d. @ 5d.

Ten Trade.—In reference to the tea trade in China, the following is the latest postal intelligence: KINKIANG, April 16. Green Teas.—No settlement has been made during the fortnight. At the date of our last report the market was quite bare of stock and only one small chop of 128 half-chests, which still remains on offer, has arrived during the interval. The stock at same date last year amounted to 41,809 half-chests, and although the total supply to this port will slightly exceed what is estimated, it will yet show a deficiency of nearly 90,000 half-chests as compared with the total of last season. Black Teas.—Since mid instant one chop, 74½ half-chests Hohow has been settled at Tis. 14.2.5. Present stock two chops, equal to 311 chests, local packed. Shipments of Tea to Shanghai since 2nd instant have been 850 packages Black, making total from 1st June to date 109,391 packages Black, and 143,621 Green; against 123,036 packages Black, and 188,460 Green, to corresponding period last season.

NINGPO, April 20.—The new crop Pingsuey is expected here in a month to six weeks. The nominal contract rate for No. 1, new crop chops of good preparation is Tis. 25.0 per pecul, and for Fychows slightly dearer, but we do not yet hear of any transactions.

HANKOW, April 14.—Extensive preparations are being made for the new season's Tea, and the number of contractors greatly exceeds that of last year. As the weather is favorable, it is anticipated that the crop will be early.

SHANGHAI, April 22.—There has been a moderate business in Green Tea, but trade generally extremely dull and will not revive now before the new season commences. Stock of Green Tea consist almost entirely of the commoner descriptions and to these the business of the interval has been mostly confined. In Black Teas there have been no transactions. In Green Teas about 9,000 packages have been settled at rather higher prices. Supplies are nearly exhausted and Stocks are reduced to 5,000 half-chests, of common quality.

FOOCHOW, April 23.—The unpolished stock of Congou has been reduced to about 130 half-chests, 200 packages having been sold since last advices. The disturbances in the upper districts of this province have been suppressed, and the tea-men are now hurrying forward their treasure for the purchase of the new tea. The delay in the picking of the leaf will probably improve the quality of the crop. A few small masters of district teas have been shown, but as these do not represent chops, it is useless to report upon them. Export since Jan. 1st, 1866, are: To United Kingdom, 2,988,280 pounds; to Australia, 1,344,960 pounds; to America, 684,200 pounds.

CANTON, April 26.—In Canton Congous nothing has been done; but a few masters have come down, for which extreme rates are asked. Pouchong—Sales to the extent of about 4,000 half-chests have taken place at former prices. These are on American account. Scented Teas.—Masters of the new crop are being shown, but as yet no business has been done. Canton Green Teas.—The teamen still show masters of these, but no settlements have taken place, as prices asked are too high, being in excess of those paid at the opening of last season. Exporters will, no doubt, remain firm, and the market will not be opened until the teamen are disposed to be moderate. Country Green Teas.—There are no old teas on the market, and the new have not yet come forward.

Telegraphic advices state that the export of tea for the last season had been 116,500,000 pounds, and that at Foochow, on the 19th of May, the first new season's tea had been offered. The first new tea will arrive in London this year earlier than usual, from the circumstance that they will be conveyed by steamer. The customary ease, however, will take place: the freight for the first tea ship is for about £1,000, £1 per ton being subscribed by the London tea merchants for this purpose. The competitors are the following: Fiery Cross, Serica, Ariel, Taitsing, Sir Lancelot, Taeping, Chinaman, Ziba, Black Prince and Yunnan Lochinvar. The winner last year was the Fiery Cross, but only by a fluke, that vessel and the Taeping having sailed side by side the whole distance. The Fiery Cross, however, being successful in obtaining the only steam tug in the Channel at the time of their arrival, was enabled to arrive at London a few hours before the Taeping.

RECEIPTS OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FOR THE WEEK, AND SINCE JAN. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending June 29, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1865, have been as follows:

[Of the items left blank in 1865 no record was made.]

	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '65.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '65.
Ashes, pkgs...	39	2,841	9,825	Rosin.....	5,716	195,681
Breadstuffs...				Tar.....	17	37,028
Flour, bbls...	49,993	1,003,433	1,379,545	Pitch.....		1,222
Wheat, bush...	90,451	423,344	910,210	Oil cake, pkgs...	2,950	53,008
Oats.....	55,992	1,593,906	3,526,950	Oil, lard.....	12	2,964
Corn.....	493,180	4,222,206	2,110,756	Oil, Petroleum...	21,249	458,821
Rye.....	10,050	76,139	50,130	Peanuts, bags...	283	7,291
Millet.....	10,712	253,794		Provisions—		
Barley.....		121,135	453,180	Butter, pkgs...	8,359	193,630
Grass seed.....		95,882		Cheese.....	36,190	105,356
Flaxseed.....		4,244		Cut meats.....	137	91,069
Beans.....	975	37,194		Eggs.....	3,498	102,349
Peas.....	6,900	111,989		Pork.....	130	89,905
C. meal, bbls...	1,704	58,699	1,859	Beef, pkgs...	296	46,180
C. meal, bags...	3,854	212,698		Lard, pkgs...	243	77,523
B. W. Flour, bags...				Lard, kegs.....		5,067
Cotton, bales...	9,951	373,141	177,515	Rice, pkgs...	27	1,487
Copper, bbls...	166	4,026		Starch.....	954	53,783
Copper, plates...				Stearine.....	15	5,282
Driedfruit, pkgs...		2,817		Spelter, slabs...		1,101
Grease, pkgs...		5,487		Sugar, lbs & cwt...		
Hemp, bales...		2,224		Pbds.....		2,607
Hides, bales...		248		Tallow, pigs...	49	3,448
Hops, bales...	345	229,657		Tobacco, pkgs...	3,683	78,798
Leather, sides...		8,406	13,155	Tobacco, hds...	2,913	24,630
Lead, pigs...	75	4,033		Whisky, bbls...	1,047	40,038
Molasses, hds & bbls...	834	8,143		Wool, bales...	3,617	42,119
Naval Stores—				Dressed Hogs.....		81,769
Crude tpt, bbl...	581	23,655	1,536	No.....		
Spirits, turpentine...	1,628	20,260	4,187	Rice, rough, bush...		15,792

EXPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES.

The following table shows the exports from this port of some leading articles of commerce for the week ending June 26, since January 1, 1866, and for the corresponding period in 1865:

For the week, 1st '66.	Since Jan. 1, '66.	For the week, 1st '65.	Since Jan. 1, '65.
Ashes, pts, bbls...	351	2,373	5,371
Ashes, Prts, bbls...		44	437
Beeswax, lbs...	8,833	144,073	134,222
Breadstuffs...			
Flour, bbls...	20,344	483,631	631,153
C. meal, bbls...	3,159	69,356	73,344
Wheat, bus...		131,494	459,379
Rye, bus...		199,209	
Corn, bbls...	383,283	4,046,610	348,529
Oats, bus...	19,105	745,178	
Pea, bus...	405	94,535	
Candles, bxs...	2,220	88,139	
Cotton, bales...	1,192	260,533	19,496
Hay, bales...	349	19,333	
Hops, bales...	63	728	11,657
Naval Stores...			
C. Turp, bbls...		11,883	
S. Turp, bbls...	614	4,995	621
Rosin, bbls...	3,866	125,007	5,748
Tar, bbls...		19,095	5,027
Petrol, gals...			
Pork, bbls...			
Beef, bbls & tcs...			
Bacon, 100 lb...	1,650	228,432	241,162
Cheese, 100 lb...			
Lard, 100 lb...	7,649	55,740	130,215
Lard, 100 lb...	1,906	147,273	152,373
Staves M...			
Tallow, 100 lb...	4,708	78,952	110,417
Tobacco, pkgs...	1,493	48,868	76,819
Tobacco, mfs, lbs...	221,3841	914,644,185	59,805
Whalebone, lbs...			
Tin slab, lbs...	10,670	4,011,899	1,593,262
Tin, bxs...			
Wines, &c...			
Bark, Peru...	365	3,634	1,356
Bleu p'wd'res...	2,213	13,711	10,812
Cochineal, tns...		1,323	3,150
Cochineal, lbs...	108	1,388	1,128
Coat, tons...			
Coal, tons...	8,135	201,136	82,512
Cocoa, bags...	91	1,786	1,903
Cotton, bales...	21,023	447,409	277,496
Gum, crude...			
Gum, Arabic...	95	1,853	20,159
Indigo...	270	1,032	3,071
Madder...	50	7,167	1,873
Oils, ess...	65	2,673	956
Oil, Olive...	1,931	76,431	10,078
Opium...			
Soda, bicarb...	7,447	74,826	29,679
Soda, sal...	2,788	18,783	5,983
Soda, ash...	1,391	23,617	15,791
Furs...			
Gumy cloth...		10,228	1,645
Hair...		2,654	1,608
Hemp, bales...	7,580	76,407	17,523
Hides, &c...			
Bristles...	54	1,302	458
Hides, dres'd...	271	5,345	1,595
India rubber...	91	13,212	15,597
Ivory...	71	327	244
Jewelry, &c...			
Lead, steady...	9	379	288
Watches...	22	596	328
Linsseed...			
Moissesse...	4,840	61,518	18,961
Metals, &c...			
Cutterly...	166	3,136	1,112
Leather...			
London, June 15th.—Baring's Circular reports:			

COCOA firmer.—696 bags all sold; Trinidad at 77s. 6d. @ 91s. for good mid to fine red, and 94s. 6d. @ 115s. for superior; Grenada at 68s. 6d. @ 69s. St. Lucia 65s.; St. Vincent's 60s., and Jamaica 54s. 6d.
COFFEE steady.
LEAD firm.—Comraon pig £21 @ £21 10s.
SPELTER quiet at £20 @ £20 10s.
COPPER quiet.—Tough cake £86, best selected £89, sheathing £91, Y. M. sheathing 8d. Chili slab sold at £83.

[June 30, 1866.]

DRUGS, &c.—Castor Oil: of 200 cases at public sale about one-fourth sold at 7d. for fair pale. Shellac: 75 chests of good orange were withdrawn at 87s. 6d. Japan Wax: 170 cases ord to fair block taken in from 75s. @ 82s. 6d. Senna: 30 bales Tinnevelly chiefly sold from 33d. @ 53d. for ord to mid leaf. Beeswax: 17 cases Madras white partly sold at 410 10s.

Hemp: 500 bales good current quality sold at £39. 500 bales Sunn held from £16 @ £22 for common to good.

JUTE.—Although there was a fair demand at the public sales, yet the prices were barely up to those obtained privately during the week; 4,930 bales mostly realised from £14 15s. @ £24 15s. for common to good, with rejections and inferior from £13 @ £13 10s.

IRON.—Welsh quiet; Rails and bars £8 f. o. b. in Wales. Scotch pigs 53s. cash for mixed Nos. on Clyde.

LINSEED.—Import for the week 4,148 qrs. We quote ord Calentia on the spot 67s., Mirzapur and Patna 68s., and Bombay 68s. 6d. Importation since 1st January 112,457 qrs. against 241,164 qrs. last year.

NAVAL STORES.—French spirits turpentine landed 45s., to arrive sellers at 43s. Petroleum 2s. 2½d. for refined.

OILS.—Linseed closes steady at 36s. 6d. @ 36s. 9d. on the spot. Olive—Mogador is firmly held for £52; other sorts dull. Cocouanut quiet: Cochin 53s., and Ceylon 45s. Palm—sellers of due Lagos at 40s., Palm Nut 38s. Fish—sales of Colonial Sperm at £123.

RICE firm, but transactions limited: 7,000 bags sold at 10s. 3d. for Necranzie, 10s. for Bassein, and 15s. for good new pearl white Bengal, with Baliam at 13s. A floating cargo of 650 tons Rangoon sold at 10s. 4½d. for the Continent.

RUM.—90 puns. Leewards sold at 1s. 4½d. @ 1s. 5½d., and 60 hhd. Demerara at 1s. 7½d. for pale, and 1s. 8d. for brown, and 70 puns. Barbice and Demerara at 1s. 6d. @ 1s. 6½d.

MOLASSES.—90 puns. Antigua sold at 14s. 6d.

SALTPETER quiet. 460 bags Bengal sold at 23s. 6d. for 6 per cent., and for arrival sales of 1,200 tons reported at 24s.

SPICES.—Black Pepper, little demand; 250 bags Penang were bought in at 3d.; 200 bags Pimento from 3d. @ 2½d. Ginger—2,300 bags African were taken out at 40s. for fair rough, with 200 bags Bengal at 32s.

SUGAR on the spot is still only in moderate demand at former prices, but for floating cargoes there is a good inquiry, several sales having been effected at improving prices, the advance from the recent lowest point being fully 1s. per cwt. upon clavet, and nearly 1s. per cwt. upon Muscovadoes afloat.

TALLOW.—Prices continue irregular and fluctuations frequent; St. Petersburg Y.C. 42s. 6d. on the spot, and 49s. 6d. @ 47s. for October to December.

TEA.—The public sales of Assam Tea this week comprised 1,741 pkgs., of which 1,281 found buyers without alteration in prices. The market for China Teas continues inactive. Good common Congou 1s. @ 1s. 4d. per lb.

TIN quiet; Bars 80s., Blocks 85s., Refined 87s.; Straits 70s. @ 70s.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 29.

During the past week the receipts of cotton at all the ports have reached about 17,000 bales, against 13,500 bales the previous week; being an increase of 4,000 bales; while the exports for the week are only about 10,000 bales. The total receipts at all the ports since September 1st now reach 1,951,121 bales; the total exports 14 bales, and the stock on hand at this date is about 344,802 bales. The receipts at all the ports since the close of the war now amount to 2,368,615 bales. Below we give our table of the movement of cotton at all the ports since September 1st, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

RECEIPTS AND EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) SINCE SEPT. 1, AND STOCKS AT DATES MENTIONED.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				SHIPMENTS TO NORTH PORTS.	STOCK.	Freights.			
		Great Britain.	France	Other for gen.	Total.			Price	To Liver- pool.	To New York.	Price of gold.
N. Orleans, June 22.	690,310	331,160	127,017	21,976	480,153	217,091	116,375	"	"	"	"
Mobile, June 22.	402,833	219,639	40,184	1,579	261,302	101,655	34,965	"	"	"	"
Charleston, June 22.	102,818	45,040	6,057	578	51,673	48,082	5,093	"	"	"	"
Savannah, June 22.	240,515	88,024	1,492	"	89,516	143,592	10,855	"	"	"	"
Texas, June 15.	164,629	58,006	1,739	3,214	63,559	64,842	6,986	"	"	"	"
New York, June 29*	136,356	381,733	25,987	41,272	458,902	.....	129,000	"	"	"	"
Florida, June 2...	146,196	34,703	.....	"	34,703	107,673	4,588	"	"	"	"
N. Carolina, June 29	62,562	21	.....	"	21	62,562	.....	"	"	"	"
Virginia, June 29...	34,902	.....	.....	"	34,902	.....	.....	"	"	"	"
Other p'ts, June 26.	108,049	.....	290	18,339	.....	127,000	.....	"	"	"	"
Total.	1,951,121	1,176,875	212,476	68,909	1,453,280	780,399	344,802	"	"	"	"

* By Railroad, Canal and River. + Estimated.

The market during the entire week has ruled dull; speculation being checked by reason of the more favorable advices from the South respecting the growing crop, and spinners buying only to a very limited extent. The European news received on Tuesday, was followed by a slightly increased activity on Tuesday and Wednesday, but since then the improvement has been lost, and the market closes to-day dull, with a drooping tendency. The sales for the week have been only about 4,500 bales. We quote, nominally, as follows:

		N. Orleans	Upland. Florida. Mobile. & Texas
Ordinary.	lb.	27	27
Good Ordinary.	32	32	32
Low Middling.	35	35	36
Middling.	37	37	38
Good Middling.	40	41	42

The receipts of Cotton at this market for the week ending this evening (Friday) were as follows:

From	Bales.	From	Bales.
New Orleans...	3,164	North Carolina...	418
Texas...	820	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c.	802
Mobile...	378	Per Railroad...	911
Savannah...	2,677	Foreign...	95
South Carolina...	761		
Total for the week.	10,096		
Previously reported.	947,202		

Total since July 1..... 957,228

The exports of cotton from this port have been as follows:

		Week ending
To Liverpool.	bales	June 5. June 12. June 19. June 26.
		37 449 912 693
To other British ports.		247 33 71 409
To Havre.		80
To other French ports.		.....
To Bremen.		.....
To Hamburg.		.....
To other German ports.		71 25 384 112
To various Continental ports.		.....
Total for the week.		425 474 1,392 1,304
Previously reported.		453,416 453,851 454,325 455,717

Total from N. York since July 1, '65. 453,851 454,325 455,717 457,021

MOBILE, June 23.—By mail we have received one week's later dates from Mobile. The receipts for the week ending Ju'e 23d were 1,490 bales against 1,505 bales last week, and the shipments were 4,121 bales against 3,096 bales last week; leaving the stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared at 34,965 bales. Shipments during the week were—to Liverpool 3,185, to New York 936 bales, and to Boston 1,166 bales. The following are the weekly receipts, sales, and exports, for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each of week :

Date.	Receipts.	Sales.	Exp's.	Stock.	mid.	L'pool.	Y'rk.	Price of gold.
March 3.	12,034	2,300	8,778	76,455	42	1¾d.	134@136	
" 10.	11,175	3,700	10,477	77,153	40	2¼d.	130@132	
" 17.	5,585	5,700	3,707	79,031	38C. 39	2½d.	129@131	
" 24.	5,503	7,600	6,746	80,788	37C. 38	2½d.	129@130	
" 31.	7,270	2,200	18,628	63,430	36C. 37	2½d.	125@126	
April 7.	6,841	10,400	2,243	74,228	34C. 35	2½d.	125@126	
" 14.	5,159	7,500	16,293	63,124	35C. 36	2½d.	125@126	
" 21.	5,393	3,400	10,024	58,933	32C. 33	2½d.	126@127	
" 28.	4,684	6,500	3,835	59,342	nominal	2½d.	125@127	
May 5.	3,114	5,000	12,674	49,783	31C. 32	2½d.	125@126	
" 12.	3,045	3,950	9,019	48,808	32C. 33	2½d.	128@129	
" 19.	2,374	3,700	3,616	41,782	33C. 34	2½d.	129@130	
" 26.	2,598	4,250	1,973	42,407	36C. 37	2½d.	140@150	
June 1.	2,181	2,305	2,620	41,958	-6C. 34	2½d.	138@139	
" 8.	1,903	1,770	4,674	39,188	32C. 34	2½d.	140@-	
" 15.	1,505	2,000	3,094	37,596	nominal	2½d.	143@146	
" 23.	1,490	635	4,121	34,965	33C. 34	2½d.	146@149	

The market closed on the 23d instant dull, in consequence of a diminution on the part of holders to sell at present prices. Gold was excited, and influenced by the advices of the advance in New York, rose at one time to 160. Exchange sterling ruled dull, closing at 145 @ 150; New York sight par @ ½ premium. The total receipts at Mobile since Sept. 1 now amount to 402,833 bales, and the exports to 392,158

NEW ORLEANS, June 23.—The mail returns for the week ending June 23 show the receipts to be 5,188 bales, against 3,842 bales last week. The shipments for the week were 7,709 bales: of which 4,146 bales were to New York, 2,559 bales to Boston, and 1,024 bales to Providence. Stock on hand June 23d had been reduced to 116,375 bales. There were no shipments during the week for Liverpool or any other foreign port. The receipts, sales, and exports for a series of weeks and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since April 7, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'ds.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	mid.	To Liver- pool.	To New York.	Price of gold.
April 7....	18,133	14,300	22,456	176,220	-38	9-16@2d.	125@-126	
" 14....	12,849	18,100	22,338	167,748	29C. 40	9-16@2d.	125@-126	
" 21....	10,801	11,000	19,779	160,336	40C. 41	9-16@2d.	125@-126	
" 28....	10,303	5,300	"	"	"	9-16@2d.	128@-	
May 5....	10,888	5,900	8,865	156,497	35C. 36	9-16@2d.	128@-	
" 12....	5,799	9,500	8,266	154,369	@35	2½d.	130@-130	
" 19....	5,460	9,700	3,512	157,087	36C. 37	2½d.	128@-128	
" 26....	5,207	13,000	15,303	147,496	39C. 40	2½d.	142@-143	
June 2....	4,112	8,200	13,083	139,769	40C. 41	2½d.	139@-144	
" 9....	5,258	5,600	21,721	124,133	38C. 39	2½d.	137@-141	
" 15....	3,842	9,750	10,650	121,791	Unsetd.	2½d.	146@-147	
" 23....	5,488	4,350	7,709	116,375	39C. 40	2½d.	145@-147	

* By steamer.

The market during the week has been inactive, and the price given above must be regarded as nominal. Mixed lots are freely offered at inside figures, with a steady tendency in favor of buyers.

GALVESTON, June 16.—We have received one week later statement by mail from Galveston. The receipts were 1,280 bales, against 477 last week, and the shipments were 828 bales, against 1,181 last week. The following were the shipments for the week ending June 16th: To New York, 805 bales; to New Orleans, 23 bales. Below we give the receipts, sales, and shipments for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week:

Date.	Rec'ds.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	mid.	To Liver- pool.	To New York.	Price of gold.
March 23....	1,252	751	2,668	16,663	29C. 30	2½d. @ 2d.	126@-127	
" 30....	2,274	2,466	5,473	14,185	30C. 31	2½d. @ 2d.	125@-125	
April 6....	1,379	182	4,493	10,344	29C. 30	9-16@2d.	126@-126	
" 13....	2,626	650	3,437	9,582	28C. 29	9-16@2d.	126@-128	
" 20....	3,277	1,771	618	12,192	28C. 29	9-16@2d.	124@-125	
" 27....	1,197	757	915	13,474	nominal	9-16@2d.	123@-124	
May 4....	1,532	100	2,291	11,715	nominal	9-16@2d.	125@-127	
" 11....	1,261	191	2,319	10,657	nominal	9-16@2d.	126@-128	
" 18....	506	174	2,306	8,357	nominal	2½d. @ 2d.	127@-129	
" 25....	1,176	155	228	9,305	nominal	2½d. @ 2d.	128@-13	

market closed dull—buyers not being disposed to purchase at the prevailing rates. Exchange on New York, sight, $\frac{1}{2}$ premium. The receipts, sales, and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since May 5th, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'd's.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	Price of mid. pool.	To Liver- pool.	To New York.	Price gold.	Freight for Up'l'd—	
									To New York.	To Liver- pool.
May 5.	2,301	940	2,470	10,650	unsettled	12@16d	1e@2d	128@129		
" 12.	2,361	1,200	1,901	11,112	29@20	12@16	12@2d	128@129		
" 19.	1,403	1,250	3,193	9,322	32@2d	12@16	12@2d	130@14		
" 26.	1,318	1,070	1,030	9,610	36@2d	12@16	12@2d	130@14		
June 1.	1,810	460	4,505	6,916	unsettled	12@—	12@—	137@—		
" 8.	1,110	281	2,099	5,926	32@2d	nominal	12@2d	144@2d		
" 15.	1,358	762	2,023	5,261	35@26	12@—	12@—	143@—		
" 22.	1,892	250	2,417	5,033	36@2d	12@—	12@—	143@—		

The total receipts at Charleston since September 1st, now reach 102,818 bales, and the shipments 99,984 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 22.—The receipts for the week ending June 21 were 5,199 bales of Upland and 44 bales of Sea Island, and the shipments were 8,075 bales Upland and 108 bales of Sea Island, as follows: To Liverpool, 1,973 bales Upland and 9 bales Sea Island; to Boston, 277 bales Upland and 2 bales Sea Island; to New York, 4,555 bales Upland and 87 bales Sea Island; to Philadelphia, 727 bales Upland; and to Baltimore, 543 bales Upland cotton—leaving on hand and on ship-board, not cleared on the 22d inst., a stock of 10,855 bales.

The market has undergone considerable fluctuations during the week, and, though a moderate business was done for the season, prices varied in such a manner as to prevent any established quotations. During the early part of the week the advance in the price of gold caused considerable activity in cotton, and a very good business was done in a speculative way on the basis of 36@ for Middling. This business, however, was purely speculative, scarcely any of the sales being made to fill orders. During the last two or three days nothing at all was done, and at the close of the week holders would find it difficult to effect sales at 35 cents.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—Our own correspondent in London, under date of June 16, writes as follows respecting these markets:

LIVERPOOL, June 16.—A fair amount of business has been transacted in Cotton this week. The aggregate sales are 71,710 bales, consisting of 56,600 bales to the trade, 10,400 bales for export, and 4,710 bales on speculation. American Cotton has chiefly commanded attention, and prices have gradually advanced $\frac{3}{4}$ d. to 1d. per lb. The falling off in the receipts of Cotton at Southern American ports, and the adverse rumors put in circulation respecting the United States crop have produced this effect. Brazil Cotton is rather dearer, but other descriptions are without quotable change from last week.

The stock here and the supply afloat are still large, and stand thus:

		1865.	1866.
Stock in Liverpool.....	bales.	352,820	1,039,950
" London.....		73,308	90,308
American cotton afloat.....		20,000	90,000
Indian ".....		481,317	650,104
Total.....		930,535	1,870,362

—or an increase this year of 940,000 bales. The prices current American Cotton are as under:

	1866.					
	Ordinary and middling.	Fair and good fair.	Good and fine.	Mid.	Fair.	Good
Sea Island.....	24	27	33	38	52	70
Stained.....	16	18	20	21	22	24
Upland.....	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	14	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mobile.....	11	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	16	..	..	..
New Orleans	11	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	18
Texas.....	11	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	..	..	18

The comparison of prices is as follows:

	COMPARATIVE PRICES OF COTTON.					
	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1863.	1865.
Middling—	d.	d.	d.	d.	Middling—	d.
Upland—	21	29	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	14	Egyptian	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mobile.....	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	14	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	Broadcloth.....	15 $\frac{1}{2}$
Orleans.....	22 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	18	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	Dhollera.....	15 $\frac{1}{2}$
Pernambuco	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	13 $\frac{1}{2}$		

The following are the particulars of sales, imports and stocks for the week and the year:

	SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.					
	Total	Total	Speculative	This	This	Same
	Ex- port.	Trade.	Speculative	this week.	this year.	period
American..bales.	19,120	1,310	2,290	22,721	640,610	139,530
Brazilian.....	6,590	420	10	7,020	187,780	140,270
Egyptian.....	2,581	210	110	2,900	107,110	230,940
West Indian.....	2,480	140	..	2,620	43,710	44,990
East India.....	25,800	8,310	2,300	36,410	508,570	623,390
China and Japan.....	30	10	..	40	1,880	1,880
Total.....	56,600	10,400	4,710	71,710	1,489,660	1,347,300

	Imports—						Stocks—		
	To This	To This	Stocks—	Same	Period	Dec. 31,	1865.	1866.	
American.....	60,690	844,768	126,868	459,369	440,790	36,360			
Brazilian.....	12,593	277,510	152,252	334,068	128,650	49,580			
Egyptian.....	2,682	127,826	217,871	411,288	54,600	68,420			
West India.....	1,581	54,817	50,302	113,298	26,850	11,340			
East India.....	30,347	729,222	305,761	1,095,744	386,700	134,930			
China and Japan.....	5	45	63,691	125,871	2,180	53,180			
Total.....	114,083	2,034,218	946,835	2,539,708	1,039,950	335,840			

LONDON, June 16.—The particulars of imports, deliveries and stocks at this port, so far as relates to East India, China and Japan cotton are as follows:

	1864.	1865.	1866.
bales.			
Import from Jan 1 to June 14.....	169,730	102,521	188,880
Delivery do do	128,294	137,189	133,443
Stock, June 14.....	85,924	75,398	94,308

HAVRE, June 15.—The Stock of American cotton is 1,875 bales, against 1,300 bales last year; of all descriptions 148,337 bales, against 35,076 bales.

BOMBAY, June 9.—The cotton trade continues heavy, and Dhollera is now selling at 300 rupees per Candy.

MADRAS, May 11.—The business doing in cotton is only moderate, at 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb. for Western; and 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for Salem and Coimbatore produce. The shipments for four months, viz.: from Jan. 1 to April 30, have been as follows:

	Great Britain.	France.	Elsewhere.	Total.
	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
Jan. 1 to April 30, 1866.....	191,539	782	1,630	194,301
do do 1865.....	97,730	1,706	415	99,851
do do 1864.....	68,478	8,494	804	77,781
do do 1863.....	65,223	2,874	2,187	70,333

ALEXANDRIA, June 2.—Good fair cotton is quoted at 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb. cost and freight. The market is very quiet. Annexed is the statement of shipments:

	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
	bales.	bales.	bales.
From May 25 to June 1.....	1,464	150	1,614
Previously from Nov. 1.....	124,290	26,534	150,824
Total this season.....	125,754	26,684	152,438
Same period last season.....	195,071	35,531	230,224

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 29, 1866

The arrival of supplies by the canal may be again noted, (although not in time to enter into our statistics for the week.) The effect is very different on different articles. The quantity of flour arrived to-day was much less than was expected, being less than the actual wants of the market, and prices advanced 10@15c. per bbl. As flour is still below the relative price of wheat, this buoyancy is very natural. Wheat was also in small supply and well held—speculative holders are confident of an advance of the best grades of Spring to \$2.75 per bushel. But the great feature of the market was the business in corn, which footed up nearly 400,000 bushels, the market closing with the demand still good at 87c. for prime mixed, and none offered. Oats are in large present and prospective supply, and closed heavy.

There is no variation in the crop accounts. Some new wheat has arrived at the Baltimore and St. Louis markets, but only limited quantities.

The movement at the Western markets is slightly falling off, as was to be expected on the approach of the season for harvesting.

The following are the closing quotations:

	Flour, Superfine State and Western.	Wheat, Chicago Spring
	per bbl.	per bushel.
Flour, Superfine State and Western.	\$ 6 75@ 7 60	1 70@ 2 35
Shipping R. hoop Ohio.	8 50@ 10 00	2 00@ 2 50
Extra Western, common to good.	8 00@ 13 65	2 30@ 2 60
Double Extra Western and St. Louis.	13 75@ 16 75	2 50@ 3 00
Southern supers.	10 35@ 11 50	9 00@ 9 52
Southern, fancy and ex.	11 60@ 16 75	1 05@ 1 30
Canada, common to choice extra.	9 00@ 13 75	1 00@ 1 20
Rye Flour, fine and superfine.	6 75@ 7 40	Malt
Corn meal, fine and superfine.	4 75@ 5 25	Peas, Canada
Brandywine.....	4 75@ 5 25	White beans

The movement in Breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

	RECEIPTS.	SHIPMENTS.
	For the w'k.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.	58,940	For the w'k. S'e Jan. 1.
Corn meal, bbls.	6,020	5,849
Wheat, bush.	8,415	185,925

[June 30, 1866.]

Receipts of Flour and Grain from the three last crops, commencing with the 1st of Sept., compare as follows:

	Flour,	Wheat,	Oats	Corn,	Barley,	Rye,
	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
1865-6.....	488,062	11,849,644	1,323,943	842,215	182,971	253,883
1864-5.....	172,594	4,285,630	640,593	245,238	178,527	100,456
1863-4.....	305,222	12,532,392	902,404	410,980	202,506	188,125

EASTWARD MOVEMENT BY CANAL.—The following is the eastward movement of flour and grain, showing about what there was afloat last Saturday on canals destined for tide-water:

From Buffalo, week ending	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
June 25.....	1,369	215,127	1,092,570	328,660	....	74,394
June 18.....	187,735	1,129,200	310,156	....	69,113	
June 11.....	3,480	82,020	949,121	468,671	25,897	15,000
Totals, 21 days ..	4,849	485,882	3,170,891	1,107,487	25,897	159,107
F'm Oswego, 16 days	4,296	133,764	220,281	14,396	....	14,980
Total afloat.....	9,145	618,646	3,391,172	1,121,883	25,897	174,087
Previous week.....	5,390	311,500	2,236,348	792,517	25,897	99,693
Corresponding time, '65.....	18,164	930,917	727,360	54,525	18,320	15,000

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending June 23:

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
Chicago.....	43,155	223,120	1,594,477	536,715	11,170	65,687
Milwaukee.....	15,453	305,884	46,566	116,563	1,829	22,916
Toledo.....	15,314	30,964	154,491	56,414	1,575	50,900
Detroit.....	11,620	4,461	24,115	12,150	1,996	2,934
Cleveland.....	3,069	20,031	10,047	9,715	400	....
Totals.....	88,611	594,460	1,830,396	711,587	16,970	93,567
Previous week.....	82,041	631,855	1,838,354	623,021	11,247	93,432
Cor. week, 1865.....	101,043	917,445	758,849	654,969	3,207	16,334

COMPARATIVE RECEIPTS AT FIVE WESTERN LAKE PORTS.—The following will show the comparative receipts of Flour and Grain at the ports of Milwaukee, Chicago, Toledo, Detroit and Cleveland, from Jan. 1st to June 23, for 1866 and 1865:

	1866.	1865.	1866.	1865.
Flour, bbls...	1,521,979	1,062,846	Oats, bush...	6,232,528
Wheat, bush..	8,819,656	8,162,049	Barley, bush..	340,016
Corn, bush..	15,781,477	6,995,220	Rye, bush....	776,739

Totals, grain..... 31,950,476 21,068,732

Increase 1866 over 1865: Flour, 459,133 barrels, and grain 10,881,694 bushels.

LIVERPOOL, June 16th.—The weather this week has been all that could be desired for the growing crops, which are now making very satisfactory progress. At Tuesday's market, although there was a fair attendance of country buyers, the trade in Wheat and Flour was quiet at last Friday's prices. There was a good supply of Indian Corn, which sold slowly at a decline of 3d per qr. Since Tuesday, in consequence of the recall of the respective Ambassadors of Austria and Prussia, the market has been very firm; and though the amount of business has not been large, there is very little Wheat offering, and prices are decidedly against buyers. French Flour has been in good request at an advance as per sack. Indian Corn has barely supported Tuesday's prices. At our market today holders of Wheat and Flour offered their stocks very sparingly, and at considerably enhanced prices, which, however, buyers were reluctant to concede; eventually a moderate business was done at an advance of 2d, to 3d, per cental on Wheat, and 1s. per sack on Flour over Tuesday's prices. There was a better supply of Indian Corn, and with only a moderate demand, prices gave way 3d, to 6d. per sack.

Flour Extra State, per bbl., 26s. 0d. @26s. 6d.; Canadian, 26s. @28s. Wheat—Chicago and Milwaukee, per 100 lbs., 9s. 6d. @10s. 4d.; do. Amber Iowa, 10s. 6d. @10s. 9d. Indian Corn-Yellow, per 480 lbs., 2s. 3d.; White, 31s. @31s. 6d.; Mixed, 28s. 6d. @29s. Peas—Canadian, per 504 lbs., 37s. @38s. Oatmeal—Canadian, per 240 lbs., 28s. @29s.

FOREIGN IMPORTS THIS WEEK.

	Wheat, I. Corn,	Flour,		
	Qrs.	Qrs.	bbls.	sacks.
America and Canada.....	1,313	20,622	...	
Europe, &c.....	7,287	10,345	400	2,353
Total.....	8,600	30,570	400	2,353

Since 1st Sept., 1865..... 492,374 635,027 73,312 449,730
Same time 1864..... 586,272 193,142 165,590 176,894

IMPORTS OF GRAIN INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

	Wheat.	I. Corn.	Oth. Grain.	Flr. & Ml.
	Qrs.	Qrs.	Qrs.	Cwt.
Sept. 1, 1865, to April 30, 1866..	3,518,645	1,620,096	2,179,915	3,608,953
Same time 1865.....	2,378,712	1,180,760	1,942,686	1,905,498

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, June 29, 1866, P. M.

The Dry Goods Trade is without material change from last week. There has been less demand for goods during the last two or three days, and trade is quite dull. Prices are hardly so firm, though there is no quotable decline. Goods are accumulating in very large quantities, especially among the leading houses and leading styles. Cotton goods, especially, are growing abundant; and, should the mills continue their present production, there will be no want of goods for the Fall trade. Few goods have been sold, nor could large sales be made except at a concession. Woollen goods are more steady and there is more doing, but with little or no changes in prices. It is not quite certain that the new tariff will be passed in as favorable a condition to manufacturers as expected a week or more ago.

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are very quiet, with nothing of moment doing. In fact, but little trade is to be expected at this season. We make no change in quotations, although some Standard goods have been offered at a cent a yard less than our quotations. Standards are still quoted at 25 cents. This is the price of Indian Head A, Appleton A, Stark A, Nashua X X, and Lawrence C. Atlantic heavy A 37 inch 26, do P A 37 inch 25, do A H 37 inch 25, do P H 37 inch 25, do heavy shirt A V 30 inch 21, do

fine sheet A L 36½ inch 28½, do do P L 36½ inch 28½, do shirt P E 33 inch 22, Indian Head B 30 inch 20, do E 48 inch 37½, Nashua extra A 36 inch 22, do fine D 36 inch 21, Waltham F 40 inch 26, Massachusetts A 4-4 22, do B B 4-4 21½, Medford 24, Newmarket Manuf. Co. 33 inch 20, do 36 inch 21, do heavy D 36 inch 24, Auburn 36 inch 14, Indian Queen 36 inch 17, New England 36 inch 17, Pittsfield A 36 inch 18, Rocky Point sheetings 36 inch 17, Wawawanda 36 inch 17, Appleton B 40 inch 30, do C 17, do D 19, do W 48 inch 33, do shirting N 19, Ethan Allen D 14½, Manhattan K 17½, Pocasset Canoe 39 inch 26, do K 36 inch 21, do family cot 36 inch 18, do H 28 inch 15, Western States 18, Grafton 28 inch 15, do 30 inch 16 do 33 inch 17, Indian Orchard W 33 inch 18½, do B B 19½, do C 21½, and A 25, Bristol 19, G. Washington heavy 19, Griswold 4½ 12, Warren 36 inch 18. Excelsior light 4-4 11½, O. J. Rathburn 4½ 19, Edward Harris 40 inch 30 do 19, Wochusets 23, Tigers 15.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have also been quiet, especially during the last two or three days, nor is any material improvement expected for a week to come. There is no quotable decline in prices, but they are somewhat nominal. New York Mills are held at 48½ cents, Wamsutta 37½ and Lonsdale 32, Rockdale B 26, Uxbridge imperial 4 4 25, Kent River 12, Grafton 3-4 14 and 7 8 15, Auburnville 4 4 29, Aquidneck 4-4 21, do 7 8 18, White Rock 36 34, O J Rathburn 7 8 19, Social Mill Co. water twist 28½, do, C-7 8 18, Manville R 21, do XX 26, Attawangan XX 25½, Bedford O 16, Indian River XX 23, Warrenton B 15, Bartlett Steam Mills 33 inch 24, do 5-4 33, do 7-8 21½, do 4-4 29½, Newmarket 33 inch 22, do 36 inch 25, Waltham L 72 inch 65, do X 33 inch 22½, do W 42 inch 31½, do M 81 inch 85, do N 90 inch 97½.

DRILLS are again quiet, but prices are steady. India 25, Globe Steam Mills 20, Union drill 12½, Pepperell 25, Boott 25, Stark Standard 24 Park Mills 20.

CORSET JEANS are steady for fine qualities, while low grades are nominal. Indian Orchard 16½, Silver Lake brown are sold ahead at 21½@22, Newmarket colored 17, Nashua and Franklin each 15.

STRIPES AND CHECKS are again quiet, and prices are more or less nominal. Arkwright 6x2 22½, do 3x3 22, Louisiana plaids 24, Ringgold fast plaids 20, Simpson's Chambrays 25, Concord 15, Madison check 18, Roanoke 20, Penobscot 22½, and Upplands 22.

TICKS are unchanged in price, but there is only a light demand, and that for the better qualities. West Branch are quoted at 18 for No. 3, and 20 for No. 2. Springfield 14, Pacific Extra 3 32½, do 4-4 42½, Henry Clay 3-4 19, Amoskeag A C A 62½, A 50, B 45 C 40 and D 35, York 30 inch 41, 32 inch 51, Albany 14, American 20, Glen Allen 3 4 13½, Chattanooga 3-4 15, Ontario A 3-4 13, Passaic 7 8 20, Sacondale 13, Windus 22, Chattanooga 16, Willow Brook 45, Farmer's and Miner's 50

DENIMS AND COTTONADES are very quiet, and there is less firmness in prices. Burlington Brown Denims sell at 14½, Homestead Brown 20½, Peacock Blue 19, Arkwright Blue 26½, do Brown 26½, Madison Brown 20, Providence Blue 20.

PRINT CLOTHES are dull and lower. The quotation is nominally 14½ for 64x64 square, but there are few sales taking place.

PRINTS are inactive, and the tendency is to lower prices, although quotations are unchanged. Arnolds are quoted at 17c, American Print Works madder 20, Sprague's National 19, Madder Rubies 21, Indigos 21, Mournings 18, Canaries 20, solid colors 21, shirtings 22, Garners 23, Amoskeag pink 22, do purple 21, do shirtings 20, do dark 20, do light 20, do mourning 19½, Swiss Ruby 21½, Lowell dark 19, do light 19 Spring Valley 15, Wamsutta 16½, Dusters 16½, Merrimac D 20, do W 21, Manchester 19 for fancy and 20 for frocks, Dunnells 19 net, Allen's 19 net for fancy, 20 for purple, and 20½ for pinks. Pacific 20 net, Hamilton 20 for fancy, 21½ for pinks and purples. Glen Cove full madders 14½, Wauregan fancies 19½, do Rubies 20½.

JACQUETS are quiet and unchanged. Lonsdale 20, White Rock 22 for high colors, and 21 for plain.

GINGAMs are less active, but with no quotable change in price. Lancaster 27, Glasgow 26.

LAWNS are dull and declining, with but little of moment doing. Dunnell Manufacturing Co.'s 1,400 quality sell at 26 regular; Lodi fancy, mourning and plain solid colors 20, Pacific Co.'s fine printed Cambries 32½.

SILESIAS are steady for the better grades. Indian Orchard 23, Social Mills 27½, do extra fine twilled 32½.

CAMBRIES are firm but inactive for the moment. Clinton 13, Federal 12½, Smithfield Mfg Co. 14-15, Fox Hill Bank 12, Narragansett 15, Wauregan 16.

HOOP SKIRTS are steady at uniform rates, Thompson woven Train 65c do Zephyr 55c, Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, and Empress Trail prices unchanged, S T & A T Meyers's IXL in fair demand, J C Kelley's Gotham No. 60, 95@52c, do do No. 70, 47 to 68c.

CANTON FLANNELS are quiet and unchanged. Columbia are sold at 26 cents, Nashua 27.

MOULIN DE LAINES are inactive and quotations are still nominal. Pacific and Manchester 23, Pacific armures 24, do Robes de Chambre 32½, Pacific and Mauchester Challies 23½.

BALMORAL SKIRTS are in very light demand, and quotations are nominal. Gilberts black and white \$33 per doz, do dark fancy colors \$39, and Park Mills black and white \$36.

LINSEYS are in fair demand. Rob Roy's sell at 26 cents for 3-4, Wool filling 3-4 34, 37½, White Rock 35.

CLOTHES are moderately active for the better grades, while low grades are in light demand. Prices are rather firmer for all kinds. Cotton warps \$2 15 for No. 1, \$2 05 for No. 2, and \$1 95 for No. 3; 6-4 Conshohocken do \$2 25@\$2 75; 6-4 all wool black doeskins \$3 25 @ \$3 75; Leicester ladies' cloths \$1 50.

CASSIMERES AND SATINETES are in steady, fair demand, for heavy

grades. There is less confidence in the passage of the new tariff and less expectation of higher prices. Millville 3-4 fancy cassimeres sell at \$1 50@\$2, do silk mixed do \$1 50, Farmer's and Miner's double and twist do 50c, Farmer's A Union do 47½c, Shaw's Diagonal cassimeres \$1 35, do doeskins \$1 25, Rochester grey do \$1 25, Dighton's silk mixed \$1 50 for light weight and \$1 87½@\$2 12½ for heavy do, Utica 6-4 fancy cassimere \$2 12½@\$3. Merchant's Woollen Co.'s silk mixtures \$2 for 3-4 and \$4 for 6-4, Carolina Mills heavy fancy do \$1 62½@\$2, American Mills 3-4 heavy do \$2 25@\$2 50, do 6-4 do \$4 50@\$5, East Windsor Woollen Co.'s 3-4 fancy do \$2@\$2 25, Solomon Woodward's 3-4 black-ribbed do \$2, do tan do \$2, Wallomsack River Mills 3-4 fancy do \$1 50@\$1 75, Tacoocic Mills 3-4 fancy \$1 25, do 8-4 Union silk mixtures \$1 37½, Fort Ann Mills 6-4 coatings \$4, Granville Mills 3-4 fancy cassimeres \$1 75@\$2, Lake Austin's Mills 3-4 mixtures \$1 75, Trenton plaids for boys 42½c for plain, and 47½ for twilled, Evans, Seagrave & Co.'s heavy 3-4 fancy cassimeres \$2@\$2 50, F. M. Ballou & Co.'s do \$2@2 50; S. & H. Sayles do \$1 37½@\$1 75, Babcock & Moss, do \$2@\$2 50, Campbell & Co.'s do \$2@\$2 25, Mechanicsville Co.'s do \$1 75@\$2 25, Evans, Seagrave, Mason & Co.'s No. 3 mill do \$2@2 25, plough, loom and anvil cassimeres 50c net. Tip top satins sell at \$1 10 for No. 1, and \$1 05 for Lower Valley, Mousen and Hampden 75c@\$0c for mixtures and 85c for blue.

KENTUCKY JEANS are in fair request and steady. Washington and Union 50c, Eagleville 37½@42½, extra fine indigo blue do 47½, common standard 22c, and E. and H. Babcock's Alpine cloth 47½.

LINSEYS are quiet. White Rock sell at 35, Park Mills 32½ for No. 35, 37½ for No. 45, and 40 for No. 60.

FLANNELS are in good demand, and finer. Plain scarlet and orange range from 32½@60, plain white 34@75, scarlet, blue and mixed twilled 37½@65.

AMERICAN LINEN is steady. Crash 12@16, and Hucabuck 20@21.

FOREIGN GOODS are dull for nearly all kinds. Some few styles of Summer dress goods are called for at full prices. Black and plain colored silks are also steady, but most other goods are purchased at lower figures. Woollens are inactive. The sales at auction are without importance.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our own correspondent in London, under the date of June 13, writes as follows respecting the Manchester Cotton Yarn and Cotton Goods market:

The market for yarns has shown a few signs of renewed activity; but buyers, both for the home and export trades, are very cautious, and the aggregate business done shows no material increase from last week. The trade, however, is decidedly firmer; and, although prices cannot be quoted higher, they are certainly fully as high as last week. Cloth is firm, and commands rather more money. Were it not for the circumstance that large quantities, purchased several weeks since, and which were intended for the Indian markets, have, owing to the failure of Agra and Masterman's Bank, been again placed upon this market, it is probable that a somewhat important rise would have to be recorded. For the home trade, the transactions have been on a tolerably large scale. The following are some of the leading quotations:

WATER TWIST FOR EXPORT.

	Numbers.....	6 to 12	16 to 24	28 to 32	38 to 42
		d.	d.	d.	d.
Common quality.....		8	16½	17½	21
Second quality.....		10	18	19	23
Best quality.....		16	19	21	25

MULE TWIST FOR EXPORT.

	Numbers.....	6 to 12	16 to 24	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
		d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
Common quality.....		7	12	14	17	22	23	25	27	29	31
Second quality.....		9	13	15	19	24	25	27	29	31	33
Best quality.....		13	15	17	21	26	27	29	31	33	35

GOLD END GRAY SHIRTINGS, 37½ YARDS.

	Reeds.....	45 INCHES	50 INCHES					
	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	lb. oz.	
Weights.....	8 4	9 0	10 0	10 8	8 12	10 4	11 0	11 8
Prices.....	14s. 6d.	16s. 0d.	18s. 6d.	20s. 0d.	16s. 0d.	18s. 9d.	19s. 9d.	22s. 0d.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending June 29, 1866, and the corresponding weeks of 1864 and 1865, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 29, 1866.

	Pkgs.	Value.	1864.	1865.	1866.
Manufactures of wool...	110	\$27,390	831	\$291,123	900
do cotton...	72	24,174	462	135,481	369
do silk...	179	191,281	250	288,445	175
do flax...	71	81,899	1266	217,217	416
Miscellaneous dry goods.	19	3,022	207	28,725	219
Total.....	444	\$258,306	3016	\$360,991	2079

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

	Manufactures of wool...	34	\$14,834	306	\$128,092	1219	\$408,191
	do cotton...	19	7,780	91	26,279	152	54,286
	do silk...	31	47,445	57	74,884	88	86,107
	do flax...	192	26,398	342	82,335	585	163,161
	Miscellaneous dry goods.	1	2,343	11	3,029	880	30,777
Total.....		277	\$98,800	1,827	\$314,619	2984	\$832,515

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

	Manufactures of wool...	427	\$202,823	749	\$303,075	691	\$291,895
	do cotton...	126	36,051	50	17,152	206	67,597
	do silk...	46	48,466	56	83,318	39	29,623
	do flax...	35	7,364	146	26,360	161	40,164
	Miscellaneous dry goods.	2662	67,405	15	5,113	21	15,297
Total.....		4296	\$363,108	1015	\$435,018	1118	\$444,576

ADD'NT'D FOR CONSUMPT'N

	Total entered at the port.	4740	\$620,414	4031	\$1,396,009	3197	\$1,278,773

DETAILED STATEMENT.

The following is a detailed statement of the movement the past week ending June 29, 1866:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.

MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.	
Pkgs.	Value.
Woolens....	419 \$182,635
Cloths....	44 22,733
Carpeting....	11 2,719
Blankets....	76 7,930
Total....	500 \$367,595

MANUFACTURES OF COTTON.	
Cottons....	74 \$18,505
Colored....	14 5,879
Emb'd mus'n	11 7,559
Total....	104 \$36,943

MANUFACTURES OF SILK.	
Silks....	56 \$78,553
Pushes....	1 1,162
Velvets....	5 5,863
Ribbons....	51 50,479
Total....	136 \$109,967

MANUFACTURES OF FLAX.	
Linens....	342 \$82,981
Linen & cot....	1 6,814
Hdkfs....	8 2,151
Total....	416 \$98,826

MISCELLANEOUS.	
Leath gloves. 12"	\$15,829
Leath gloves. 3	1,909
Clothing....	85 13,726
Total....	219 \$78,739

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE.	
	MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.
Pkgs.	Value.
Woolens....	406 \$192,662
Cloths....	11 5,867
Carpeting....	17 4,747
Blankets....	173 17,840
Total....	520 \$498,191

MANUFACTURES OF COTTON.	
Cottons....	48 \$19,356
Colored....	29 8,646
Prints....	9 2,751
Total....	152 \$54,286

MANUFACTURES OF SILK.	
Silks....	19 \$31,946
Ribbons....	43 35,500
Laces....	8 4,900
Total....	88 \$86,107

MANUFACTURES OF FLAX.	
Linens....	555 \$146,219
Linen & cot....	1 266
Hdkfs....	11 9,867
Total....	589 \$163,000

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING.	
	MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.
Pkgs.	Value.
Woolens....	210 \$104,180
Cloths....	3 814
Gingams....	42 15,341
Emb. muslin's	11 4,163
Carpeting....	17 24,536
Blankets....	173 17,840
Total....	323 16,594

MANUFACTURES OF COTTON.	
Cottons....	89 \$33,159
Colored....	2 459
Gingams....	11 3,733
Hdkfs....	4 1,390
Total....	102 1,427

MANUFACTURES OF SILK.	

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[June 30, 1866.]

Quan.	Value	Quan.	Value	Quan.	Value	Quan.	Value	Quan.	Value	Quan.	Value	Quan.	Value
Tobacco stems, cs.....	25 500	Mfd tobacco, lbs.....	20,408 7,741	Fish roes, bbl 100 lbs.....	900	Sweepings, bbls 17 lbs.....	6,460	Bread, pkgs... 40	181	Candles, bxs. 20	210	Rosin, bbls... 100	360
Seneca root, pkgs.....	30 1,610	Butter, lbs. 21,734 6,595	Beef, bbls... 35	596	Paint, pkgs... 103	400	Vinegar, bbls. 25	394	W'd w're, pkgs. 215	704	Alcohol, bbl. 1	103	
Wood, tons... 25	1,050	Treenails... 2,000	160	Tallow, lbs. 273,619	31,204	Shoes, cs.... 2	206	Iron safe..... 4	285	Ag impls, pkgs. 200	9,933	Blacking, cs... 50	800
Ice, tons... 150	750	Iron ore, tons. 90	836	Quer bark, hhd\$9	3,0 5	Flour, bbls... 150	2,288	Miscellaneous... 1,624	1,624	Irons, cs... 100	1,215	Scars, cs... 4	1,741
Miscellaneous... 96		Beef, bbls... 11	228	Hoots, bags... 715	1,350	Paper, reams. 900	615	Spars, cs... 4	1,741	Nails, bxs. 146	7,125	Carriges..... 7	3,680
	\$54,229	Spta turpentine. 1	65	Brandy, cs... 20	266	Hoop skirts, cs. 3	210	NEW GRANADA.		Spw mach, cs. 146	7,125	Hardware, cs... 27	1,310
LIVERPOOL.		Cheese, lbs. 123,044	180	Oars... 1,625	4,400	Gin, pkgs... 36	338	Dry woods, cs. 25	10,000	Bits, cs. 1	322		
Cotton, bals. 693	113,044	Oil clothing, cs. 1	108	Sists, bds. 1,005	1,500	Tallow, lbs. 2,653	358	Clothes, cs. 12	4,800	Paint, rm's. 1,000	500		
Cheese, lbs. 762,240	148,500	Hardware, cs. 13	430	Quer bark, hhd\$9	1,700	Sev mach, cs. 19	1,271	Boots & sh., cs. 8	2,400	Cot'g pins, pes. 100	7,428		
Bacon, lbs. 105,014	26,074	Hemp, bales... 4	235	Quer walnut, lg 12	1,700	Hardware, cs. 60	2,362	Books, mtl., cs. 5	1,000	Furniture, bxs. 31	363		
Tallow, lbs. 121,443	13,397	Preserves, cs. 15	756	Cedar, logs... 400	8,708	Books, cs. 100	353	Fancy goods, cs. 3	360	Oil, galla... 41	109		
Corn, bush. 262,923	235,000	Eggs, cs. 20	4,000	Clothing, cs. 8	100	Photo mat's, cs. 3	467	Sev mach... 2	6,600	Nails, bxs. 4	44		
Beeswax, lbs. 5,880	2,375	Miscellaneous... 44		Effects, cs. 6	230	Exp pkgs, cs. 1	139	Exp pkgs, cs. 1	139	Machinery, cs. 1	40		
Eggs, cs. 20	5,600			Effects, cs. 7	7	Wine, cs. 150	567	Tin ware, cs. 1	120	Harness, cs... 20	899		
Drugs, cs. 5	600			Effects, cs. 8	100	Gin, cs. 100	468	Lobsters, cs. 38	300	Perfumy, cs. 1	100		
Dry goods, cs. 13	1,129			Effects, cs. 9	100	Preserves, cs. 35	350	Hoop skirts, cs. 8	2,466				
Mach, cs. 3	350			Effects, cs. 10	100	Lamps, cs. 2	300	Matches, cs. 17	295	Clocks, bxs. 40	1,280		
Staves, No. 31,889	123,044			Effects, cs. 11	100	Stationery, cs. 2	200	Maizena, bxs. 230	1,080				
Lard, lbs. 12,237	2,609			Effects, cs. 12	100	Maize, bxs. 69	1,593	Spats turp, bxs. 69	1,593				
Furs, bale... 1	853			Effects, cs. 13	100	Window glass, bxs. 60	425	Tacks, bxs. 13	270				
Rags, bales... 15	645			Effects, cs. 14	100	BORDEAUX.							
Actl impts, phgs. 70	5,942			Effects, cs. 15	100	Tobacco, bds. 4	16,900						
Whalefats, lbs... 11,676	1,070			Effects, cs. 16	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Shoulders, lbs... 20	4,700			Effects, cs. 17	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Rosin, bals. 1,703	8,295			Effects, cs. 18	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Beads, cs. 40	2,181			Effects, cs. 19	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Sew mach, cs. 123	8,824			Effects, cs. 20	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Toys, cs. 20	1,758			Effects, cs. 21	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Clock, lbs. 79,964	14,131			Effects, cs. 22	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Hams, lbs. 27,426	4,816			Effects, cs. 23	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Carriage mts., pkgs... 138	668			Effects, cs. 24	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Pork, bbls... 49	1,398			Effects, cs. 25	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Sperm oil, gals... 3,288	7,574			Effects, cs. 26	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Tobacco, hhd\$180	70,260			Effects, cs. 27	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Copper ore, tons... 170	1,530			Effects, cs. 28	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Mahogany, logs... 203	4,500			Effects, cs. 29	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Lumber, ft. 4,500	149			Effects, cs. 30	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Clocks, bxs. 178,832	18,332			Effects, cs. 31	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Ashes, cks... 55	8,700			Effects, cs. 32	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Iron, cks... 32	1,000			Effects, cs. 33	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Bladders, lbs. 6,000	1,500			Effects, cs. 34	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Jewelry, bxs. 2,208,088	57,685			Effects, cs. 35	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Tobacco, hhd\$181	11,950			Effects, cs. 36	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Piano, 600	1,600			Effects, cs. 37	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Starch, bxs. 573	1,050			Effects, cs. 38	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Sew mach, cs. 462	15,103			Effects, cs. 39	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Horn tips, cks. 22	1,600			Effects, cs. 40	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Staves, No. 9,000	2,500			Effects, cs. 41	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Tallow, lbs. 13,038	12,300			Effects, cs. 42	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Tin, slabs... 1,890	27,369			Effects, cs. 43	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Earth paint, pkgs... 15	120			Effects, cs. 44	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Corn, bush. 30,392	25,616			Effects, cs. 45	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Drugs, pkgs... 9	450			Effects, cs. 46	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Prep corn, bxs. 600	2,190			Effects, cs. 47	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Tobacco, bxs. 50	2,000			Effects, cs. 48	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Clocks, bxs. 296	4,256			Effects, cs. 49	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Sponge, bales. 62	1,100			Effects, cs. 50	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Be. f, bbls... 555	20,000			Effects, cs. 51	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
	\$240,953			Effects, cs. 52	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
BRISTOL.				Effects, cs. 53	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Petroleum, gals... 87,244	35,710			Effects, cs. 54	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Naphtha, gals. 4,879	9,757			Effects, cs. 55	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Spts turp, bbls. 558	17,378			Effects, cs. 56	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Oil cake,				Effects, cs. 57	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Lbs... 496,328	12,319			Effects, cs. 58	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Rosin, bals. 717	2,240			Effects, cs. 59	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Pkd fish, bbls. 8	157			Effects, cs. 60	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
	\$26,256			Effects, cs. 61	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
QUEENSTOWN.				Effects, cs. 62	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Petroleum, galls... 58,255	25,632			Effects, cs. 63	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
BELFAST.				Effects, cs. 64	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Corn, bush. 18,372	17,096			Effects, cs. 65	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
LONDONDERRY.				Effects, cs. 66	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Corn, bush. 32,104	29,624			Effects, cs. 67	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
CORK.				Effects, cs. 68	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Corn, bush. 23,000	19,530			Effects, cs. 69	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Petroleum, galls... 110,468	45,199			Effects, cs. 70	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
GIBRALTAR.				Effects, cs. 71	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Petroleum, galls... 27,500	13,736			Effects, cs. 72	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Rosin, bals. 110	380			Effects, cs. 73	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Tobacco, hhd\$150	14,500			Effects, cs. 74	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Staves... 18,700	2,244			Effects, cs. 75	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Mfd tobacco, lbs... 63,158	27,187			Effects, cs. 76	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Carriages... 18	4,230			Effects, cs. 77	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Hickory, pces. 370	1,000			Effects, cs. 78	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
White pine, bbls... 21,524	11,613			Effects, cs. 79	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Lumber, pces. 439	1,500			Effects, cs. 80	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Miscellaneous... 85	85			Effects, cs. 81	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Pork, bbls... 368	8,376			Effects, cs. 82	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Oats, bush. 12,000	7,304			Effects, cs. 83	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Corn, bush. 5,400	5,450			Effects, cs. 84	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Coal oil, gals... 6,487	2,657			Effects, cs. 85	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Drugs, pkgs... 23	141			Effects, cs. 86	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
HAVRE.				Effects, cs. 87	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Cotton, bales. 499	72,000			Effects, cs. 88	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Potatoes, bbls. 296	13,647			Effects, cs. 89	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
	\$11,065			Effects, cs. 90	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
MEXICO.				Effects, cs. 91	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10	100						
Petroleum, 1,000	8,500			Effects, cs. 92	100	Trunks, pkgs. 10							

PRICES CURRENT.

WHOLESALE.

All goods deposited in public stores or bonded warehouses must be withdrawn therefrom, or the duties thereon paid within one year from the date of the original importation, but may be withdrawn by the owner for exportation to Foreign Countries, or may be transhipped to any port of the Pacific, or Western Coast of the United States, at any time before the expiration of three years from the date of the original importation, such goods on arrival at a Pacific or Western port, to be subject to the same rules and regulations as if originally imported there; any goods remaining in public store or bonded warehouse beyond three years shall be regarded as abandoned to the Government, and sold under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. Merchandise upon which duties have been paid may remain in warehouse in custody of the officers of the customs at the expense and risk of the owners of said merchandise, and if exported directly from said custody to a Foreign Country within three years, shall be entitled to return duties, proper evidence of such merchandise having been taken abroad to be furnished to the collector by the importer, one per centum of said duties to be retained by the Government.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted.

The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Ashes—Duty: 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

Pot, 1st sort. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 8 23
Pearl, 1st sort. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 15 25

Anchors—Duty: 24 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

Of 200 lb and upward $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 10

Beeswax—Duty: 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.

American yellow.... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40 41
Elo Grande shin.... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35 00

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent.

Elo Grande shin.... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35 00

Bread—Duty: 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.

Pilot.... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 6 61
Navy.... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 5 54
Crackers.... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 14

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks.

Common hard..... per M. 9 00 @ 10 00
Croton..... 14 00 @ 15 00
Philadelphia Fire..... 40 00

Bristles—Duty: 15 cents; hogs hair, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

American, gray and white.... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 70 @ 2 50

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents.

The market is fairly active for home consumption.

Butter—
N. Y., Welch tubs, strictly fine, 35 @ 8 1
do do fair to good 30 @ 8 35
do Firkins, 35 @ 4 9
do $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs, strictly fine 33 @ 8 38
Western, good to choice 25 @ 3 30
Pa., common to medium 25 @ 3 30
do firkins, finer kinds, yellow 33 @ 3 35
West. K. Erve, good to fine, yel. 36 @ 5 5
do com. to medium 23 @ 3 30
Southern Ohio..... 25 @ 3 30
Canada, uniform and fine 25 @ 3 30
do ordinary, mixed 25 @ 3 30
Mich., Ill., Ind., & Wis., g. to f. yel. 34 @ 3 37
do do com. to med. 23 @ 3 30

Cheese—
Factory made dairies 16 @ 2 23
Farm dairies 18 @ 2 24
do do common 8 @ 1 15
English dairy..... 1 @ ..
Vermont dairy..... 1 @ ..

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2%; spermaceti and wax 8; stearine and adamantine, 5 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

Sperm.... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 1 @ ..

do patent, 1 @ ..

Refined sperm, city 30 @ 6 21

Stearic..... 12 @ 2 23

Adamantine..... 5 6 67

Cement—Rosendale.... $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. 1 @ 1 75

Chains—Duty, 24 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

One inch and upward.... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 8 1 @ 8 1

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ ton of 28 bushels

80 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ ton of 28 bushels of 80 lb $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel.

Liverpool Orrel. $\frac{1}{2}$ ton of 240 lb. 1 @ 10 00

Liverpool House Cannon. 1 @ 14 00

Anthracite..... 8 00 @ 9 00

Cocoa—Duty: 3 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

Caracas. (gold) (in bond) $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 22 @ 2 23

Maracaibo. (gold) do 15 @ 1 15

Guayaquil (gold) do 15 @ 1 15

Guayaquil (gold) do 15 @ 1 15

Coffee—Duty: When imported direct in American or equalized vessels from the place of its growth or production; also, the growth of countries this side of the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly in American or equalized vessels, 5 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.; all other 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad valorem in addition.

Coffee has been un-taxed during the week and the market elos d' dfl.

Kilo, prime, duty paid gold 18 @ 1 19

do good gold 11 @ 1 17

do fair gold 15 @ 1 17

do ordinary gold 14 @ 1 14

do fair to good average gold 15 @ 1 17

ava, mats and bags gold 24 @ 2 25

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Native Ceylon.....	20 @ 2 22	Gum, Myrrh, Turkey.....	50 @ 6 60
Marcabaio.....	17 @ 1 19	Gum Senegal..... (gold)	5 @ 2 24
Laguayra.....	17 @ 1 17	Gum Tragacanth, Senna.....	35 @ 4 40
St. Domingo.....	16 @ 1 17	Gum Tragacanth, white flaky.....	85 @ 1 00
Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2%; old copper, 2 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; manufactured, 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. $\frac{1}{2}$ square foot, 31 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. All cash.		Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng. (gold)	30 @ 3 20
Copper—Ingot is in fair demand and steady. Other kinds are q-set.		Iodine, Resublimed.....	5 50 @ ..
Sheathing, new..... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 43 @ 4 45		Ispap.....	4 75 @ 2 25
Sheathing, &c., old..... 24 @ 2 25		Super Berries.....	25 @ 5 5
Sheathing, yellow..... 25 @ 2 25		Licorice Paste, Calabria.....	26 @ 3 27
Bolts..... 48 @ 4 45		Licorice Paste, Sicily.....	23 @ 2 24
Braziers'..... 43 @ 4 45		Licorice Paste, Spanish Solid.....	38 @ 3 39
Baltimore..... 31 @ 3 31		Madder, Dutch..... (gold)	36 @ ..
Detroit..... 34 @ 3 33		Madder, French, E. X. F. F. do	74 @ 8
Portage Lake..... 33 @ 3 32		Manna, large flake.....	1 75 @ 1 90
Cordage—Duty, tarred, 3; untarred Manila, 2½ other untarred, 3½ cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.		Nutmegs, Blue Aleppo.....	46 @ 5 50
Manila..... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20 @ 2 21		Oil Anise.....	4 00 @ 4 50
Tarred Russia..... .. @ ..		Oil Cassia.....	4 75 @ 5 50
Tarred American..... .. @ ..		Oil Bergamot.....	8 50 @ ..
Bolt Rope, Russia..... .. @ ..		Oil Lemon..... (gold)	3 00 @ 3 25
Corks—Duty, 50 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.		Oil Peppermint, pure.....	8 75 @ 4 40
Regular, quarts..... $\frac{1}{2}$ gross 55 @ 70		Opium, Turkey..... (gold)	.. @ 6 25
Short Tapers..... .. @ ..		Oxalic Acid.....	.. @ 4 44
Mineral..... 45 @ 5 50		Phosphorus.....	.. @ 1 00
Phit. @ ..		Prussiate Potash.....	40 @ 4 40
Cotton—See special report.		Quicksilver.....	90 @ 1 00
Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 40 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon; Aloes, 6 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Alum, 60 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Argols, 6 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Arsenic and Asafoetida, 10; Arrowroot, 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Balsam Capivi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30 ad val.; Balsam Peru, 50 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Calisaya Bark, 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 12; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Borax, 10 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Crude Brimstone, \$6; Roll Brimstone, 10 @ 10 lb; Flor Sulphur, \$20 @ ton, and 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Carb. Ammonia, 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Castor Oil, \$1 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 12; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebas, 10 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola, and Gamboge, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Gun Benzoin, Gun Kowrie, and Gun Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gun Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Gedda, and Gum Tragacanth, 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 15; Ipecac, and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anils, Oil Camphor, 50; Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Opium, \$50 @ 50 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Phosphorus, 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Quicksilver, 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Sal Eurus, 15 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Sal Eucalyptus, 15 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Saraparilla, 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Senns. Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1; Sapon. Lead, 20 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Sulphur, Quinine, 45 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. To all others quoted below, FREE. Most of the articles under this head are now sold for cash. (All items above \$100 are quoted in dollars.)			
Acid, Citric..... (gold)	62 1/2 @ 6 63	Dye Woods—Duty free.	
Alcohol..... $\frac{1}{2}$ gall. 6 @ 4 44		Camwood..... (gold). $\frac{1}{2}$ ton	29 50 @ 30 60
Aloes, Cape..... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25 @ 2 26		Fustic, Cuba.....	29 50 @ 30 60
Alums, Socotrine..... 85 @ ..		Fustic, Tampico.....	.. @ ..
Anatto, fair to prime..... 55 @ 7 70		Fustic, Savanna..... (gold)	25 00 @ ..
Antimony, Regulus of..... 25 @ 1 14		Mastic, Maracaibo..... do	25 00 @ 26 00
Angora, Crude..... 24 @ 2 25		Logwood, Campeachy..... (gold)	20 00 @ ..
Angora, Powdered..... 26 @ 2 28		Logwood, Hond..... 20 00 @ ..	
Asperitofide..... 3 @ ..		Logwood, Tabasco..... (gold)	23 00 @ ..
Balsam Capivi..... 25 @ 2 25		Logwood, St. Domingo..... 20 00 @ ..	
Balsam Tolu..... 87 1/2 @ 8 87		Logwood, Jamaica..... 2 00 @ ..	
Balsam Peru..... 85 @ 9 90		Limewood..... 110 00 @ ..	
Bark, Calisaya..... 1 @ ..		Barwood..... (gold)	85 60 @ 90 60
Berries, Persian..... 40 @ 5 50		Sapan Wood, Manila.....	.. @ ..
Big Carb. Soda, Newcastle..... 45 @ 5 50			
Bi Chromate Potash..... 12 @ 2 23			
Bird Pepper, African, Sierra Leone, bugs..... 28 @ 3 32			
Bird Pepper, Zanzibar..... (gold)	7 @ 3 31		
Bleaching Powder..... 11 @ 3 32			
Borax, Refined..... 11 @ 2 25			
Brimstone, Crude. $\frac{1}{2}$ ton. (gold)	12 @ 2 25		
Brimstone, Ann. Roll. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 4 4 @ 4 41			
Bromide, Fl. Sulphur..... 5 @ 3 34			
Camphor, Crude, (in bond). (gold)	1 07 @ 1 11		
Cannithrides..... 1 @ ..			
Carb. Ammonia, in bulk..... 1 @ ..			
Cardamoms, Malabar..... 8 @ 3 35			
Castor Oil, Cases..... $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon 2 95 @ 3 30			
Chamomile Flowers..... $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 50 @ 6 60			
Chlorate Potash..... (gold)	34 @ 3 34		
Cochineal Soda..... 1 @ ..			
Cobalt, Crystals, in kegs, 112 lbs (gold)	1 15 @ 1 20		
Cochineal, Honduras..... 1 05 @ 1 10			
Cochineal, Mexican..... (gold)	1 05 @ 1 10		
Copperas, American..... 1 04 @ 1 14			
Cream Tartar, prime. (gold)	80 @ 1 14		
Cutchebs, East India..... 13 @ 1 14			
Cutlefish Bone..... 13 @ 1 14			
Epsom Salts..... 11 @ 8 80			
Extract Logwood, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60 @ 8 80			
Flowers, Benzoin..... $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 @ 2 25			
Folia, Buchu..... 55 @ 7 75			
Gamboge..... 7 @ 2 00			
Ginger, Jamaica, blhd, in blbs..... 1 75 @ 2 00			
Ginseng, Southern and Western..... 80 @ 1 00			
Gum Arabic, Pickled..... (gold)	55 @ 7 75		
Gum Arabic, Sorts..... 42 @ 4 44			
Gum Benzoin..... 45 @ 5 50			
Gum Kowrie..... 38 @ 3 35			
Gum Gadda..... 35 @ 3 35			
Gum Dammar..... 34 @ 3 34			
Gum Myrrh, East India..... 1 @ 50			

Figs, Smyrna.....	\$ 25	@ 30	
Brazil Nuts.....	15	@ 15	
Fiberts, Sicily.....	11½	@ 12	
Walnuts, French.....	11	@ 12	
DRIED FRUIT—			
N. State Apples.....	\$ 18	@ 22	
Blackberries.....	40	@ ..	
Black Raspberries.....	..	@ 50	
Pared Peaches.....	25	@ 35	
Unpeeled do.....	18	@ 5	
Cherries, pitted, new.....	..	@ 50	
FURS—Du-y, 10 \$ cent.			
Gold Prices—Add premium on gold for currency prices.			
North. and East. Western.			
Beaver, Dark.....	\$ 1 10	@ 2 00	
do Pale.....	1 25	@ 1 50	
Bear, Black.....	5 00	@ 15 00	
do brown.....	4 00	@ 8 00	
Badger.....	90	@ 1 50	
Cat, Wild.....	90	@ 1 50	
do House.....	10	@ 20	
Isher.....	5 60	@ 10 00	
ox, Silver.....	10 00	@ 5 75	
do Cross.....	3 00	@ 10 00	
do Red.....	1 00	@ 2 25	
do Grey.....	60	@ 1 25	
Lynx.....	1 25	@ 3 50	
Marten, Dark.....	5 50	@ 10 50	
do pale.....	1 50	@ 3 00	
Mink, dark.....	3 00	@ 6 00	
Musk rat.....	10	@ 25	
Otter.....	5 00	@ 8 00	
Opossum.....	20	@ 30	
Raccoon.....	70	@ 1 00	
Skunk, Black.....	75	@ 1 00	
do Striped.....	40	@ 50	
do White.....	10	@ 12	
Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate			
not over 10x15 inches, 2½ cents \$ square foot; larger and not over 16x21 inches, 4 cents \$ square foot; argand and not over 24x30 inches, 6 cents \$ square foot; above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents \$ square foot; all above that, 40 cents \$ square foot; not; above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents \$ square foot; all over that, 3 cents \$ lb.			
American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities.			
(Subject to a discount of 30 @ 35 \$ cent.)			
6x 8 to 8x10.....	\$ 50	feet	
8x. to 10x15.....	6 00	@ 7 75	
11x 1 to 12x18.....	6 50	@ 9 25	
12x19 to 16x24.....	7 00	@ 9 50	
18x22 to 20x30.....	7 50	@ 11 75	
20x30 to 24x30.....	9 00	@ 14 50	
24x31 to 24x36.....	10 00	@ 16 00	
25x36 to 30x44.....	11 00	@ 17 00	
30x46 to 32x48.....	12 00	@ 18 00	
32x50 to 32x56.....	13 00	@ 20 00	
Above.....	15 00	@ 24 00	
E.-gish and French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities.			
(Single Thick)—Discount 30 @ 35 \$ cent.)			
6x 8 to 8x10.....	\$ 50	feet	
8x. to 10x15.....	6 00	@ 7 75	
11x 1 to 10x15.....	6 50	@ 9 25	
11x14 to 12x18.....	7 00	@ 9 75	
12x19 to 16x24.....	7 50	@ 10 50	
20x31 to 24x30.....	12 00	@ 15 50	
24x31 to 24x36.....	13 00	@ 16 50	
24x36 to 30x44.....	15 00	@ 18 00	
30x45 to 32x48.....	16 00	@ 20 50	
32x50 to 32x56.....	18 00	@ 24 00	
GUNNY BAGS—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less,			
\$ square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents \$ lb.			
Calcutta, light and heavy.....	\$ 234	@ 24	
GUNNY CLOTH—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less			
\$ square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents \$ lb.			
Calcutta, standard.....	29	@ 30	
GUNPOWDER—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less			
\$ lb., 6 cents \$ lb., and 20 \$ cent ad val.; over 20 cents \$ lb., 10 cents \$ lb. and 20 \$ cent ad val.			
Blasting (A).....	\$ key of 25	lb. @ 5 00	
Shipping and Mining.....	..		
Ride.....	7 50	@ 65	
Sporting, in 1 lb. canisters.....	\$ 40	@ 1 10	
Hair—Duty FREE.			
Rio Grande, mixed, (cash).....	\$ 34	@ 35	
Buenos Ayres, mixed.....	33	@ 34	
Hog, Western, unwashed.....	11½	@ 13	
Hay—North River, in bales \$ lb.			
100 lbs. for shipping.....	60	@ 65	
Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$25; Jute, \$15; Icilian, \$40; Sunn and Sisal, \$15 \$ per ton; and Tampico, Icilian \$ lb.			
American, Dressed.....	\$ ton	310 00 @ 325 00	
do Undressed.....	..	@ 250 00	
Russia, Clean.....	3 5 00	@ 340 00	
Jute.....	(gold)	120 00 @ 140 00	
Manila.....	(gold)	\$ 12	@ 9
Sisal.....	9½	@ 10	
Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted, and Skins, 10 \$ cent ad val.			
The Market is dull; and quotations are nominal.			
Dry Hides.....			
Buenos Ayres.....	\$ 17½	@ 29	
Montevideo.....	17½	@ ..	
Rio Grande.....	10	@ 65	
Orinoco.....	10	@ 15	
California.....	10½	@ 17	
California, Mexican.....	10½	@ 16	
Porto Cabello.....	12½	@ 13	
Vera Cruz.....	11½	@ ..	
Tampico.....	14	@ 16	
Matamoras.....	13½	@ 14	
San Juan and Cent. Amer.....	..	@ ..	
Maracaibo.....	..	@ ..	
Bogota.....	..	@ ..	
Western.....		cash.	
Dry Salted Hides—			
Maracaibo.....	\$ lb. gold	9 @ 10	
Maranhão.....	do	10 @ 11	
Pernambuco.....	do	10 @ ..	
Tampico and Metamoras.....	do	10½ @ 11	
Bahia.....	do	10 @ ..	
Chili.....	do	11 @ 11½	
Wet Salted Hides—			
Buenos Ayres.....	\$ lb. gold	8 @ 8½	
Rio Grande.....	do	8½ @ 8½	
California.....	do	10 @ ..	
Western.....	do	10 @ 11	
Couty slter trim, & cured.....	11 @ 12	do	
do do do.....	10 @ 12½	do	
Upper Leather Stock—			
B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip.....	\$ lb. cash.	20 @ 23	
Sierra Leone.....	do	24 @ 25	
Gambia and Bissau.....	do	14 @ 16	
East India Stock—			
Calcutta, city slier.....	\$ lb. cash.	21 @ 23	
do dead green.....	do	15 @ 17	
do black, dry.....	do	.. @ ..	
do buffalo.....	do	.. @ ..	
Honey—Duty, 20 cents \$ gallon.			
Cuba, (duty paid). (gold).....	\$ 83	@ 84	
Hops—Duty: 5 cents \$ lb.			
Crop of 1865.....	\$ 20	@ 70	
do of 1864.....	25	@ 40	
Horns—Duty, 10 \$ cent ad val.			
Os, Rio Grande.....	\$ C	18 00 @ ..	
Os, Buenos Ayres.....	13 00	@ 15 00	
India Rubber—Duty, 10 \$ cent ad val.			
Para, Fine.....	\$ lb	.. @ 77½	
Para, Medium.....	65	@ 70	
Para, Coarse.....	55	@ 60	
East India.....	..	@ ..	
Cartagena, etc.....	..	@ ..	
Guayaquil.....	..	@ ..	
Indigo—Duty FREE.			
Bengal.....	\$ lb	1 20 @ 2 00	
Oude.....	95	@ 1 25	
Kurph.....	nomin.		
Madras.....	70	@ 1 25	
Manila.....	85	@ 1 35	
Guatemala.....	(gold)	85 @ 1 05	
Caracass.....	(gold)	70 @ 85	
Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1½ cents \$ lb.; Railroad, 70 cents \$ 100 lb.; Boiler and Plate, 1½ cents \$ lb.; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1½ to 3 cents \$ lb.; Pig, \$9 \$ ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents \$ lb.			
The Market has been somewhat unsettled by the fluctuations in gold.			
Pig, Scotch, Best, No. 1 (cash).....	46 00	@ 48 00	
Pig, American, No. 1.....	46 00	@ 48 00	
Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold).....	95 00	@ 105 00	
IRON PRICES—			
Bar Swedes, assorted sizes.....	165 00	@ ..	
Bar, English and American, Refined.....	120 00	@ ..	
do do do Common.....	110 00	@ ..	
Scroll.....	150 00	@ 200 00	
Ovals and Half Round.....	145 00	@ 155 00	
Band.....	..	@ 150	
Horse Shoe.....	145 00	@ 150 00	
Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch.....	122 00	@ 150	
Hoop.....	1 5 00	@ 2 00	
Nail Rod.....	\$ lb	10 @ 11	
Sheet, Russia.....	27	@ 23	
Sheet, Single, Double and Treble.....	6	@ 8	
Rails, English.....	(gold)	55 00 @ ..	
do American.....	80 00	@ 85 00	
IVORY—Duty, 10 \$ cent ad val.			
East India, Prime.....	\$ lb	8 00 @ 3 50	
East India, Billiard Ball.....	3 50	@ 4 50	
African, West Coast, Prime.....	3 00	@ 3 25	
African, Scrivello's, West Coast.....	2 00	@ 2 50	
Lead—Duty, Pig, \$2 \$ 100 lb.; Old Lead, 1½ cents \$ lb.; Pipe and Sheet, 2½ cents \$ lb.			
Bar Swedes, assorted sizes.....	165 00	@ ..	
Bar, English and American, Refined.....	120 00	@ ..	
do do do Common.....	110 00	@ ..	
Scroll.....	150 00	@ 200 00	
Ovals and Half Round.....	145 00	@ 155 00	
Band.....	..	@ 150	
Horse Shoe.....	145 00	@ 150 00	
Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch.....	122 00	@ 150	
Hoop.....	1 5 00	@ 2 00	
Nail Rod.....	\$ lb	10 @ 11	
Sheet, Russia.....	27	@ 23	
Sheet, Single, Double and Treble.....	6	@ 8	
Rails, English.....	(gold)	55 00 @ ..	
do American.....	80 00	@ 85 00	
IVORY PRICES—			
Galena.....	\$ lb	.. @ ..	
Spanish.....	gold	6 75 @ 7 00	
German.....	gold	6 75 @ 7 00	
English.....	gold	6 75 @ 7 00	
Bar.....	..	@ 11	
Pipe and Sheet.....	..	@ 11	
Ivory—Duty: sole 35, upper 30 \$ cent ad val.			
East India, Prime.....	\$ lb	8 00 @ 3 50	
East India, Billiard Ball.....	3 50	@ 4 50	
African, West Coast, Prime.....	3 00	@ 3 25	
African, Scrivello's, West Coast.....	2 00	@ 2 50	
Lead—Duty: 30, 35, upper 30 \$ cent ad val.			
Oak, Slaughter, light.....	\$ lb	22 @ 26	
do middle.....	do	38 @ 44	
do heavy.....	do	43 @ 49	
do light Cropped.....	do	44 @ 49	
do middle do.....	do	50 @ 54	
do biceps do.....	do	17 @ 21	
Hemlock, B. Ayres, &c., It'd do.....	32	@ 33	
do middle.....	34	@ 35	
do heavy do.....	37	@ 34	
do California, light do.....	31	@ 32	
do middle do.....	33	@ 34	
do heavy do.....	31	@ 35	
Orinoco, etc. It'd do.....	30	@ 31	
do middle do.....	32	@ 33	
do heavy do.....	29	@ 32	
do B. A. dam'd all weights.....	95	@ 91	
do poor all do.....	21	@ 24	
do Slaughter in rough, cash.....	19	@ 25	
Oak, Slaughter in rough, light do.....	32	@ 36	
do do mid. & h'vy do.....	38	@ 43	
Lime—Duty: 10 \$ cent ad val.			
Rockland, common.....	\$ bbl.	.. @ 1 50	
do heavy.....	..	@ 2 10	
Lumber, Woods, Staves, Etc.—Duty.			
Lumber, 20 \$ cent ad val.; Staves, 10 \$ cent ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE.			
Spruce, Eastern.....	\$ M f e e t	21 00 @ 25 00	
Southern Pine.....	55 00	@ 65 00	
Paints—Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents \$ lb.; Paris white, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents \$ lb.; dry ochre, ground \$100 lb.; oxides of zinc, 14 cents \$ lb.; ochre, ground in oil, \$1.50 \$ 100 lb.; Spanish brown 25 \$ cent ad val.; China clay, \$5 \$ ton; Venetian red and vermilion, 5 \$ cent ad val.; white chalk, \$10 \$ ton.			
Litharge, American.....	\$ lb	11 @ 12	
Lead, red, American.....	11	@ 12	
do white, American, pure, in oil.....	..	@ 17	
do white, American, pure, dry.....	..	@ 17	
Zinc, white, American, dry, No. 1.....	16	@ 17	
do white, American, No. 1, oil.....	10	@ 12	
Ochre, yellow, French, dry \$ 100 lb.....	2 50	@ 3 50	
do ground in oil.....	9	@ 10	
Spanish brown, dry.....	\$ lb	1 50 @ ..	
Paris white, No. 1.....	\$ lb	4 50 @ ..	
do do Am.....	\$ lb	4 50 @ ..	
Whiting, American.....	21	@ 21	
Vermillion, Chinese.....	\$ lb	1 60 @ 1 70	
Meronville, Chinese.....	\$ lb	1 05 @ 1 10	
do Trieste.....	1 05	@ 1 10	
do California & English.....	1 85	@ 1 40	
do American.....	80	@ 80	
Venetian N. C.	\$ owl	3 00 @ 3 50	

Carmine, city made.....	\$ 15.00	@ 20.00
China clay.....	\$ 35.00	@ 6.00
Chalk.....	\$ 5.00	@ 5.50
Chalk, block.....	\$ 1 ton	@ 17.00
Chrome yellow.....	\$ 18.00	@ 49.00

Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents \$ gallon.	
Crude, 40 @ 47 gravity... \$ gall.	21 @ 24
Refined, free.....	21 @ 24
do in bond.....	40 @ 40
Naphtha, refined.....	38 @ 40
Residuum.....	\$ 50 @ 6.00

Plaster Paris—Duty: lump, free; calcined, 20 cents \$ ad val.	
Blue Nova Scotia..... \$ ton.	.. @ ..
White Nova Scotia..... \$ ton.	.. @ ..
Calcedine, eastern..... \$ bbl.	.. @ 2.40
Calcedine, city mills.....	.. @ 2.50

Provisions—Duty: beef and pork, 1 cent; hams, bacon, and lard, 2 cents \$ lb.	
The Pork Market has been un-settled and prices are lower. Beef is steady at last week's quotations.	
Beef, plain mess..... \$ bbl.	
do new do.....	16.00 @ 21.00
do extra mess.....	.. @ ..
do do new.....	21.50 @ 24.50
do India mess.....	.. @ ..
Pork, mess, new.....	31.50 @ 32.70
do prime mess.....	.. @ ..
do mess, Old.....	.. @ ..
do prime, do.....	29.50 @ 31.10
Lard, in bbls..... \$ bbl.	
do kettle rendered.....	19.00 @ 22.00
Hams, pickled.....	1.00 @ 2.00
do dry salted.....	1.75 @ 2.00
Shoulders, pickled.....	1.83 @ 1.50
do dry salted.....	.. @ ..
Bacon hams..... \$ bbl.	
Bacon.....	1.50 @ 1.75

Rags—(Domestic).

White, city.....	10 @ 10
Seconds @ 5¢	5 @ 5
City colored.....	4 @ 1
Canvas.....	11 @ 11
Country mixed.....	4 @ 5

Rice—Duty: cleaned 2½ cents \$ lb.; paddy 10 cents; and uncleared 2 cents \$ lb.	
Carolina..... \$ 100 lb.	12.00 @ 13.00
East India, dressed.....	9.50 @ 10.00

Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents \$ 100 lb.; bulk, 18 cents \$ 100 lb.	
Turks Islands..... \$ bush.	50 @ 52½
Cadiz.....	.. @ ..
Liverpool ground..... \$ sack	1.55 @ 1.60
do fine Ashton's..... (gold)	2.75 @ 2.00
do fine, Northington's.....	2.70 @ 2.75
do fine, Jeffreys & Darcy's	2.70 @ 2.75
do fine, Marshall's.....	.. @ ..
Onondaga, com. fine..... bbls.	2.25 @ 2.50
do do 210 lb bgs.	1.65 @ 1.75
do do \$ bush.	3.8 @ 4.0
Solar coarse.....	.. @ ..
Fine screened.....	45 @ 46
do \$ pkg.	3.00 @ 3.00
F. F.	2.75 @ 3.00

Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2½ cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent \$ lb.	
Refined, pure..... \$ lb.	1.5 @ 1.8
Crude.....	.. @ ..
Nitrate soda..... gold	3.5 @ 4

Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cents; hemp, 1 cent \$ lb.; canary, \$1 \$ bushel of 60 lb.; and grass seeds, 30 cents \$ ad val.	
Clover..... \$ lb.	10 @ 12
Timothy, reaped..... \$ bush.	6.5 @ 7.00
Linseed, American, clean..... \$ tee	.. @ 27.00
do American, rough..... \$ bush	3.00 @ 3.25
do Calcutta.....	.. @ ..
do Bombay.....	.. @ ..

Shot—Duty: 2½ cents \$ lb.	
Drop and Buck..... \$ lb.	11 @ 12
do \$ lb.	11 @ 12
do \$ lb.	11 @ 12
do \$ lb.	11 @ 12

Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 cents.	
Tsattees, No. 1 @ 5..... \$ lb.	10.00 @ 11.25
Taysaun, superior, No. 1 @ 2.....	9.50 @ 10.50
do medium, No. 3 @ 4.....	9.00 @ 9.50
Canton, re-reeled, No. 1 @ 2.....	8.75 @ 9.00
Japan, superior.....	10.50 @ 13.00
do No. 1 @ 3.....	8.00 @ 10.00
China thrown.....	14.50 @ 16.50

Skins—Duty: 10 cents \$ ad val.	
Goo, Curacao..... \$ lb. (ash)	
do Buenos Ayres, go d.....	49 @ 42
do Vera Cruz..... gold	49 @ 42
do Tampico..... gold	.. @ ..
do Matamoras..... gold	57 @ 60
do Payta..... gold	.. @ ..
do Madras, esen..... ca h	40 @ 42
do Cape..... cash	45 @ 50
Deer, San Juan..... gold \$ lb	55 @ 57
do Bolivar..... gold	42 @ 45
do Honduras..... gold	6.5 @ 6.5
do Sisal..... gold	57 @ 60
do Para..... gold	57 @ 60
do Vera Cruz..... gold	62 @ 65
do Chagres..... gold	60 @ 62
do Puerto Cabello..... gold	50 @ ..

Soap—Duty: 1 cent \$ lb., and 25 cents \$ ad val.	
Castile..... \$ lb.	13 @ ..
do \$ lb.	13 @ ..
do \$ lb.	13 @ ..
do \$ lb.	13 @ ..

Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$1.50 \$ lb.	
Plates, foreign..... gold \$ lb.	6 @ ..
do domestic.....	11 @ iii
do \$ lb.	11 @ iii

Spices—Duty: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50 cents and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents \$ lb.
Spices are very quiet with only a light jobbing business.

Cinnamon, in mats..... gold \$ lb. 43 @ 44
Ginger, race and African..... 22 @ 24
Mace..... (gold) 90 @ ..
Nutmegs, No. 1..... (gold) 87 @ 90
Pepper..... (gold) 22 @ ..
Pimento, Jamaica..... (gold) 20 @ 21
Cloves..... (gold) 27 @ ..

Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents \$ lb or under, 2½ cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cents \$ lb; over 11 cents, 3½ cents \$ lb and 10 \$ ad val. (Store prices.)
There has been much irregularity in raw Sugars and prices are lower. Refined are quiet but steady.

Porto Rico..... \$ lb. 10 @ 13
Cuba, Inf to common refining..... 9 @ 10
do fair to good..... 10 @ 10
do fair to good grocery..... 11 @ 12
do prime to choice do..... 12 @ 12
do centrifugal..... 9 @ 12
do Melado..... 7 @ 8
Havana, Boxes D. S. Nos. 7 to 9..... 10 @ 12
do Granulated..... .. @ 12
do Crushed and powdered..... .. @ 12
White coffee, A..... .. @ 12
Yellow coffee..... .. @ 14

Sumac—Duty: 10 cents \$ ad val.

Tallow—Duty: 1 cent \$ lb.

American, prime, country and city \$ lb.

Tea—Duty: 25 cents per lb.
The market is quiet but stillady.

Hyson, Common to fair..... 90 @ 100
do Superior to fine..... 110 @ 125
do Ex fine to finest..... 135 @ 150
Young Hyson, Common to fair..... 70 @ 90
do Superior to fine..... 10 @ 10
do Ex fine to finest..... 110 @ 120

Gunpow. & Imper., Com. to fair..... 10 @ 10
do Sup. to fine..... 10 @ 10
do Ex. f. to finest..... 10 @ 10
H. Skin & Twinkay, Com. to fair..... 55 @ 60
do Sup'r to fine..... 65 @ 70
do Ex. f. to finest..... 15 @ 20
Uncolored Japan, Com. to fair..... 55 @ 60
do Sup'r to fine..... 95 @ 105
do Ex. f. to finest..... 10 @ 10
Oolong, Common to fair..... 80 @ 85
do Superior to fine..... 90 @ 100
do Ex fine to finest..... 120 @ 125
Souchong & Congou, Com. to fair..... 60 @ 70
do Sup'r to fine..... 80 @ 90
do Ex. f. to finest..... 100 @ 120

Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 cents \$ ad val. Plate and sheets and tins, 2½ cents \$ lb.

Banca..... (gold) \$ 100 @ 120
do (gold) 20 @ ..

Straits..... (gold) .. @ 19
English..... (gold) .. @ 19
Plates, charcoal I. C. \$ box 15.00 @ 14.00
do J. C. Coke..... 11.00 @ 13.50
do Terne Charcoal..... 14.50 @ 14.75
do Terne Coke..... 10.75 @ 11.00

Tobacco—Duty: leaf 30 cents \$ lb.; and manufac- tured, 50 cents \$ lb. Cigars valued at \$15 or less per M, 75 cents per lb., and 20 per cent ad valorem; over \$15 and not over \$30, \$1.25 per lb. and 30 per cent ad valorem; over \$30, and not over \$45, \$2 per lb. and 50 per cent ad valorem; over \$45, \$3 per pound and 60 per cent ad valorem.

The market is fairly active and steady.

Lungs (light and heavy) \$ lb. (gold) 4 @ 6
Common leaf do..... 42 @ 9
Medium do do..... 6 @ 13
Good do do..... 8 @ 15
Fine do do..... 12 @ 17

Selections do do..... 16 @ 20
Conn. selected wrappers..... 45 @ 60
Conn. prime wrappers..... 40 @ 45
do hair wrappers..... 30 @ 35
do fillers..... 10 @ 12
New York running lots..... 8 @ 15
Ohio..... 7 @ 10
Now York and Ohio fillers..... 5 @ 6
Yara..... .. @ ..

Havana, fillers..... 63 @ 105
Manufactured (in bond)—
10s and 12s—Best Virginia & N.Y. 28 @ 30
do Medium..... 26 @ 27
do (dark) Best Virginia..... 30 @ 32
do Medium..... 26 @ 28
do do Common..... 26 @ 28
do Western, Ex. fine, bright..... .. @ ..
do do Fine..... 75 @ 85
do do Medium..... 60 @ 70
do do Common..... 40 @ 40
Navy Ds—Best Virginia & N.Y. 32 @ 35
do Medium..... 28 @ 30
do Common..... 25 @ 26

Cigars (domestic).
Seed and Havana, per M..... 55.00 @ 50.00
Clear Havana, do..... 80.00 @ 105.00
do Cocnut Seed..... 25 @ 45.00
New-York Seed, Conn. Wrapper. 20.00 @ 20.00
Penn. do do do..... 18.00 @ 25.00
Common Cigars..... 18.00 @ 25.00

Whalebone—Duty: foreign fishery, 0 per cent ad val. South Sea..... \$ lb. 125 @ 125
North west coast..... 125 @ 125
Ochotsk..... 125 @ 125
Polar..... 125 @ 125

Wines and Liquors—Duty: Brandy, first proof, \$3 per gallon, other liquors, \$2.50
Wines—Duty: value set over 50 cents \$ gallon 20 cents \$ gallon and 25 \$ cent ad valorem; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents \$ gallon and 25 \$ cent ad valorem; over 100, 50 cents \$ gallon and 25 \$ cent ad valorem; over \$1 \$ gallon, \$1 \$ gallon and 25 \$ cent ad valorem.

The market is dull and nominal from the gold fluctuation.

Brandy—J. & F. Martell..... (gold) 5 20 @ 10 50
Hennessy..... (gold) 5 20 @ 10 50
Otar-Dupuy & Co..... (gold) 5 25 @ 10 50
Pinet-Castillon & Co..... (gold) 5 20 @ 10 00
Renaut & Co..... (gold) 5 25 @ 10 50
J. Vasseur..... (gold) .. @ ..

Jules Robin..... (gold) .. @ ..
Marrette & Co..... (gold) .. @ ..
United Vineyard Proprietary..... (gold) 5 25 @ 10 00
Vina Growers Co..... (gold) .. @ ..
Leger freres..... (gold) .. @ ..
Other brands Cognac..... (gold) 5 00 @ 7 00
Pellevoisin freres..... (gold) 4 90 @ 5 00
A. Seignette..... (gold) 4 85 @ 4 95
Hiver Pellevoisin..... (gold) 4 85 @ 4 90
Alex. Seignette..... (gold) 4 85 @ 4 95
Arasz Seignette..... (gold) 4 85 @ 4 95
J. Romoux..... (gold) 4 85 @ 4 95
Other brands Rochelle..... (gold) 4 85 @ 4 95
Rum—Jamaica..... (gold) 4 00 @ 6 00
St. Croix..... (gold) 3 25 @ 3 60
Gin—Different brands..... (gold) 2 90 @ 3 50
Whisky—Scotch and Irish..... (gold) 4 00 @ 4 90
Domestic—N. E. Rum..... (cur.) 2 45 @ 2 60
Bourbon Whisky..... (cur.) 2 50 @ 6 00
Corn Whisky..... (cur.) 2 25 @ 3 00
Wines—Port..... 2 00 @ 2 50
Burgundy Port..... (gold) 2 25 @ 3 00
Sherry..... (gold) 1 25 @ 1 45
Madeira..... (gold) 4 00 @ 8 00
do Marseilles..... (gold) 85 @ 1 20
Sherry d..... (gold) 90 @ 1 25
Malaga, sweet..... (gold) 1 25 @ 1 75
do dry..... (gold) 1 10 @ 1 50
Claret, in hds..... (gold) 2 00 @ 150.00
do in cases..... (gold) 2 40 @ 30.00
Champagne..... (gold) 12.00 @ 25.00

Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered, \$2 to \$3 50 per 100 ft. and 15 \$ cent ad val.

No. 0 to 14..... 5 \$ cent off list.
No. 19 to 26..... 20 \$ cent off list.
No. 27 to 36..... 25 \$ cent off list.
Telegraph, No. 7 to 11 Plain. \$ lb. 5 @ 9

Wool—Duty: costing 12 cents or less \$ lb. 8 cents per 100 lb; over 12 and not more than 24, 6 cents; over 24 and not over 32, 10 cents \$ lb, and 10 \$ cent ad valorem; over 32, 12 cents \$ lb, and 10 \$ cent ad valorem; on the skin, 20 \$ cent ad valorem; on the skin, 20 \$ cent ad valorem.

There is a steady demand for fine fleece. Foreign Wools are fairly active.

American, Saxony fleece..... \$ lb. 60 @ 65
do full blood Merino..... 50 @ 57
do ½ and ¾ Merino..... 45 @ 50
Superfine..... 55 @ 60
No. 1, pulled..... 47 @ 53
California, unwashed..... 38 @ 45
do common..... 29 @ 25
do pulled..... 30 @ 45
Texas..... 15 @ 24
Peruvian, unwashed..... 32 @ 33
Valparaiso, unwashed..... 27 @ 30
S. American Mestiza, unwashed..... 32 @ 37
do common, unwashed..... 18 @ 23
Entre Rios, washed..... 22 @ 24
do unwashed..... 24 @ 24
S. American Cordova..... 43 @ 45
Donskoi, washed..... 42 @ 45
Persian..... 25 @ 30
African, unwashed..... 15 @ 25
do washed..... 35 @ 45
Mexican, unwashed..... 20 @ 25
Smyrna, unwashed..... 22 @ 25
do washed..... 35 @ 45

Zinc—Duty: pig or block, \$1.50 \$ 100 lb; sheet 2½ cents \$ lb.

Sheet..... \$ lb. 12 @ 14

Freights—To LIVERPOOL:

Cotton..... \$ lb. 1 @ 1 6
Flour..... \$ bbl. .. @ ..
Petroleum..... \$ bbl. .. @ ..
Heavy goods..... \$ ton 7 0 @ 10 00
Oil..... \$ ton .. @ ..
Corn, buck and bags..... \$ bush. 17 @ 6
Wheat, bulk and bags..... 4 @ 4
Beef..... \$ tce. 1 @ 9
Pork..... \$ bbl. .. @ ..

To LONDON:

[June 30, 1866.]

The Railway Monitor.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN EXTENSION.—A third rail necessary to accommodate the cars of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad has been laid on the Bellefontaine Railroad 202 miles, so that wide-gauge trains now pass from Indianapolis east, via Salamanca to New York, with but one change of cars for through passengers.

MANUFACTURERS' AND CONSUMERS' RAILROAD.—The construction of this work, leading from Philadelphia through Schuylkill County to Sunbury has been undertaken by heavy capitalists, and arrangements are now being made to place a corps of engineers on the route.

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILROAD.—The number of miles of railroad controlled by this company, says the New York *Tribune*, is as follows:

	Miles.
Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railroad.....	235
" and St. Paul Railroad.....	275
McGregor Western Railroad (in Iowa).....	50
Total now under control.....	560
—to which will shortly be added :	
La Crosse and Milwaukee (Eastern Division).....	95
" and Winona Railroad }.....	30
Winona and St. Peter " { in Minnesota }	80
Minnesota Central " }	70

Total now or soon to be controlled..... 835
MINNESOTA RAILROADS.—The Minnesota Central Railroad is to be completed to Owatona by the 1st of September, where it will connect with the Winona and St. Paul Railroad, which is to be completed by the 1st of August.

The Minnesota Valley, connecting with the Central at Mendota, will also be completed by the 1st of September to St. Paul, thus making a continuous line of railroad from St. Paul to Winona.

The St. Paul and Pacific Railroad branch line is to be completed to St. Cloud by the 1st of September, and Mr. E. B. Litchfield writes from Germany that he has purchased the iron for 20 miles of

the main line west of Minneapolis, but whether it is to be laid this year is not known.

The Winona Branch of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad has suspended operations for the present. Mr. Edmund Rice has sailed for Europe on business connected with it.

TENNESSEE BONDS.—The July coupon on these bonds will be paid on and after July 1 at the Bank of the Republic in this city. The arrearages since 1861 up to and including the January, 1866, coupon, are fundable into new bonds of the same tenor as the original issues. This funded 30 per cent. increases the State's lien on the railroads from \$10,000 to \$13,000 per mile, and in addition to the interest on this increased amount, the companies are required by law to contribute four per cent., year by year, to a sinking fund for the final redemption of the principal.

VIRGINIA BONDS.—In accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 2, 1866, entitled "An Act to provide for funding the interest on the public debt," the Commonwealth is now prepared to fund the interest due to Jan. 1, 1866, upon both coupon and registered debt. Parties to whom interest is due must make application to the clerk in the Second Auditor's Office, in the basement of the Capitol, at Richmond.

NORTH CAROLINA BONDS.—Hon. Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer, is prepared to deliver bonds of the State of the denomination of \$1,000 for currency or in exchange for past due bonds and coupons. The \$500 and \$100 bonds will also be ready for delivery within a few days or weeks. The new bonds are six per cents. un-taxable, dated Jan. 1st, 1866, running 34 years, with semi-annual coupons, payable, principal and interest, at the Bank of the Republic in this city. None will be sold under par. Coupons or past due bonds must be forwarded to the Treasurer at Raleigh, and bonds will be returned forthwith. Past due coupons, including those of date of April, 1866, will be funded now; the July and October coupons, when due. Bonds past due bear interest from maturity, which interest is fundable. Bonds of Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company, endorsed by the State, stand on the same footing as State bonds.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Atlantic & Great Western			Chicago and Alton			Chicago & Northwestern			Chicago and Rock Island		
1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.
(322 m.)	(466 m.)	(507 m.)	(257 m.)	(280 m.)	(280 m.)	(609 m.)	(609 m.)	(679 m.)	(182 m.)	(182 m.)	(182 m.)
\$160,000	\$289,400	\$504,992	Jan.	\$100,991	\$230,503	\$210,171	Jan.	\$273,875	\$541,005	\$523,566	Jan.
179,041	327,269	408,864	Feb.	154,418	275,282	207,913	Feb.	317,839	482,164	405,634	Feb.
254,575	399,870	388,48	Mar.	195,803	299,063	304,885	Mar.	390,355	499,296	533,744	Mar.
181,034	343,498	394,533	April.	162,729	258,450	370,889	April.	421,363	468,558	518,736	April.
314,679	460,422	—	May.	178,786	322,277	333,432	May.	466,830	585,625	735,082	May.
314,521	521,174	—	June.	206,000	355,270	—	June.	565,145	747,942	—	June.
332,088	695,523	—	July.	224,257	355,985	—	July.	480,710	702,694	—	July.
406,076	738,527	—	Aug.	312,165	409,250	—	Aug.	519,306	767,508	—	Aug.
446,044	677,625	—	Sep.	354,554	401,280	—	Sep.	669,605	946,707	—	Sep.
396,847	719,911	—	Oct.	320,879	357,956	—	Oct.	729,739	923,886	—	Oct.
381,110	731,270	—	Nov.	307,803	307,919	—	Nov.	716,378	749,191	—	Nov.
357,556	599,752	—	Dec.	252,915	236,824	—	Dec.	563,401	540,609	—	Dec.
3,709,970	6,568,063	—	Year.	2,770,484	3,840,091	—	Year.	6,114,566	7,960,981	—	Year.
Erie Railway.			Illinois Central.			Marietta and Cincinnati.			Michigan Central.		
1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.
(657 m.)	(657 m.)	(797 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(285 m.)	(285 m.)	(285 m.)
\$984,837	\$1,001,007	\$1,181,178	Jan.	\$327,900	\$571,536	\$582,829	Jan.	\$77,010	\$88,112	\$90,125	Jan.
934,133	947,146	983,555	Feb.	416,588	528,972	512,027	Feb.	74,409	86,526	84,264	Feb.
1,114,508	1,256,567	1,070,434	Mar.	459,526	616,655	516,822	Mar.	89,901	93,503	82,910	Mar.
1,099,507	1,458,458	1,153,295	April.	423,727	516,608	406,773	April.	72,389	82,186	82,722	April.
1,072,933	1,333,465	1,191,668	May.	406,373	490,573	507,830	May.	83,993	73,842	95,664	May.
1,041,975	1,177,371	—	June.	510,100	617,682	—	June.	78,697	110,186	—	June.
994,317	1,202,18	—	July.	423,578	578,403	—	July.	91,809	105,652	—	July.
1,105,364	1,331,042	—	Aug.	586,964	747,469	—	Aug.	94,375	112,156	—	Aug.
310,301	1,336,610	—	Sep.	799,236	739,736	—	Sep.	93,078	120,051	—	Sep.
1,222,568	1,43	6	Oct.	661,391	641,589	—	Oct.	90,576	117,604	—	Oct.
1,224,909	1,522,472	—	Nov.	657,141	642,887	—	Nov.	96,908	114,512	—	Nov.
1,334,317	1,429,765	—	Dec.	603,402	518,088	—	Dec.	95,453	104,587	—	Dec.
13,429,643	13,434,775	—	Year.	6,320,447	7,181,208	—	Year.	1,038,165	1,222,017	—	Year.
Mich. So. & N. Indiana.			Mil. and Prairie du Chien.			Milwaukee & St. Paul.			Ohio & Mississippi.		
1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.
(524 m.)	(524 m.)	(524 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)	(234 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)
\$250,000	\$363,996	\$314,598	Jan.	\$102,749	\$98,183	\$121,776	Jan.	\$51,965	\$98,181	\$131,707	Jan.
304,445	366,361	283,177	Feb.	113,153	124,283	84,897	Feb.	64,474	86,526	122,621	Feb.
338,454	413,322	412,393	Mar.	88,221	70,740	72,155	Mar.	64,993	95,903	134,175	Mar.
330,151	366,215	409,427	April.	140,418	106,639	108,082	April.	83,702	106,269	121,904	April.
307,126	333,194	426,493	May.	167,147	146,943	167,488	May.	131,648	203,018	245,511	May.
315,353	408,422	—	June.	213,299	224,858	—	June.	196,016	277,629	—	June.
278,391	308,083	—	July.	139,547	177,159	—	July.	99,662	204,96	—	July.
358,862	424,206	—	Aug.	113,389	110,555	—	Aug.	86,4-6	241,370	—	Aug.
402,219	484,175	—	Sep.	168,218	229,280	—	Sep.	164,710	300,841	—	Sep.
404,503	521,636	—	Oct.	178,326	310,594	—	Oct.	221,698	329,579	—	Oct.
448,934	498,421	—	Nov.	149,009	226,840	—	Nov.	198,135	346,717	—	Nov.
411,806	396,192	—	Dec.	117,013	110,664	—	Dec.	129,227	171,125	—	Dec.
4,110,154	4,868,951	*	Year.	1,711,281	1,985,571	*	Year.	1,402,106	2,535,001	*	Year.
Pitts., Ft. W., & Chicago.			St. L., Alton & T. Haute.			Toledo, Wab., & Western.			Western Union.		
1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1864.	1865.	1866.
(468 m.)	(468 m.)	(468 m.)	(210 m.)	(210 m.)	(210 m.)	(242 m.)	(242 m.)	(242 m.)	(140 m.)	(137 m.)	(177 m.)
\$290,676	\$890,144	\$555,488	Jan.	\$100,872	\$170,078	\$178,119	Jan.	\$79,735	\$144,084	\$28,059	Jan.
457,227	678,504	474,738	Feb.	147,485	153,903	155,893	Feb.	95,843	139,171	91,167	Feb.
611,297	857,583	654,390	Mar.	160,497	202,771	192,138	Mar.	132,896	155,753	255,407	Mar.
588,066	733,866	606,078	April.	157,736	169,299	167,301	April.	132,987	144,000	271,390	April.
525,751	637,186	672,628	May.	149,855	177,625	—	May.	127,010	178,738	316,433	May.
532,911	646,995	—	June.	155,730	173,722	—	June.	155,338	194,532	—	June.
506,640	584,533	—	July.	144,942	162,570	—	July.	139,673	271,725	—	July.
625,517	712,495	—	Aug.	218,236	218,236	—	Aug.	244,14	374,534	—	Aug.
675,310	795,938	—	Sep.	231,194	269,459	—	Sep.	375,534	375,981	—	Sep.
701,35	858,500	—	Oct.	203,785	222,924	—	Oct.	221,570	275,534	—	Oct.
601,55	712,362	—	Nov.	202,966	208,098	—	Nov.	220,209	361,610	—	Nov.
914,08	580,963	—	Dec.	204,726	162,694	—	Dec.	265,154	247,023	—	Dec.
7,120,45	8,459,063	*	Year.	2,064,074	2,290,696	*	Year.	2,050,323	2,096,675	*	Year.
587,078	659,383	*	Year.	3,111,070	3,793,005	*	Year.	587,078	659,383	*	Year.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES. Marked thus (*) are leased roads, and have fixed incomes.	Stock out- standing.	Dividend.		FRIDAY. Bid. Askd	COMPANIES. Marked thus (*) are leased roads, and have fixed incomes.	Stock out- standing.	Dividend.		FRIDAY. Bid. Ask
		Periods.	Last p'd.				Periods.	Last p'd.	
Railroad.									
Alton and St. Louis*.	100	153,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 1 ^{1/2}	New York and Harlem	50	5,085,080		
Atlantic & Great Western.	100	1,528,15	.....	.....	do preferred	50	1,500,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 4
do preferred.	50	1,610,000	.....	.....	do	100	1,508,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 3
Atlantic & St. Lawrence*.	100	2,494,900	April and Oct	Apr. 4	Ninth Avenue	100	795,380	May and Nov	May 8 ^{1/2}
Baltimore and Ohio.	100	13,188,902	April and Oct	Apr. 5	Northern of New Hampshire	100	3,068,400	Quarterly.	Apr. 2
Washington Branch*.	100	1,650,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 8	Northern Central.	50	3,150,150	Jan. and July	July 5
Bellefontaine Line.	100	4,424,250	.....	.....	North Pennsylvania.	100	3,380,600	.....	.....
Belvidere, Delaware.	100	997,112	.....	.....	Norwich and Worcester	100	3,077,000	Jan. and July	July 5
Berkshire*.	100	600,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 1 ^{1/2}	Ogdensburg & L. Champlain	100	19,822,85	.....	.....
Blossom and Coming*.	50	250,000	June & Dec.	Dec. 2 ^{1/2}	Ohio and Mississippi	100	2,950,500	January.	Jan. 7
Brown, Bradford and Erie.	100	8,500,000	.....	.....	do preferred	100	3,600,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 4
Boston and Lowell.	500	1,830,000	Jan. and July	July 4	Old Colony and Newport	50	482,400	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 4
Boston and Maine.	100	4,076,974	Jan. and July	July 4	Panama (and Steamship)	100	7,000,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 6
Boston and Providence.	100	3,160,000	Jan. and July	July 5	Pennsylvania.	50	90,000,000	May and Nov	May 5
Boston and Worcester.	100	4,500,000	Jan. and July	July 5	Philadelphia and Baltimore Cent.	100	218,100	.....	.....
Brooklyn Central.	100	492,150	.....	.....	Philadelphia and Erie*	50	5,069,450	Jan. and July	Jan., 3
Brooklyn City.	100	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 3 ^{1/2}	Philadelphia and Reading	50	20,340,673	J.n. and July	July 5
Brooklyn City and Newtown.	100	366,000	.....	.....	Phila., German's, & Norristown	50	1,476,300	Apr. and Oct	Apr. 4
Buffalo and State Line.	100	2,200,000	Feb. & Aug	Fe. 5	Phila., Wilmington & Baltimore	50	8,972,300	Quarterly.	July 5
Camden and Amboy.	100	4,988,180	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 10	Pittsburg and Connellsville	50	9,312,442	Quarterly.	July 2 ^{1/2}
Camden and Atlantic.	50	378,455	.....	.....	Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	100	1,774,623	June and Dec	June 3
do preferred.	50	682,600	.....	.....	Portland, Saco, & Portsmouth	100	1,500,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 4
Cape Cod.	60	681,665	Jan. and July	July 3 ^{1/2}	Providence and Worcester.	100	1,700,000	.....	.....
Caiauissa*.	50	1,150,000	.....	.....	Raritan and Delaware Bay	100	2,369,700	.....	.....
do preferred.	50	2,200,000	Feb. & Aug	Fe. 5	Rensselaer & Saratoga consol.	100	800,000	April and Oct	Apr. 4 ^{1/2}
Central of New Jersey.	100	10,685,940	Quarterly.	Apr. 2 ^{1/2}	Saratoga and Whitehall	100	500,000	April and Oct	Apr. 3
Cheshire (preferred).	100	2,085,925	Jan. and July	July 2 ^{1/2}	Troy, Salem & Rutland	100	800,000	April and Oct	Apr. 3
Chester Valley*.	50	871,900	.....	.....	Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg	100	1,774,175	Jan. and July	July 5
Chicago and Alton.	100	1,732,200	Mar and Sep.	Mar. 5	Rutland and Burlington	100	2,233,376	.....	.....
do preferred.	100	2,425,400	Mar and Sep.	Mar. 5	St. Louis, Alton, & Terre Haute	100	2,300,000	.....	.....
Chicago Burlington and Quincy.	100	8,376,510	May & Nov.	May 5	do pref 100	1,700,000	Annually.	May. 7	61 63
Chicago and Great Eastern.	100	4,390,000	.....	.....	St. Louis, Jacksonville & Chicag	100	2,989,090	.....	.....
Chicago, Iowa and Nebraska*.	100	1,000,000	Jan and July	July 5	Sandusky, Dayton, and Cincin	100	354,866	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 3
Chicago and Milwaukee*.	100	2,250,000	.....	.....	Sandusky, Mansfield & Newark	100	802,571	.....	.....
Chicago and Northwestern.	100	13,160,927	.....	.....	Schuylkill Valley*.	50	576,050	Jan. and July	Jan., 2 ^{1/2}
Chicago and Rock Island.	100	6,500,000	April and Oct	Apr. 5	Second Avenue (N. Y.)	100	650,000	Apr. and Oct	Fe. 2
Cincinnati and Chicago Air Line.	100	1,106,125	.....	.....	Shamokin Valley & Pottsville*	50	869,450	Feb. and Aug	Fe. 2
Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton.	100	3,000,000	Apr and Oct.	Apr. 4	Sixth Avenue (N. Y.)	100	750,000	Quarterly.	125
Cincinnati and Zanesville.	100	2,000,000	.....	.....	South Carolina.	100	5,819,275	.....	.....
Cleveland, Columbus, & Cincinnati.	100	6,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Fe. 5	Syracuse, Binghamton & N. Y.	100	1,200,130	.....	.....
Cleveland and Mahoning.	50	1,038,000	May & Nov.	May 4	Terre Haute & Indianapolis	50	1,929,150	Jan. and July	July 6
Cleveland, Painesville & Ashtabula.	100	5,000,000	Jan and July	July 4	Third Avenue (N. Y.)	100	1,170,000	Quarterly.	.....
Cleveland and Pittsburg.	50	5,403,910	Jan and July	Apr '66 4	Toledo, Peoria, and Warsaw	100	1,700,000	.....	.....
Cleveland and Toledo.	50	4,654,800	April and Oct	Apr. 8	do do 1st pref 100	1,700,000	.....	.....	.....
Columbus & Indianapolis Cent.	100	1,490,800	.....	.....	do do 2d pref 100	1,000,000	.....	.....	.....
Columbus and Xenia*.	50	1,490,800	Jan and July	July 5	Toledo, Wabash and Western	50	2,442,350	June and Dec	June 3
Concord.	100	1,500,000	May and Nov.	May 4	do do preferred.	50	984,700	June and Dec	Dec. 3 ^{1/2}
Concord and Portsmont.	100	350,000	Jan and July	Jan. 3 ^{1/2}	Tioga.*	100	125,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 3 ^{1/2}
Coney Island and Brooklyn.	100	500,000	.....	.....	Troy and Boston.	100	607,111	.....	.....
Connecticut and Passumpsic.	100	392,900	Jan. and July	Jan. 3	Troy and Greenbush*	100	274,400	June and Dec	Dec. 3 ^{1/2}
Connecticut River.	100	2,255,200	Jan. and July	Jan. 3	Utica and Black River.	100	811,560	Jan. and July	Jan., 4
Covington and Lexington.	100	1,591,100	Jan. and July	Jan. 4	Vermont and Canada*.	100	2,860,000	June and Dec	Fe. 4
Dayton and Michigan.	100	3,116,705	.....	.....	Vermont and Massachusetts.	100	2,860,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 2
Delaware*.	50	406,132	Jan. and July	Jan. 3	Warren*.	50	1,408,300	Jan. and July	Jan., 3
Delaware, Lacka., & Western.	100	20,247,050	Jan. and July	Jan. 5	Western (Mass.).	100	5,627,700	Jan. and July	July 5
Des Moines Valley.	100	1,550,050	.....	.....	Western Union (Wis. & Ill.).	100	1,141,650	Jan. and July	Jan., 5
Detroit and Milwaukee.	100	952,350	.....	.....	Worcester and Nashua	75	317,050	January.	Jan., 2
Dubuque and Sioux City.	100	1,751,577	.....	.....	Wrightsville, York & Gettysburg*	50	2,887,050	.....	.....
Eastern (Mass.).	100	3,155,000	March	Mar 7 ^{1/2}	Canal.	25	1,550,363	June and Dec.	June 3
Eighth Avenue, N. Y.*.	100	1,000,000	Jan and July	July 4	Chesapeake and Delaware.	25	8,228,595	.....	.....
Elmira, Jefferson, & Canadagua.	100	500,000	Feb and Aug	Feb. 2 ^{1/2}	Chesapeake and Ohio	25	2,635,350	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 3
Elmira and Williamsport.	50	500,000	Jan and July	July 4	Delaware Division	50	10,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 10
do do pref.	50	500,000	Jan and July	Jan. 3 ^{1/2}	Delaware and Hudson	100	2,528,240	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 10
Erie	100	16,570,100	Feb. & Aug	Fe. 4	Lancaster and Susquehanna	50	200,000	.....	.....
do preferred.	100	8,535,700	Feb. & Aug	Fe. 5	Lehigh Navigation.	50	5,104,050	May and Nov	May. 5
Erie and Northeast*.	50	600,000	Feb. & Aug	Fe. 5	Monongahela Navigation.	50	736,800	.....	52
Fitchburg.	100	3,540,000	Jan and July	Jan. 4	Morris (consolidated).	50	1,025,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5
Forty-second St. & Grand St. F'y.	100	750,000	April and Oct	Apr. 5	do preferred.	100	1,175,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb. 5
Hannibal and St. Joseph.	100	1,900,000	.....	Pennsylvania and New York.	50	188,086	.....	.....
do do pref.	100	5,253,836	.....	Schuylkill Navigation (consol.).	50	1,908,207	Feb. and Aug	Fe. 6	
Hartford and New Haven.	100	3,000,000	Quarterly.	July 3	do preferred.	50	2,888,800	Feb. and Aug	Fe. 6
Housatonic.	100	880,000	.....	Susquehanna and Tide-Water.	50	2,051,000	.....	15	
Hudson River.	100	5,563,250	April and Oct	Apr. 5	Union.	50	2,787,000	.....	.....
Huntingdon and Broad Top*.	50	494,380	.....	West Branch and Susquehanna.	100	1,100,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 5	
Illinois Central.	100	23,374,400	Jan. and July	Jan. 3 ^{1/2}	Wyoming Valley.	50	750,000	Quarterly.	June 4
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.	100	1,689,900	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. 4	Miscellaneous.	25	1,500,000	Feb. and Aug	60
Indianapolis and Madison.	100	412,000	Jan and July	Jan. 3	Ashburton.	50	2,000,000	.....	.....
do do pref.	50	407,900	Jan and July	Jan. 4	Central.	100	2,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 5
Jeffersonville.	50	1,997,300	.....	Cumberland.	100	2,000,000	Jan. and July	41 42	
Joliet and Chicago*.	100	1,500,000	Quarterly.	Apr. 1 ^{1/2}	Pennsylvania.	100	5,000,000	Jan. and July	45 46
Kennebec and Portland (new).	100	500,000	.....	Spring Mountain.	100	1,000,000	.....	.....
Lackawanna and Bloomsburg.	50	835,000	.....	Spruce Hill.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 5	
Lehigh Valley.	6,632,250	Quarterly.	Apr. 2 ^{1/2}	Wilkesbarre.	100	2,175,000	Feb. and Aug	55	
Lexington and Frankfort.	50	516,573	Feb and Aug	Fe. 2	Wyoming Valley.	100	1,250,000	Feb. and Aug	Fe. 2
Little Miami.	8,572,436	Jan and July	Jan. 5	Gas—Brooklyn.	25	2,000,000	Feb. and Aug	Fe. 2	
Little Schuylkill*.	30	2,646,100	Jan and July	Jan. 3	Citizens (Brooklyn).	20	1,000,000	Jan and July	Jan., 4
Long Island.	50	1,852,715	Quarterly.	Fe. 2	Harlem.	50	644,000	.....	.....
Louisville and Nashville.	100	5,109,594	Feb and Aug	Fe. 3 ^{1/2}	Jersey City & Hoboken.	20	1,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 5
Louisville and Nashville & Chic.	100	5,527,871	Feb and Aug	Fe. 3 ^{1/2}	Manhattan.	50	4,000,000	Jan. and July	July 5
Macon and Western.	100	2,800,000	.....	Metropolitan.	100	2,800,000	.....	.....
McGregor Western*.	100	1,500,000	Apr and Oct.	April 3	New York.	50	1,000,000	May and Nov	May
Marietta and Cincinnati.	100	1,447,060	.....	Williamsburg.	50	750,000	Jan. and July	Jan., 5	
do do 1st pref.	50	2,022,484	.....	Improvement—Canton.	100	2,000,000	.....	54 ^{1/2} 55	
do do 2d pref.	50	3,036,404	Feb. and Aug	Fe. 3 ^{1/2}	Boston Water Power.	25	1,000,000	.....	30 ^{1/2} 30 ^{1/2}
Manchester and Lawrence.	100	3,019,25	Feb. and Aug	Fe. 3 ^{1/2}	Brunswick City.	100	1,000,000	.....	.....
Michigan Central.	100	3,000,000	May and Nov.	May 4	Cary (Boston).	10	600,000	.....	.....
Michigan Central, Southern and N. Ind.	100	9,381,800	Jan and July	July 5	Telegraph.—American.	100	2,500,000	Feb. and Aug	Feb.
do do do guarantee.	100	1,089,700	Feb and Aug	Fe. 5	United States.	100	3,000,000	Feb. and Aug	51 ^{1/2} 51 ^{1/2}
Milwaukee and Prairie Du Chien.	100	3,014,000	.....	Western Union.	100	22,000,000	Quarterly.	106 106 ^{1/2}	
do do 1st pref.	30	3,082,000	Feb. 4	Express—Adams.	100	10,000,000	Quarterly.	120 ^{1/2} 122	
do do 2d pref.	30	3,014,000	Fe. 3 ^{1/2}	American.	500	3,000,000	.....	115	
Milwaukee and St. Paul.	100	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Fe. 3 ^{1/2}	Merchants' Union.	100	.....	.....	.....
do preferred.	100	2,400,000	Feb. and Aug.	Ang. 3 ^{1/2}	United States.	100	6,000,000	.....	112 112
New Bedford and Taunton.	100	1,100,000	Feb. and Aug.	Fe. 7	Wells, Fargo & Co.	100	2,000,000	.....	212 220
New Haven, N. Lond., & Ston.	100	738,538	June and Dec	Dec. 4	Transit.—Central American.	100	4,000,000	.....	.....
New Haven and Northampton.</td									

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.				DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.			
		Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.			Rate.	Payable.	Principal payable.	Bid.
<i>N. B.—The sums placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt.</i>											
Railroad:						Railroad:					
<i>Atlantic & Gt. Western (\$30,000,000):</i>						<i>Des Moines Valley (\$2,088,000):</i>					
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Pa.)	\$2,500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1877	... 80	Mortgage Bonds	\$1,740,000	8	Ap'l & Oct.	1887	...
2d do	1,000,000	7	do	1882	...	Income Bonds	348,000	7	Jne & Dec.	1874	...
Franklin Branch	528,000	7	do	1882	...	<i>Detroit and Milwaukee (\$3,500,000):</i>					
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (N. Y.)	1,014,000	7	do	1878	... 80	1st Mortgage, convertible	2,500,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	...
2d do	800,000	7	do	1881	...	2d do	1,000,000	8	do	1864	...
1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Ohio)	4,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1883	... 80	<i>Detroit, Monroe & Toledo (\$734,000):</i>					
2d do	4,000,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1884	...	1st Mortgage	734,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1876	...
1st Mortgage S'king Fund (Buff. ex.)	2,000,000	7	do	1884	...	<i>Douglas and Sioux City (\$900,000):</i>					
1st do S'king Fund (Silv. Creek)	300,000	7	do	1895	...	1st Mortgage, 1st section	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1863	... 73
Consolidated Bonds	13,358,000	7	do	1895	...	1st do 2d section	600,000	7	do	1894	...
<i>Atlantic & St. Lawrence (\$1,472,000):</i>						<i>Eastern Mass. (\$1,798,600):</i>					
Dollar Bonds	988,000	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1866	...	Mortgage, convertible	420,000	5	Jan. & July	1872	...
Sterling Bonds	484,000	6	May & Nov.	1875	...	do do	739,200	6	Feb. & Aug	1874	... 96
<i>Baltimore and Ohio (\$10,112,884):</i>						<i>East Pennsylvania (\$598,000):</i>					
Mortgage (S. F.) of 1834	1,000,000	6	Ja Ap Jn Oc	1867	97 1/2 98	Sinking Fund Bonds	598,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1888	...
do do 1835	1,128,500	6	Jan. & July	1875	92 1/2 94	<i>Elmira & Williamsport (\$1,000,000):</i>					
do do 1850	700,000	6	do	1880	92 1/2 94	1st Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1873	... 96
do do 1853	2,500,000	6	Ap'l & Oct.	1885	92 1/2 94	<i>Erie Railway (\$22,370,082):</i>					
<i>Bellefontaine Line (\$2,037,550):</i>						1st Mortgage	3,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1876	100
1st Mortgage (B. & L.) convertible	368,000	7	Jan. & July	1866	...	2d do convertible	4,000,000	7	M'ch & Sep	1879	101
1st do do extended	422,000	7	do	1870-79	...	3d do	6,000,000	7	do	1883	96
2d do do	116,000	7	do	1870	...	4th do convertible	4,441,600	7	April & Oct	1880	91 1/2
1st do (I. P. & C.)	650,000	7	do	1870	...	5th do do	926,500	7	June & Dec	1888	...
2d do do	347,000	7	do	1870	...	Sterling convertible	3,816,582	6	M'ch & Sep	1875	...
<i>Belvidere & Newark (\$2,193,000):</i>						<i>Erie and Northeast (\$149,000):</i>					
1st Mort. (guar. C. and A.)	1,000,000	6	Jne & Dec.	1867	...	Mortgage	149,000	7	Jan. & July	1870	...
2d Mort. do	500,000	6	M'ch & Sep	1885	...	Gal. & Chic. U. (incl. C. & N. W.):					
3d Mort. do	580,500	6	Feb. & Aug	1877	...	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1,963,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1882	100
<i>Blossburg and Corning (\$150,000):</i>						2d do do	1,086,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	95
Mortgage Bonds	150,000	6	May & Nov.	1871	...	<i>Grand Junction (\$927,000):</i>					
<i>Boston, Concord & Montreal (\$1,050,000):</i>						Mortgage	927,000	6	Jan. & July	1870	...
1st Mortgage	364,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1865	...	<i>Great Western, Ill. (\$2,350,000):</i>					
1st do	250,000	7	do	1865	...	1st Mortgage West Division	1,000,000	10	April & Oct	1868	...
2d do	100,000	6	do	1870	...	do East	1,350,000	7	Jan. & July	1868	...
Sinking Fund Bonds	200,000	6	do	1889	...	<i>Hannibal & St. Joseph (\$7,177,600):</i>					
<i>Boston and Lowell (\$400,000):</i>						Land Grant Mortgage	3,487,750	7	April & Oct	1881	...
Mortgage Bonds	400,000	6	Jan. & July	1879	99	Convertible Bonds	633,600	7	Jan. & July	1883	79
<i>Buffalo, N. Y. and Erie (\$2,395,000):</i>						<i>Harrisburg & Lancaster (\$700,000):</i>					
1st Mortgage	2,000,000	7	Jne & Dec.	1877	95	New Dollar Bonds	700,000	6	Jan. & July	1883	90
2d Mortgage	330,000	7	May & Nov.	1872	...	<i>Hartford & New Haven (\$927,000):</i>					
<i>Buffalo and State Line (\$1,200,000):</i>						1st Mortgage	927,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1883	...
1st Mortgage	500,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1866	...	2d do sinking fund	1,037,500	7	Jan. & July	1876	...
Income	200,000	7	Jan. & July	1869-72	...	do	1,000,000	6	do	1876	...
Erie and Northeast	400,000	7	do	1870	...	<i>Housatonic (\$191,000):</i>					
<i>Camden and Amboy (\$10,264,463):</i>						1st Mortgage	191,000	6	Jan. & July	1877	...
Dollar Loans	1,700,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1883	...	<i>Hudson River (\$17,787,680):</i>					
Dollar Loans	867,000	6	May & Nov.	1889	...	1st Mortgage	500,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1870	...
Consolidated (\$5,000,000) Loan	4,369,400	6	Jne & Dec.	1863	...	2d do	500,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1875	...
<i>Camden and Atlantic (\$985,000):</i>						<i>Illinois Central (\$13,291,000):</i>					
1st Mortgage	490,000	7	Jan. & July	1873	97	1st Mortgage, convertible	6,837,000	7	April & Oct	1875	103 1/2
2d do	493,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1879	97	1st do Sterling	2,396,500	6	do	1875	...
<i>Cataraqui (\$141,000):</i>						Redemption bonds	2,563,000	6	do	1890	...
1st Mortgage	141,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1882	...	<i>Indiana Central (\$11,254,500):</i>					
<i>Central of New Jersey (\$1,505,000):</i>						1st Mortgage, convertible	600,000	7	Jan. & July	1866	...
1st Mortgage	909,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1870	102 1/2	2d do	364,000	10	do	1870	...
2d do	600,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	100	<i>Indianapolis and Cincinnati (\$1,302,284):</i>					
<i>Central Ohio (\$2,673,000):</i>						1st Mortgage	500,000	6	May & Nov.	1870	...
1st Mortgage W. Div.	450,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1890	97	2d do	500,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1875	...
1st do E. Div.	500,000	7	May & Nov.	1890	97	3d do	110,000	6	do	1869	...
2d do	800,000	7	M'ch & Sep	1865	...	4th do sinking fund	1,907,000	7	Jne & Dec.	1885	100
<i>Cheshire (\$600,000):</i>						5d do	192,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	...
Mortgage Bonds	600,000	6	Jan. & July	1875-80	...	Convertible	523,000	7	do	1867	98 1/2
<i>Chicago and Alton (\$3,619,000):</i>						<i>Huntington & Broad Top (\$1,486,082):</i>					
1st Mortgage (Skg Fund), pref.	519,000	7	May & Nov.	1877	90	1st Mortgage	500,000	6	May & Nov.	1870	...
1st do	2,400,000	7	Jan. & July	1893	97 100	2d do	500,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1875	...
2d do income	1,100,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1883	87 88	3d do	110,000	6	do	1869	...
<i>Chic., Burl. and Quincy (\$5,924,969):</i>						4th do	1,907,000	7	Jne & Dec.	1885	100
Trust Mortgage (S. F.) convert.	467,000	8	Jan. & July	1883	110	5th do	192,000	7	May & Nov.	1875	...
do do do inconvert.	3,167,000	8	do	1883	...	6th do	523,000	7	do	1867	98 1/2
Bonds, (dated Sept. 20, 1860)	680,000	7	M'ch & Sep	1890	...	<i>Indianapolis and Unc. (\$1,302,284):</i>					
1st Mortgage	5,600,000	7	Ap'l & Oct.	1895	...	1st Mortgage	500,000	7	Jan. & July	1866	...
<i>Chicago and Milwaukee (\$2,000,000):</i>						2d do	640,000	7	May & Nov.	1881	...
1st Mortgage (consolidated)	2,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1898	...	3d do	640,000	7	May & Nov.	1881	...
<i>Chicago & Northwest (\$12,020,453):</i>						4th do	187,000	7	April & Oct	1873	...
Preferred Sinking Fund	1,250,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1885	...	5th do	187,000	7	April & Oct	1873	...
1st Mortgage	3,600,000	7	do	1885	90	6th do	800,000	7	Jan. & July	1866	...
Interest Bonds	756,000	7	May & Nov.	1863	85	7th do	800,000	7	Jan. & July	1874	...
Consol. S. F. Bonds, conv. till 1870	2,000,000	7	Quarterly	1915	80	8th do	230,000	6	April & Oct	1870	97
Extension Bonds	484,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1885	80	9th do	250,000	6	do	1861	...
<i>Chicago & Rock Island (\$1,448,000):</i>						<i>La Crosse & Milwaukee (\$1,903,000):</i>					
1st Mortgage	1,397,000	7	Jan. & July	1870	102 104	1st Mortgage, Eastern Division	903,000	7	May & Nov.	1872	...
<i>Cinc., Ham. & Dayton (\$1,629,000):</i>						2d do	1,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1869	...
1st Mortgage	379,000	7	do	1867	...	Lehigh Valley (\$1,477,000):					
2d do	1,249,000	7	May & Nov.	1880	...	1st Mortgage	1,465,000	6	May & Nov.	1873	93
<i>Cincinnatus & Zanesville (\$1,300,000):</i>						2d Mortgage	Little Miami (\$1,400,000):				
1st Mortgage	1,300,000	7	May & Nov.	1893	...	1st Mortgage	1,300,000	6	May & Nov.	1883	...
<i>Cleveland, Coal, and Cinc. (\$491,500):</i>						2d Mortgage	Little Schuylkill (\$960,000):				
1st Mortgage	491,500	7	Jan. & July	1890	...	1st Mortgage, sinking fund	960,000	7	April & Oct	1877	92
<i>Cleveland & Mahoning (\$1,752,400):</i>						2d Mortgage	Long Island (\$932,000):				
1st Mortgage	850,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1873	...	1st Mortgage	500,000	6	Jan. & July	1870	...
2d do	244,200	7	M'ch & Sep	1864	...	2d Mortgage	225,000	7	May & Nov.	1890	...
3d do	648,200	8	do	1875	...	<i>Louisville and Nashville (\$3,297,000):</i>					
<i>Cler., Pain, & Ashtabula (\$1,500,000):</i>						1st Mortgage	1,804,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1883	...
Dividend Bonds	900,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1880	...	2d Mortgage	300,560	7	do	1883	...
Sunbury and Erie Bonds	500,000	7	do	1874	...	<i>Memphis Branch Mortgage:</i>					
<i>Cleveland & Pittsburgh (\$3,880,848):</i>						1st Mortgage	2,691,298	7	Feb. & Aug	1892	75
2d Mortgage	1,129,000	7	M'ch & Sep	1873	...	2d Mortgage	300,000	7	May & Nov.	1888	...
3d do convertible	1,619,500	7	do	1875	85 95	3d do	61,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1868	97</

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).

DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.		FRIDAY	DESCRIPTION.	Amount outstanding.	INTEREST.		FRIDAY
		Rate.	Payable.		Principal payable.		Bid.	Ask'd	
The sums placed after the name of Company show the total Funded Debt.					The sums placed after the name of Company show the total Funded Debt.				
Railroad:					Railroad:				
<i>Naugatuck:</i>					<i>St. Louis, Jacksonville & Chicago:</i>				
1st Mortgage (convertible)	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1876	1st Mortgage				
<i>New Haven, N. London & Stonington:</i>					2d do				
1st Mortgage	450,000	7	M'ch & Sep	1861	2d do Income	1,700,000	7	May & Nov.	1894
2d do	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1868	Sandusky, Dayton and Cincinnati:				
<i>New Haven and Northampton:</i>					1st Mortgage (extended)	1,000,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1900
1st Mortgage	\$500,000	7	Jan. & July	1869	2d do	201,500	7	May & Nov	1876
<i>New Jersey:</i>					<i>Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark:</i>				
Ferry Bonds of 1853	485,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1873	1st Mortgage	1,290,000	7	Jan. & July	1875
<i>New London Northern:</i>					Second Avenue:				
1st General Mortgage	140,000	6	Jan. & July	1885	1st Mortgage	500,000	7	June & Dec	1867
<i>New York Central:</i>					Shamokin Valley and Pottsville:				
Premium Sinking Fund Bonds	6,917,500	6	May & Nov	1883	1st Mortgage	700,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1872
Bonds of October, 1863 (renewal)	2,925,000	6	June & Dec	1887	South Carolina:				
Real Estate Bonds	165,000	6	May & Nov.	1883	Sheriff's Sale	2,000,000	5	Jan. & July	1866
Subscrip. Bonds (assumed stocks)	663,000	6	do	1876	Domesic Bonds	1,070,000	5	Various	68-74
Sink. Fund B'ds (assumed debts)	1,398,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1876	States Island:				
Bonds of August, 1859, convert	604,000	7	do	1876	1st Mortgage	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1871
Bonds of 1865	7	do	1876		1st Mortgage	1,400,000	7	April & Oct	1876
<i>New York and Harlem:</i>					1st Mortgage	1,391,000	7	June & Dec	1894
1st General Mortgage	3,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1872	1st Mortgage	900,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1865
Consolidated Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1893	1st do (extended)	2,500,000	7	do	1884
3d Mortgage	1,000,000	7	do	1868	2d do (Toledo and Wabash)	1,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1875
<i>New York and New Haven:</i>					2d do (Wabash)	1,500,000	7	do	1875
Mortgage Bonds	1,088,000	6	April & Oct	1873	2d do (Toledo and Wabash)	152,355	7	do	1865
<i>New York, Providence and Boston:</i>					Sinking Fund Bonds	600,000	7	Jan. & July	1874
1st Mortgage	232,000	6	Feb. & Aug	'73-'78	Equipment bonds				
<i>Northern Central:</i>					<i>Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw:</i>				
State Loans	1,500,000	6	Jan. & July	irred.	1st Mortg. (Toledo and Wabash)	900,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1865
2d Mortgage Sinking Fund	2,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1885	2d do	2,500,000	7	do	1884
<i>Northern New Hampshire:</i>					3d do (Toledo and Wabash)	1,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1875
Plain Bonds	220,700	6	April & Oct	1874	2d do (Wabash and Western)	1,500,000	7	do	1875
<i>North Pennsylvania:</i>					3d do (Wabash and Western)	180,000	7	Jan. & July	1874
Mortgage Bonds	2,500,000	6	April & Oct	1880	Troy and Boston:				
Chattel Mortgage	360,000	10	do	1887	1st Mortgage	300,000	7	Jan. & July	1887
<i>North Western Virginia:</i>					2d do	300,000	7	Apr. & Oct.	1885
1st Mortgage (guar. by Baltimore)	1,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1873	Convertible	650,000	7	May & Nov.	1875
2d do (guar. by B. & O. RR.)	1,000,000	6	do	1873	200,000	7	Mar. & Sep.	1882	
3d do ('do do do)	500,000	6	do	1885	<i>Troy Union:</i>				
3d do (not guaranteed)	500,000	6	do	1885	Mortgage Bonds	500,000	6	Jan. & July	1863
<i>Norwich and Worcester:</i>					do do	180,000	6	do	1863
General Mortgage	100,000	7	Jan. & July	1874	<i>Vermont Central:</i>				
Steamboat Mortgage	300,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1870	1st Mortgage	2,000,000	7	June & Dec	1861
<i>Ogdensburg and L. Champlain:</i>					2d do (no interest)	1,135,000	7	Jan. & July	1867
1st Mortgage	1,494,000	7	April & Oct	1869	<i>Vermont and Massachusetts:</i>				
<i>Ohio and Mississippi:</i>					1st Mortgage	550,600	6	Jan. & July	1863
1st Mortgage	2,900,000	7	Jan. & July	1872	<i>Verm. Cen. & Verm. & Can. Bonds:</i>				
2d do (W. D.)	750,000	7	do	1874	1st Mortgage	600,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1875
<i>Oneida & Rome (\$350,000):</i>					<i>Warren:</i>				
1st Mortgage (guar. by R. W. & O.)	350,000	7	May & Nov.	1916	1st Mortgage (guaranteed)	600,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1875
<i>Oneida and Syracuse:</i>					<i>Westchester and Philadelphia:</i>				
1st Mortgage	225,000	7	Jan. & July	'70-'80	1st Mortgage (convert.) Coupon	390,300	7	Jan. & July	1873
<i>Pacific, (S. W. Branch):</i>					2d do , registered	554,908	8	April & Oct	1878
Mortgage, guar. by Mo.	1,139,000	6	Jan. & July	'72-'77	<i>Western Mass.:</i>				
<i>Panama:</i>					Sterling (£809,900) Bonds	4,319,530	5	April & Oct	'68-'71
1st Mortgage, sterling	416,000	7	April & Oct	1870	Dollar Bonds	850,000	6	do	1875
1st do do	346,000	7	do	1875	Albany and W. Stockbridge Bonds	1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	'68-'76
2d do do	1,150,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1872	Hudson and Boston Mortgage	150,000	6	June & Dec	D'm'd
1st Mortgage	1,029,000	7	Mch & Sept	1884	1st Mortgage	596,000	6	Jan. & July	1890
<i>Pennsylvania:</i>					do do	200,000	6	do	1890
1st Mortgage	4,980,000	6	Jan. & July	1880	<i>York & Cumberland (North. Cent.):</i>				
2d do	2,621,000	6	April & Oct	1875	1st Mortgage	175,000	6	May & Nov.	1870
3d do , sterling	2,283,940	6	do	1875	2d do	25,000	6	Jan. & July	1871
<i>Philadelphia and Baltimore Central:</i>					Guaranteed (Baltimore) Bonds	500,000	6	do	1877
1st Mortgage	875,000	7	Jan. & July	1876	<i>Canal</i>				
<i>Philadelphia and Erie:</i>					<i>Chesapeake and Delaware:</i>				
1st Mortgage (Sunbury & Erie)	1,000,000	7	April & Oct	1877	1st Mortgage Bonds	2,383,109	6	Jan. & July	1886
1st do (general)	5,000,000	6	April & Oct	1881	<i>Chesapeake and Ohio:</i>				
2d do (general)	4,000,000	6	April & Oct	1901	Maryland Loan	2,000,000	6	Ja Ap Ju Oc	1870
<i>Philadelphia, German & Norristown:</i>					Sterling Bonds, guaranteed	4,375,000	5	do	1890
Consolidated Loan	119,800	6	Jan. & July	1885	Preferred Bonds	1,699,500	6	....	1885
Convertible Loan	292,500	6	do	1885	<i>Delaware Division:</i>				
<i>Philadelphia and Reading:</i>					1st Mortgage	800,000	6	Jan. & July	1878
Sterling Bonds of 1836	408,000	5	Jan. & July	1867	<i>Delaware and Hudson:</i>				
do do do	182,400	5	do	1890	Mortgage sinking fund	641,000	7	Mch & Sept	1870
Dollar Bonds of 1849	2,826,600	6	April & Oct	1870	<i>Erie of Pennsylvania:</i>				
do do 1861	106,000	6	Jan. & July	1871	1st Mortgage Bonds	752,000	7	Jan. & July	1865
do do 1843-4-8-9	1,521,000	6	do	1890	Interest Bonds	161,000	6	do	1868
Sterling Bonds of 1843	976,800	6	do	1880	<i>Liebig Navigation: (\$3,081,434):</i>				
Dollar Bonds, convertible	564,000	6	do	1886	Loan of 1871	414,158	6	Mch & Sept	1870
Lebanon Valley Bonds, convertible	60,000	7	do	1886	1 of n 1884	2,667,276	6	do	1884
<i>Philadelphia and Trenton:</i>					<i>Monongahela Navigation:</i>				
1st Mortgage	258,000	6	May & Nov.	1868	Mortgage Bonds	182,000	6	Jan. & July	1876
<i>Philadelphia, Wilming. & Baltimore:</i>					<i>Morris:</i>				
Mortgage Loan	692,000	6	Jan. & July	1884	Mortgage Bonds	750,000	6	April & Oct	1876
<i>Pittsburg and Connellsburg:</i>					<i>Pennsylvania & New York:</i>				
1st Mort. (Turtle Cr. Div.)	400,000	6	Feb. & Aug	1889	1st Mortgage (North Branch)	590,000	6	May & Nov.	1876
1st Mortgage	5,300,000	7	Semi an'ally	1912	<i>Schuylkill Navigation:</i>				
2d do	5,160,000	7	do	1912	1st Mortgage	1,764,330	6	Mch & Sept	1872
3d do	2,000,000	7	April & Oct	1912	2d do	3,980,670	6	Jan. & July	1882
Akron Branch: 1st mortgage	200,000	7	Jan. & July	1884	Improvement	586,500	6	May & Nov.	1870
<i>Pittsburg and Steubenville:</i>					<i>Susquehanna and Tide-Water:</i>				
1st Mortgage	1,000,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1881	Maryland Loan	1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	1865
2d do	500,000	7	do	1881	Coupon Bonds	1,100,000	6	do	1878
Racing and Mississippi:					Priority Bonds	325,000	6	do	1864
1st Mortgage, sinking fund	1,000,900	7	Mch & Sept	1888	1st Mortgage	2,500,000	6	May & Nov.	1883
2d do	250,000	7	do	1888	<i>West Branch and Susquehanna:</i>				
Convertible Bonds	140,000	7	do	1876	1st Mortgage	450,000	6	Jan. & July	1878
Reading and Columbia:					<i>Wyoming Valley:</i>				
1st Mortgage	800,000	7	Mch & Sept	1879	1st Mortgage	750,000	6	Jan. & July	1878
<i>Rensselaer & Saratoga consolidated:</i>					<i>Miscellaneous:</i>				
1st Mort. Rensselaer & Saratoga	400,000	7	May & Nov.	1890	<i>Cincinnati and Covington Bridge:</i>				
1st Mort. Saratoga & Whitehall	340,000	7	do	1890	1st Mortgage Bond's . . . . .	....	7	Jan. & July	1884
1st Mort. Troy, S. & Rnt. (guar.)	500,000	7	do	1890	<i>Staroposa Mining:</i>				
<i>Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg:</i>					1st Mortgage	1,500,000	7	Jan. & July	1885
1st Mortgage (Potowm & Water.)	800,000	7	Jun. & Dec.	1874	2d do	2,000,000	7	April & Oct	1881
2d do (do)	200,000	7	do	1862	<i>Mississippi (Rock I.) Bridge:</i>				
1st do (Watertown & Rome)	123,000	7	Mch & Sept	1871	1st Mortgage	600,000	8	Jan. & July	1881
2d do (do)	300,000	7	do	1880	2d do	600,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1871
<i>Erie and Burlington:</i>					<i>Pennsylvania Coal:</i>				
1st Mortgage { no int. paid 1865 }	1,800,000	7	Feb. & Aug	1863	1st Mortgage	600,000	7	Jan. & July	1871
2d do	93								

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.—FRIDAY.

Marked thus (*) are participating, and (+) write Marine Risks.	Dec. 31, 1865.		DIVIDEND.		Bid.	Ask. ed.
	Capital.	Assets.	Periods.	Last paid.		
Adriatic.....	25	\$300,000	223,775	Jan. and July.	—	—
Etna.....	50	200,000	205,978	Jan. and July.	—	—
American *.....	50	300,000	440,603	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	—
American Exch. *.....	100	200,000	213,590	Jan. and July.	July '66	.4
Arctic.....	50	500,000	501,543	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.5
Astor.....	25	250,000	253,232	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	.5
Baltic.....	25	200,000	200,362	May and Nov.	—	—
Beekman.....	25	200,000	181,052	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '65	.4
Bowery.....	25	200,000	320,111	Jan. and Dec.	Dec. '65	.5
Broadway.....	25	200,000	241,392	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	—
Central Park.....	100	150,000	200,574	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.4
Citizens'.....	20	300,000	378,440	do	Jan. '66	.10
City.....	70	210,000	314,787	Feb. and Aug.	F. 3/4	sh.
Clinton.....	100	250,000	321,793	Jan. and July.	July '65	.5
Columbus *.....	100	500,000	391,913	do	July '64	.35
Commerce (N.Y.).....	100	300,000	212,594	do	Jan. '66	.5
Commercial.....	50	200,000	214,396	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.5
Commonwealth.....	100	250,000	268,893	April and Oct.	Oct. '65	—
Continental *.....	100	500,000	1,199,975	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.7
Corn Exchange.....	50	400,000	84,970	March and Sep.	Mar. '64	.5
Croton.....	100	300,000	168,321	Jan. and July.	July '64	.5
Eagle.....	40	300,000	561,705	April and Oct.	Apr. '66	.5
Empire City.....	100	200,000	212,141	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.5
Excelsior.....	50	300,000	258,054	do	July '66	.5
Exchange.....	30	150,000	140,324	Feb. and Aug.	—	—
Firemen's.....	17	200,000	233,32	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.5
Firemen's Fund.....	10	150,000	149,094	do	Jan. '66	.34
Firemen's Trust.....	10	150,000	156,063	do	July '65	.5
Fulton.....	25	300,000	215,079	do	Jan. '66	.5
Gallatin.....	50	150,000	149,755	May and Nov.	May '66	.6
Gebhard.....	100	200,000	22,309	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.6
Germany.....	50	600,000	592,394	do	Jan. '66	.5
Globe.....	50	200,000	195,875	Jan. and July.	July '65	.5
Great Western **.....	100	1,000,000	8,177,400	Jan. and July.	July '66	.34
Greenwich.....	25	200,000	228,12	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	.5
Grocers'.....	50	200,000	186,176	April and Oct.	Apr. '65	.5
Guardian.....	—	200,000	172,318	Jan. and July.	July '66	.34
Hamilton.....	15	150,000	163,860	do	July '66	.4
Hanover.....	40	400,000	430,295	do	Jan. '66	.5
Harmony (F. & M.) *.....	50	300,000	253,214	do	Jan. '66	.5
Hoffman.....	50	200,000	207,345	do	Jan. '66	.5
Home.....	100	2,000,000	2,485,017	do	Jan. '66	.5
Hope.....	50	200,000	152,057	do	Jan. '65	.5
Howard.....	50	300,000	349,521	do	July '66	.6
Humboldt.....	100	200,000	201,216	do	July '65	.5
Import & Trade *.....	50	200,000	1,882	do	July '66	.6
Indemnity.....	100	150,000	138,166	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '65	.5
International.....	100	1,000,000	1,024,762	do	Feb. '66	.34
Irving.....	25	200,000	195,571	do	Ang. '65	.5
Jefferson.....	30	200,010	245,984	March and Sep.	Mar. '66	.6
Knickerbocker.....	40	230,000	279,504	Jan. and July.	July '65	.5
Lamar.....	100	300,000	346,426	do	Jan. '66	.5
Lenox.....	25	150,000	129,644	do	July '65	.4
Lorillard *.....	25	1,000,000	1,182,779	do	Jan. '66	.5
Manhattan.....	100	500,000	704,303	do	Jan. '66	.10
Market *.....	100	200,000	292,354	do	Jan. '66	.34
Mechan & Trade *.....	25	200,000	197,633	do	July '65	.6
Mercantile.....	100	200,000	211,178	do	Jan. '66	.4
Mercantile Mut * *.....	100	240,000	1,322,469	do	Jan. '66	.34
Merchants'.....	50	200,000	228,644	do	July '65	.10
Metropolitan * +.....	100	1,000,000	1,192,303	do	July '65	.5
National.....	75	200,000	235,518	do	Jan. '66	.8
New Amsterdam.....	25	300,000	311,976	do	July '65	.5
N. Y. Equitable.....	35	210,000	244,066	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.4
N. Y. Fire and Mar. 130.....	200,000	222,199	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	.34	
Niagara.....	50	1,000,000	1,175,665	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.6
North American *.....	50	500,000	601,701	do	Jan. '66	.5
North River.....	25	350,000	385,489	April and Oct.	Apr. '66	.4
Pacific.....	25	200,000	229,729	do	Jan. '66	.5
Park.....	100	200,000	194,317	do	July '64	.5
Peter Cooper.....	20	150,000	173,691	do	Jan. '66	.5
People's.....	20	150,000	154,206	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	.4
Phoenix *.....	50	1,000,000	998,687	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.5
Relief.....	50	200,000	188,170	do	July '65	.5
Republic *.....	100	300,000	457,252	do	Jan. '66	.34
Resolute *.....	100	200,000	208,969	do	Jan. '66	.34
Rutgers.....	25	200,000	206,909	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	.5
St. Mark's.....	25	150,000	150,580	do	Feb. '65	.64
St. Nicholas *.....	25	150,000	128,903	Jan. and July.	July '63	.4
Security * +.....	50	1,000,000	1,277,664	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	.34
Standard.....	50	200,000	220,903	Jan. and July.	Jan. '66	.5
Star.....	100	200,000	217,843	do	Jan. '66	.5
Sterling *.....	100	200,000	177,915	do	Feb. '66	.4
Stuyvesant.....	25	200,000	208,049	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	.4
Trademens.....	25	150,000	142,830	Jan. and July.	July '65	.5
United States.....	26	250,000	350,412	do	Jan. '66	.5
Washington.....	50	400,000	569,623	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	.6
Washington * +.....	100	287,400	581,680	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '66	.2
Yonkers and N. Y. 100.....	500,000	550,301	do	Jan. '66	.5	

MARINE INSURANCE SCRIP.—FRIDAY.

COMPANIES.	Out-standing	Bid.	Ask-ed.	COMPANIES.	Out-standing	Bid.	Ask-ed.
Atlantic Mut. 1864	2,599,520	—	—	Orient Mut. 1859	do	1860	131,270
do	1865	2,705,000	—	do	1861	105,770	—
do	1866	87	90	do	1863	53,610	—
Commer'Mu. 1860	81,120	—	—	Pacific Mut. 1860	do	1865	—
do	1861	48,660	—	do	1866	24,000	—
do	1862	84,120	—	do	1867	224,000	—
do	1863	78,700	—	do	1868	120,000	—
do	1864	126,540	—	do	1869	129,000	—
do	1865	103,854	—	do	1870	180,650	—
do	1866	—	—	do	1871	177,320	—
Gt. Western. 1861	—	—	—	do	1872	130,180	—
do	1862	—	—	do	1873	153,420	—
do	1863	435,404	—	do	1874	184,155,670	—
do	1864	—	—	do	1875	185,540	—
do	1865	—	—	do	1876	186,101,340	—
do	1866	—	—	do	1877	187,186,120	—
Mercan'Mu. Mu. 1860	80,130	—	—	do	1878	188,162,900	—
do	1861	42,700	—	do	1879	189,139,600	—
do	1862	69,470	—	do	1880	190,116,300	—
do	1863	111,580	—	do	1881	191,103,000	—
do	1864	84,620	—	do	1882	192,090,700	—
do	1865	101,340	—	do	1883	193,077,400	—
do	1866	—	—	do	1884	194,064,100	—
N. Y. Mutual. 1860	—	—	—	do	1885	195,050,800	—
do	1861	—	—	do	1886	196,038,500	—
do	1862	—	—	do	1887	197,026,200	—
do	1863	—	—	do	1888	198,013,900	—
do	1864	121,460	—	do	1889	199,001,600	—
do	1865	—	—	do	1890	200,000,300	—
do	1866	—	—	do	1891	201,000,000	—

THE CHRONICLE.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST—FRIDAY.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.
Adamantine Oil.....	par 10	—	McClintockville.....	par 10	—
Alleghany.....	100	—	McElhenny.....	10	—
Allen Wright.....	10	—	McKinley.....	5	—
Anderson.....	10	—	Manhattan.....	2	20
Beekman.....	10	—	Maple Grove.....	5	—
Bemis Height.....	5	—	Maple Shade of N. Y.	10	—
Bennehoff & Pit hole.....	2	—	Marietta.....	10	—
Bennehoff Run.....	5	3 00	McCantile.....	5	—
Bergen Coal and Oil.....	10	—	Mineral Point.....	—	—
Black Creek.....	—	—	Mingo.....	10	—
Bliven.....	20	—	Monongahela & Kan.	—	—
Blood Farm.....	20	—	Montana.....	5	—
Bradley Oil.....	5	7	Mount Vernon.....	3	—
Brevoort.....	10	25	National.....	5	—
Brooklyn.....	5	5	New England.....	10	—
Buchanan Farm.....	10	30	New York.....	5	—
Bunker Hill.....	5	—	New York & Kent'y Oil.....	100	—
California.....	100	—	New York & Newark.....	5	—
Central.....	100	2 05	N. Y. & Philadel.....	5	—
Cherry Run Oil.....	100	—	N. Y. Ph. & Balt. Cons.....	24	—
Cherry Run Petrol'm.....	2	—	Noble & Delancier.....	8	—
Cherry Run special.....	5	—	Noble Well of N. Y.	25	—
Clifton.....	10	—	North American.....	10	—
Clinton.....	10	2 00	North Star Light.....	10	—
Columbia (Pbg.).....	50	—	Oak Shade.....	10	—
Commercial.....	100	—	Oceanic.....	100	8
Commonwealth.....	10	—	Oil City Petroleum.....	10	—
Consolidated of N. Y.	10	—	Oil Creek of N. Y.	30	40
De Kalb.....	—	—	Pacific.....	5	—
Devon.....	—	—	Palmer Petroleum.....	10	—
Eclectic.....	1	2 00	Pennsylvania Oil.....	—	—
Emp'ly City Petrol'm.....	8	—	Pepper Well Petroleum.....	3 00	—
Empire & Pit Hole.....	2	—	Petroleum Consol.....	—	—
Enniskillen.....	10	—	Pit Hole C. No. 2.....	2 50	—
Enterprise.....	10	—	P		

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SARATOGA
Victory Manufacturing Co., and
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safe forwarding of
GOLD, SILVER, JEWELRY, & MERCHANTISE
of every description. Also for the collection of notes
drafts and bills, bills accompanying goods, etc.**COOPER & SHERIDAN,**

Stationers and Blank Book Manufacturers.

26 EXCHANGE PLACE,

Corner of William St.

The Old "White's" Type Foundry,
ESTABLISHED IN 1810.**FARMER, LITTLE & CO.,**
PROPRIETORS,

63 & 65 Heckman Street, N. Y.

This old established concern is prepared to fill, at
short notice, orders for
BOOK, NEWSPAPER AND JOB
TYPEOF EVERY VARIETY, INCLUDING
Type from other Foundries, Scripts, Borders, Cuts,
Brass Rules, Labor Saving Rules, Wood Type,
Printing Inks, and Furniture of every kind.
Hand, Power, and Job Presses.**Commercial Cards.****A. P. MERRILL, JR.,**

Formerly of Mississippi.

SUCCESSOR TO

Goodman & Merrill,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT
36 NEW STREET & 38 BROAD STREET,
NEW YORK CITY.Advances made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, and other produce.
Machinery and Agricultural Implements of every description supplied.
Southern Real Estate Bought and Sold on Commission.

REFERENCES:

Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., New York.
U. A. Murdoch, Esq., New York.
W. R. Dixon, Esq., Pres. Hoff an Ins. Co., N. Y.
Dr. W. N. Mercer, New Orleans.
George S. Mandeville, Esq., New Orleans.
Messrs. Crane, Bred & Co., Cincinnati.
A. E. Addison, Esq., Virginia.
Geo. S. Cameron, Esq., South Carolina.
Hon. W. B. Ogden, Chicago.
Ogden, Fleetwood & C., Chicago.
D. B. Molloy, Esq., Memphis.
Messrs. Porter, Fairfax & Co., Louisville, Ky.
Francis Surge, Esq., Natchez, Miss.
H. B. Plant, Esq., Augusta, Ga.
Hon. Milton Brown, Mobile.
W. Mead Addison, Esq., Baltimore.

A. P. MERRILL, JR.,
36 New Street, New York City.**CARLETON, FOUTE & CO.,**
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND

General Commercial Agents.

NOS. 38 BROAD AND 36 NEW STREETS.
G. N. CARLETON, A. M. FOUTE, New York.
R. B. SPEED, A. M. SUMMERS, New Orleans.
J. H. SPEED, W. B. DONOHO, Memphis.
W. M. COZART, J. J. STOCKARD, Mobile.
Consignments and orders solicited.

CARLETON, FOUTE & CO.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1, 1866.
References—Duncan, Sherman & Co., Bankers, New York; I. B. Kirtland, Hill & Co., Bankers, New York; Third National Bank, St. Louis, Mo.; Hon. Thos. H. Yeatman, Cincinnati, Ohio; Hon. James Speed, Attorney General U. S., Washington; J. Smith Speed, Louisville.**Jeremiah M. Wardwell,**

(of the late firm of Neilson Wardwell & Co.)

**Importer and Dealer in Hardware,
and Commission Merchant,**

45 CLIFF STREET, NEW YORK.

All orders entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. Consignments of Cotton, Wool, Hides, &c., solicited. Best of references given if required.

Hoffmann & Co.,COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 24 WHITEHALL ST., NEW YORK.

Cash advances made on consignments of Cotton, Wool, Hides and Naval Stores by our friends in New Orleans, Mobile and Galveston.

REFER TO

Mechanics' National Bank, N. Y.
Messrs. Gilman, Son & Co., Bankers, N. Y.
Messrs. Brown & Ives, Providence, R. I.

R. M. Davis,
(FORMERLY OF NEW ORLEANS.)
EXCHANGE AND STOCK BROKER,

and

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.NOS. 38 BROAD STREET AND 36 NEW STREET
Office, No. 29.Orders promptly and carefully attended to.
Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, and other produce solicited.**MARSH GLENN,**ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT
LAW.
Strand Street, Galveston, Texas,Is prepared to attend to, and collect PROMPTLY, all
Claims or other business committed to his charge in
Middle or Southern Texas.

REFERENCES:

J. M. Wardwell,
Burris, French & Woodward, New York City.
J. H. Brower & Co.,
H. B. Clifford, New Orleans, La.
Campbell & Strong, Palestine, Texas.
Hon. J. H. Reagan, Palestine, Texas.
Judge G. F. More, Austin, Texas.
T. H. McMahan & Gilbert, Galveston, Texas.
J. S. Sellers & Co.,
J. W. & T. P. Gillian, Houston, Texas.

Miscellaneous.**Treasury Department.**

JUNE 26th, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO HOLDERS
OF CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, issued
under acts of Congress approved March 1st and 17th,
1862, that the Secretary of the Treasury, in accordance
with said acts and the tenor of said certificates,
is prepared to redeem, before maturity, all Certificates
of Indebtedness falling due after August 1st, 1866,
with accrued interest thereon, if presented for re-
demption on or before July 15th, 1866; and that there-
after such certificates will cease to bear interest, and
will be paid on presentation at the Department, with
interest only to said 15th of July.

H. McCULLOCH, Secretary.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD—
Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.
JOLIET AND CHICAGO RAILROAD—Coupons
of First Mortgage Bonds.
DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD—
Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.
DUBUQUE SOUTH WESTERN RAILROAD—
Coupons of First Mortgage Preferred Bonds.
DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD—
Coupons, and
DETROIT AND PONTIAC RAILROAD—
Coupons due July 1st, 1866, will be paid at our office,
No. 84 Broadway, New York, on the 2d of July, less
Government Tax.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 Broadway,
NEW YORK, June 19, 1866.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
(free of Government tax) has this day been declared,
payable on and after July 2, 1866. Transfer book
will be closed from the 23d instant to July 2.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 363 Broadway, New York, June 12, 1866.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
(free of Government tax) has this day been declared,
payable on and after July 2, 1866.

The Transfer Books will be closed on the 20th
inst., to re-open on the 2d July next.

By order of the Board.

JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
New York, June 28, 1866.
A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT.
out of the profits of the last six months has been
declared, payable to the shareholders, free of the
United States tax, on Monday July 2d.

The transfer book will be closed till July 3d.

GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.

WM. J. JENKINS, Cashier.
New York, June 26, 1866.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 Broadway,
NEW YORK, June 19, 1866.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.
(free of Government tax) has this day been declared,
payable on and after July 2, 1866. Transfer book
will be closed from the 23d instant to July 2d.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK,
New York, June 20, 1866.
A DIVIDEND OF EIGHT (8) PER
cent, free of United States tax, will be paid on and
after Monday, 2d of July. The transfer books to re-
main closed from 22d inst. to day of payment inclu-
sive.

By order of the Board.

O. H. SCHRFINER, Cashier.

PHOENIX NATIONAL BANK,
New York, June 27, 1866.
A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER
cent (free of Government tax), has been declared this
day, payable on and after June 30, instant. Until
which date the transfer books will be closed.

JOHN PARKER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.
OFFICE HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 11 WALL ST., June 26.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a
SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of FOUR (4) per cent,
ex-Government tax, payable on and after July 4,
1866.

JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
NEW YORK, June 27, 1866.

The Board of Directors of the HOWARD INSUR-
ANCE COMPANY have this day declared a semi-
annual DIVIDEND of SIX PER CENT, free from
Government tax, payable on and after the 9th day of
July next.

HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice-President.

[June 30, 1866.]

Steamship and Express Co's.PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE**To CALIFORNIA,** And carrying the United States Mail,

LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO. JULY:

1st—ARIZONA, connecting with GOLDEN CITY. 11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with ST. LOUIS. 21st—NEW YORK, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, North River, New York.

F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

Empire Line
FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,
Every Saturday. The Elegant Side-Wheel Steamships
SAN SALVADOR,
Commander, Joshua Atkins, and
SAN JACINTO,
Commander, Winslow Loveland,
1,500 Tons Burthen each.

Have been placed on the route to Savannah by the Atlantic Mail Steamship Company of New York, and are intended to be run by them in a manner to meet the first-class requirements of the trade.

The cabin accommodations of these ships are not excelled by any Steamers on the coast, and although their carrying capacity is large, their draught of water enables them to insure a passage without detention in the river.

San Salvador, Sat. June 30 | San Jacinto, Sat. July 21
San Jacinto, " July 7 | San Salvador, " " 28
San Salvador, " " 14 | San Jacinto, " Aug. 4
Returning, Leave Savannah, every Saturday, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Bills of Lading furnished and signed on the Pier.

For further particulars, engagement of Freight or Passage, apply to
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents.
5 Bowling Green, N. Y.
Agent at Savannah, B. H. HARDEE.**Miscellaneous.****To CAPITALISTS.**

Attention is called to the

SEVEN PER CENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE

OSWEGO AND ROME RAILROAD COMPANY.

Interest guaranteed and payable by the

ROME, WATERTOWN & OGDENSBURG RAIL-ROAD COMPANY,
in the City of New York, on the
[First Days of May and November.]These Bonds are a strictly
FIRST-CLASS SECURITY,
and will be sold on terms that render them a very
cheap and

DESIRABLE INVESTMENT.

Further information on application to

S. W. HOPKINS & CO.,
70 Beaver Street.**STORAGE,**
No Cotton Taken,

IN FIRST-CLASS WAREHOUSES,

Nos. 115, 117, 119, 121, & 123,

Greenwich Street.R. P. GETTY & SON,
115 GREENWICH STREET.**Miscellaneous.**Office of the PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
Tontine Buildings, No. 88 Wall street,
NEW YORK, June 22, 1866.**37TH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF**

Directors have this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 30th inst., and TWO (2) PER CENT. out of the earnings of steamers, sailing vessels, &c., payable to the stockholders, their legal representatives, on and after 5th July next.

Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of 23d inst., and reopened on the morning of 7th July.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

JAMES A. ROBINSON,**Ericsson Caloric Engines**

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines,

Mills, Pumps, Cotton Gins, Hoisters, and General Jobbing.

164 Duane St., Cor. Hudson, New York.

THE

Commercial & Financial**CHRONICLE**First—Exclusively devoted in its **Editorial Columns** to the discussion of subjects relating to the interests of **Finance and Commerce**, to the exclusion of **politics and other general topics**.Second—Furnishes the most accurate information to the **Merchant and Banker** on all matters relating to their occupations—by means of thorough and well prepared reports and full **statistical tables**.Third—Affords a **weekly record**, of convenient form to be kept on file, and bound at the end of each volume, (half-yearly) and so furnish a **complete history** of Commercial and Financial transactions.

To accomplish these objects THE CHRONICLE is modeled after the well known English paper "The Economist," and is essentially unlike any other paper published in this country.

CONTENTS.

Is published every Saturday morning. Each number contains :

1st. **EDITORIAL ARTICLES**—prepared with great care by competent writers, upon subjects relating to **Finance, Commerce, and other questions of general interest to business men**.2d. **LITERATURE**—Notices of new books.3d. **FOREIGN NEWS**—It is with great pleasure we are able to announce that we have secured the services of one of the editors of the leading London journal—*The Economist*—who will, in a weekly letter, report the foreign markets specially for THE CHRONICLE, furnishing the freshest and most reliable information with regard to commercial and financial affairs.4th. **COMMERCIAL & MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.**5th. **THE BANKERS GAZETTE**—Giving a list of all **Dividends Declared** and **Bonds lost or stolen** for the week; a review of the **Money Market, Stock, Gold, and Foreign Exchange Markets** for the week; **Bank Statements** for the week, with comparative statements; progress and condition of **National Banks, Foreign Banking**, and a **Bank Stock List**.6th. **A TABLE OF SALE PRICES**, on each day of the week, at the New York Stock Exchange of Stocks and Securities sold.7th. **A TABLE OF NATIONAL, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES.**8th. **THE COMMERCIAL TIMES**—Containing an epitome of the movements of trade for the week; complete tables of the **Total Receipts of Domestic Produce** for the week and since January. Also, of **Exports and Imports for the week and year** of all leading articles of commerce, with a comparative statement of the previous year.A special Report on **Cotton**, acknowledged to be the best and most complete published in the United States.A special Report on **Breadstuffs**.

A Dry Goods Report.

9th. **WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT**, containing full quotations of the prices, on Friday, of all leading articles of Commerce in the New York Market.10th. **THE RAILWAY MONITOR.**11th. **A TABLE OF RAILWAY, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.**12th. **A TABLE OF RAILWAY, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.**13th. **THE INSURANCE AND MINING JOURNAL.**

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR YEAR, EXCLUSIVE OF POSTAGE:

THE CHRONICLE with DAILY BULLETIN, \$12 00
THE CHRONICLE without do " " 10 00

THE DAILY BULLETIN, alone..... 5 00

William B. Dana & Co.,
PUBLISHERS,
60 William Street, New York**Miscellaneous.****IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.**

SPLENDID INVESTMENT.

The American Cotton Planting & Loan Co.CAPITAL STOCK \$2,500,000
SHARES, \$25.**BOARD OF DIRECTORS.**

Hon. SIMON CAMERON, Ex-Secretary of War.

Hon. JOS. A. GILMORE, Ex-Governor of New Hampshire.

Hon. CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, late Secretary of State, New York.

Hon. JAS. H. WALTON, late Treasurer U. S. Mint, Philadelphia.

Hon. N. B. BRYANT, Boston, Mass.

GEO. L. TRASK, Esq., firm of Bigelow & Trask, N. Y.

THOS. COREY, Esq., firm of Corey, Wilson & Co., Boston.

ELIJAH F. DEWING, Esq., New Orleans.

Major H. O. BRIGHAM, late Paymaster, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.

This Company offers greater inducements for investments than any Stock Company now in existence.

The object of the Company is to afford facilities to the impoverished Cotton and Sugar Planters of the South to grow and get their crop to market, always taking good and satisfactory security, by mortgage on their plantation and crops, for money advanced in procuring supplies, paying labor, and other necessary expenses incidental to the development of the soil.

CAPITAL AND LABOR are the universal requirements of the largest portion of

THE SOUTHERN STATES, and when judiciously applied, no matter by whom furnished, will restore that portion of our unfortunate country to its former prosperity, and make the South all that nature designed it.

THE GARDEN OF THE WORLD.

Books opened for the sale of the Stock at the office of the Company; also at the office of WALTON, BRYANT & CO., No. 17 Broad street, New York.

Send for Circular.

Banks and Bankers.**Drake Kleinwort & Cohen****LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.**

The subscriber, their representative and Attorne, in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,
59 Exchange Place, New York.**C. POWELL, GREEN & CO.****Bankers & Commission****MERCHANTS,****38 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.**

Stocks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

COLUMBUS POWELL, I. F. GREEN, CHS. M. McGHEE

B. C. MORRIS & SON,**STOCK COMMISSION HOUSE,**

NO. 17 WILLIAM STREET.

Government Securities, Railways, Petroleum, Mining, Insurance Stocks and Scrip Miscellaneous shares of all descriptions, bought and sold at the different Stock Boards.

Collections made in all the States and Canadas.

For the more thorough protection of all—both Broker and "Principal"—our business will be conducted entirely on the basis of Certified Checks; none given or received unless certified.

To more fully enable us to carry out this principle, although starting with a sufficient capital, all parties giving orders for stocks, of whatever description or amount, will be required to cover same with probable amount at time of leaving order. Receipts for such deposits given until stocks are delivered.

No Stocks purchased or sold on Option.

Out-of-town orders solicited, and those complying with above requirements will receive special and prompt attention.

Quotations can be had daily upon application, or will be furnished if desired.

Banks and Bankers.**FOURTH NATIONAL BANK.**

Capital \$5,000,000

NASSAU STREET, N. E. COR. PINE STREET.

All the Government Loans for sale.

Collections made for Dealers on best terms.

Tenth National Bank,
No. 240 BROADWAY.

Designated Depository of the Government.

D. L. ROSS, President

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

Central National Bank,
318 BROADWAY.

Capital \$3,000,000.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and Country accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President.
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.**The Tradesmen's
NATIONAL BANK.**

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL \$1,000,000.
RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSHY, Cashier.**JOHN MUNROE & Co.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS**AND
No. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.**LOCKWOOD & Co.,
BANKERS,**
No. 94 BROADWAY AND NO. 6 WALL ST.
Dealers in Government and other Securities.
Interest allowed upon deposits of gold and currency subject to check at sight. Gold loaned to merchants and bankers upon favorable terms.**CULVER, PENN & Co.,****BANKERS,**
19 & 21 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,
Receive Deposits from Banks, Bankers and others. Orders for the Purchase and Sale of Government Securities receive particular attention. Special attention is given to the transaction of all business connected with the Treasury Department.**Lawrence
Brothers
& Co.,****BANKERS,**
NO. 16 WALL STREET, N. Y.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
AND OTHER STOCKS, BONDS, &c.,
bought and sold on Commission for CASH ONLY.
Deposits received subject to check at sight, as with Banks.DEWITT C. LAWRENCE,
Member New York Stock Exchange.
CYRUS J. LAWRENCE,
JOHN R. CECIL,
late Butler, Cecil, Rawson & Co.
WM. A. HALSTED.**Depew & Potter,****BANKERS,**
NO. 11 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
Allow interest at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT PER ANNUM ON DEPOSITS,
which may be checked for at sight.Special attention given to the purchase and sale of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Miscellaneous stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

Collections made promptly on all points.

HENRY W. POTTER,
CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW,
(Late Secretary of State.)**Bankers and Brokers.**JAY COOKE,
WM. G. MOORHEAD, {
H. D. COOKE, }
{ H. C. FAHNESTOCK,
EDWARD DODGE,
PITT COOKE.**JAY COOKE & Co.,
BANKERS.**

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co., New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE, SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

JAY COOKE & CO.

March 1, 1866.

**VERMILYE & Co.,
BANKERS.**

No. 44 Wall Street, New York.

Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery a
series of
UNITED STATES STOCKS
INCLUDING6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
6 Per Cent 5-30 Bonds of 1862,
6 " " 1864,
6 " " 1865,
5 Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
7-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series,
6 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 &
1865 Bought and Sold.**VERMILYE & CO.****L. P. MORTON & Co.,
BANKERS,****35 WALL STREET,
NEW YORK.**

Are prepared to draw Sterling Bills of Exchange, at sight, or sixty days, on the

Union Bank of London,
sums to suit purchasers; and also to issue Circular Letters of Credit, on this Bank, for Travellers' use.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS AND BONDS bought and sold on Commission.

ORDERS FOR SECURITIES EXECUTED ABROAD
Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to Cheques at sight.

Prompt attention given to the collection of Dividends, Drafts, &c.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,**BANKERS,**CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,
ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.

**CORN, TWEEDIE & Co.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,**No. 30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Gold, Foreign Exchange and Government Securities, Bought and Sold on Commission.ADOLPHUS M. CORN, DAVID TWEEDIE,
Members of the New York Gold Exchange.EDWIN D. FOSTER,
Member of the New York Stock Exchange.**Bankers and Brokers.****W. H. WHITTINGHAM,**

No. 8 Broad Street.

COMMERCIAL PAPER

Bought, Sold and Collected.

STOCKS,

BONDS,

GOLD, AND

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bought and Sold on Commission.

Galwey, Kirkland & Co.,

49 EXCHANGE PLACE,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Railway Shares, Bonds, and Government Securities bought and sold.

W. T. Galwey, J. L. Kirkland, W. B. Dinsmore, Jr.

S. W. DANA,**STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKER,**

No. 30 PINE STREET, ROOM 4.

Exchange on London and Paris bought and sold on Commission—also Gold Stocks, Bonds, and Gold.

REFERENCES AND SECURITIES.

Messrs. Ward & Co., Wm. & John O. Brien, Weston & Gray, McIlvaine Bro's, Washington Murray, Esq. New York.

Eastern Bankers.**Burnett, Drake & Co.,**

BANKERS,

BOSTON.

GOLD, STOCK, AND BOND BROKERS.

Personal attention given to the purchase and sale of Stocks and Bonds at the Boston Brokers' Board.

Page, Richardson & Co.,

114 STATE STREET, BOSTON,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON

AND JOHN MUNROE & CO., PARIS.

ALSO ISSUE COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent.

TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,

STOCK BROKERS,

No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Southern Bankers.

A. G. CATTELL, Pres't. { Capital, \$500,000

A. WHILLIDIN, V. Pres't. }

The Corn Exchange

NATIONAL BANK, PHILADELPHIA.

Attends to business of Banks & Bankers on liberal terms.

J. W. TORBEY, Cashier.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
OF RICHMOND, VA.,**

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the Government.

Collections made in this city and all accessible points in the South.

H. G. FANT, President.

S. A. GLOVER, Cashier.

Western Bankers.**GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,**

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK

NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS,

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points

and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON for sale

[June 30, 1866.]

Insurance.**Marine & Fire Insurance.**

METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO.,
NO. 108 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital..... \$1,000,000
Assets Nov. 1, 1866, over..... 1,500,000

This Company insures at customary rates of premium against all Marine and Inland Navigation Risks on Cargo or Freight; also against loss or damage by Fire.

If Premiums are paid in Gold, Losses will be paid in Gold.

The Assured receive twenty-five per cent of the net profits, without incurring any liability, or, in lieu thereof, at their option, a liberal discount upon the premium.

All losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Scrip Dividend declared Jan. 10, 1855,

FIFTY PER CENT.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President,
ROBERT M. C. GRAHAM, Vice-President,
JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, Jr., 2d V. P.
HENRY H. FORTER, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual**INSURANCE COMPANY.**

OFFICE NO. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1866..... \$1,386,690

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

The Company has paid to its Customers, up to the present time, Losses amounting to over

EIGHTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

For the past nine years the cash dividends paid to Stockholders, made from ONE-THIRD of the net profits, have amounted in the aggregate to]

One Hundred and Twenty-one and a half per cent.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company will hereafter make such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the net profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.

Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

Joseph Walker, Aaron L. Reid,
James Freeland, Ellwood Walter,
Samuel Willets, D. Colden Murray,
Robert L. Taylor, E. Haydock White,
William T. Frost, N. L. McCready,
William Watt, Daniel T. Willets,
Henry Eye, L. Edgerton,
Cornelius Grinnell, Henry R. Kunhardt,
E. E. Morgan, John S. Williams,
Her. A. Schleicher, William Nelson, Jr.,
Joseph Slagg, Charles Dimon,
Jas. D. Fish, A. William Heye,
Geo. W. Hennings, Harold Dollner,
Francis Hathaway, Paul N. Spofford.
ELLWOOD WALTER, President,
CHAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-Prest.
C. J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Pacific Mutual Insurance**COMPANY,**

(TRINITY BUILDING,)

111 BROADWAY.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1866..... \$1,164,380

DIVIDEND TWENTY PER CENT.

This company insures against MARINE and INLAND NAVIGATION Risks, on cargo and freight.

No time risks or risks upon hulls of vessels are taken.

The profits of the Company ascertained from January 10, 1865, to January 1, 1866, for which certificates were issued amount to..... \$1,707,810
Additional profits from January 1, 1865, to January 1, 1866..... 189,094

Total profit for eleven years..... \$1,996,334
The certificates previous to 1863 have been redeemed in cash..... \$1,107,94

NEW YORK, Feb. 20, 1866.
ALFRED EDWARD, President.
WM. LECONEX, Vice-President.
THOMAS HALE, Secretary.

Insurance.**Sun Mutual Insurance****COMPANY.**

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS.)

40 WALL STREET.

ASSETS, Dec. 31, 1865 - - \$2,716,424 32

DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT.

This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland Navigation Risks.

Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a return premium in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, Pres't.

EDWARD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pres't

ISAAC H. WALKER, Sec'y.

HOPE**FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,**

OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital..... \$200,000 00
Assets, March 9, 1866 - - 252,55 22
Total Liabilities..... 26,350 00
Losses Paid in 1865 - - 201,588 14

This Company Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on as favorable terms as any other responsible Company.

ONLY FIRST CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.

Board of Directors:

HENRY M. TABER, THOS. P. CUMMINGS,
JOSEPH FOULKE, ROBERT SCHELL,
STEP. CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TEICHY,
THEODORE W. RILEY, FRED. SCHUCHARDT,
JACOB REESE, JOSEPH GRAFTON,
JNO. W. MERSEERAU, L. B. WARD,
D. LYDING SUYDAM, JOSEPH BRITTON,
WILLIAM REMSEN, AMOS ROBBINS,
HENRY S. LEVERICH.

JACOB REESE, President.

CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance COMPANY.

NO. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL..... \$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1866..... 270,353

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash Dividends paid in 15 years, 258 per cent.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.

P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,
Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital..... \$3,000,000
LUCIUS J. HENDEE, President.

J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

JOSEPH CHURCH, DRAFTON HILLIER,
ROBERT BUBLE, THOS. A. ALEXANDER,
EBENEZER FLOWER, WALTER KENNY,
ELIJAH A. BULKELEY, CHAS. H. BRAINARD,
ROLAND MATHER, WILLIAM F. TUTTLE,
SAMUEL S. WARD, GEORGE ROBERTS,
AUSTIN DUNHAM, THOMAS K. BEACE,
GUSTAVU. F. DAVIS, ERASTUS COLLINS,
EDWIN D. MOGAN, of New York.

ASSETS, Jan. 1, 1866..... \$4,067,455 80

Liabilities..... 944,391 48

NEW YORK AGENCY,

No. 62 Wall Street.

JAMES A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

Hanover Fire Insurance COMPANY,

NO. 45 WALL STREET.

JANUARY 1st 1866.

Cash capital..... \$400,000 00
Surplus..... 156,303 98

Gross Assets..... \$556,303 98

Total Liabilities..... 24,550 00

DORAS L. STONE, President.

BENJ. S. WALCOTT, Secretary.

Insurance.**GERMANIA FIRE INS. CO.,**

NO. 175 BROADWAY, N.

CASH CAPITAL..... \$500,000 0.

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1866..... 205,989 83

TOTAL ASSETS..... \$705,989 83

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insurance COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1865, OVER \$13,500,000 00

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries, ISAAC ABBATT.

Actuary, THEO. W. MORRIS.

Actuary, SHEPPARD HOWARD.

Miscellaneous.**J. A. BOSTWICK,**
COMMISSION MERCHANT

IN

COTTON, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS,
40 AND 42 BROADWAY AND 58 NEW ST., N. Y.,
REFERENCE,
TILFORD & BODLEY, BANKERS, N. Y.

DOUBLEDAY & DWIGHT,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Umbrellas & Parasols,

49 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

Pecora White Lead, Zinc and Color Company.

150 North 4th Street,

Philadelphia.

SMITH BOWEN, Sec'y.

PECORA COLORS, CAUTION,

R. BROWN, INDIAN
RED, YELLOW
All persons are forbidden to trade in PECORA PAINT unless the name of the agent is on the package.
UMBER AND BLACK.
S. BOWEN, Agent,
150 N. 4th St., Phil.

This Company's WHITE LEAD is the whitest and most durable Lead known. The Colors are the BENT PAINT known for HOUSES, BRIDGES, RAILROAD CARS, IRON FRONTS, TIN ROOFS, and DAMP WALLS. Pecora Dark costs $\frac{1}{3}$ that of Lead and wears longer than Lead.

This Company's ZINC is equal to "FRENCH," at a COST OF 25 PER CENT. LESS. The ENAMEL CHINA GLOSS made by this Company produces a surface similar to French China, requiring only a damp cloth to remove soil, and will wear for years.

Best No. 1 Furniture & Carriage Varnishes.

Varnish Drying Japan.

Metallic Paints.

White Lead.

Tube and Artists Paints.

Proprietors of the

American Filler.

PECORA WHITE LEAD, ZINC, AND COLOR COMPANY.

SMITH BOWEN, Secretary,

150 North 4th St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

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